# THE RECORD AND GUIDE, 

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In an Antwerp letter published in these columns last week a prediction was made that the war would probably break out in Europe next spring. Our correspondent seemed to be of the opinion that Germany would probably be the aggressor and Russia the victim in the war ; but, according to the news that has reached us during the past week, it is the Czar who seems to be the aggressor. The revolt of West Roumelia against the Porte was clearly instigated by agents of the Russian government. It is hardly likely, however, that actual hostilities will break out this fall. European wars that amount to anything are begun early in the year. Campaigning would be very difficult in the Balkan Mountains during mid-winter. There is a world of explossve material in Europe to-day, and a war is certain to take place in the not distant future.

If the business outlook continues to be as good in October and November as it has been in September, it will greatly advantage the administration in the fall elections. Prosperous times always help existing governments. This ought to surprise President Cleveland himself, for he placed himself on record, before he took his seat as chief magistrate, when he predicted there would be a financial convulsion if the silver coinage acts were not repealed. He failed to make any impression upon the majority of his own party in Congress, the coinage act was not repealed and the business outlook was never so promising.

It is singular how political theories will warp the judgment of otherwise sound business men even when they fly in the face of all past experience. A free-trader will say that the way to bring about good times is to reduce import duties. A protectionist is certain that the only way to revive business is to make the tariff still more stringent. Yet trade has been good and bad the world over, without reference to the different local revenue systems. The recent depression is true of business in protective France as of free trade England. There is a current impression in certain business circles in New York that if the coinage of the silver dollar would stop there would be an immediate revival of commercial activity. Yet the most prosperous period within the memory of the present generation was that succeeding the enactment of the Silver Coinage Bill in 1878. The resent revival in business has come in spite of the silver dollar, aad the longest heads in Wall street say that one of the greatest factors in a buil market, should we have one, would be an abundance of currency, which, as the merest tyro knows, has been the result of the issue of silver certificates.

Retail trade in New York, it is claimed, is not as profitable just now as it has been in former years. As we have repeatedly pointed out in these columns, the price of real estate has been kept up in this city by the large profits of the dealers and their disposition to purchase the property in which they had made so much money. The shrinkage in the wholesale prices for a long time benefited no one but the retailers, who continued to charge the retailers the prices that were eurrent when trade was prosperous. But when a general liquidation is under way it finally affects all classes of traders, and the retailers are now beginning to feel the pinch. Our consumers have been paying too much for their groceries, loaves of bread and all kinds of meat, but the unnatural profits of the dealers have brought into existence rivals who threaten, temporarily at least, to bring down prices below the profitable point. But this cannot continue long. New York is a rapidly growing city, and, in the long run, its storekeepers are certain to make a good living.

What has hurt many of the minor dealers in this city is the concentration of business in large establishments. Places like Macy's and Ridley's are very often mere clearing-houses for large manufacturers. Great producing concerns in want of ready money, or with a surplus stock on hand, often send goods to these great stores and sell them to the public for less than they do to their own regular customers. This, indeed, is the secret of the
success of such mammoth establishments as the Bon Marche and the Louvre of Paris and similar establishments in London and Berlin. This method of doing business is to the advantage of the retail buyer, but is often disastrous to the retail dealer.

The nomination of Governor Hill to succeed himself by the Saratoga Convention does not seem to have been a wise move on the part of the Democrats. It has given an excuse for the "Mugwump" journals, such as the Times and Evening Post, to return to their old party affiliations. The Democrats could not have elected Mr. Cleveland without the aid of the Independent Republicans who were a desirable element to keep permanently attached to the Democratic party, but the leaders of the latter organization, in their hot hunt for office and bitter antagonism to civil service reform, have thrown the Mugwumps overboard, at least in this State. If the election were held right away there would be little doubt of the return of the ticket headed by Ira Davenport. But elections in this country in off years are always uncertain. A comparatively small vote will be cast this fall, and then the prohibition issue may draw a great many votes away from the Republicans. The party platforms are discreditable to those who drew them and the conventions which endorsed them. They are full of demagoguism. It is an open secret that Mr. Cleveland, though he did not directly interfere, did not desire the nomination of Governor Hill. His pronounced civil service letter, addressed to Dorman B. Eaton, was furnished in advance to the local Saratoga papers. It did not appear that morning either in the Troy or Albany papers, but the Convention did not take the hint. The attitude of the President on civil service reform notwithstanding does him credit.

The New York Times is delighted. The nomination of Hill by the Democrats gives it a chance to return to the Republican party, which, had it consulted its own interest as a Republican paper, it would never have left. A newspaper cannot afford to go back on its own history or its clientele. It always makes a mistake when it neglects to cater to the good sense of its patrons. Editors and proprietors who use the journals in their charge to air their personal whims or private dislikes always come to grief.
The police in all the great cities of the world have taken great delight in cracking the skulls of the socialists and communists whenever the latter hold public meetings. In every case it is the police who break the peace. So universal is the detestation felt for these agitators that the ruling classes and the business public have never taken exception to these violations of the law by the police. The latter have been as belligerent and as unreasoning in New York as in London, Paris, Vienna or Berlin. But the recent attack in London upon a peaceable gathering of socialists, headed by a poet and artist so well known as Robert Morris and men like him, has met with a very different reception from the press and the public. Our own as well as the London newspapers are tolerably unanimous in saying that it is time enough for the police to commence clubbing the socialists when the latter break the peace, but not before. Governments have not dealt wisely with these malcontents. In persecuting them unjustly they have often given them a hold on popular sympathy that is often undeserved. Herr Most was constantly imprisoned in Germany and England, but he has been allowed to air his folly in this country unmolested, and no harm has come of it. It is the police and the reporters who have made Justus Schwab so conspicuous a personage. As a matter of fact, the man can neither write nor speak, and is merely a very harmless beer-seller. The way to meet socialistic folly is not to club or imprison the agitators without provocation, but to deal wisely with social problems, and in every way remove all the real grievances of the working classes.

There was a grain of real interest at the bottom of the ridiculous hubbub raised by the press over the races of the Genesta and the Puritan. The question of what is the best model for a sailing vessel is an important question, in spite of the supremacy of steam. Natural forces that can be applied directly will always be employed, as water power for mechanical operations and wind power for transportation. The newspapers, with all their columns of rubbish about the races, have paid no intelligent attention to this matter. So far as the question of speed goes, the races showed that there was very little to choose between a vessel which owed her sail-carrying power to the natural stability given by her form, and one the stability of which was almost wholly artificial and supplied by ballast. But as regards safety and comfort the sail of the Genesta to Newport and back showed that the deep, narrow and loaded cutter is a very bad type of sea boat. She does not ride the waves but plunges into them, taking whole seas aboard. It was a matter of luck that the Genesta did not drown half-a-dozen of her crew. For this reason sensible American yachtsmen will be more likely to follow the model of the Puritan than that of the Genesta.

## New York and Kings County Contrasted.

The figures we give below show how great was the qctivity in real estate in the neighboring city of Brooklyn. It will be noticed that for four months the total number of Conveyances is larger than in this city by over a hundred. But the character of the trading is shown by the fact that whereas the money invested in Brooklyn was but little over fifteen millions, in New York it was nearly sixty-one millions. Then the Brooklyn business was more speculative, as is shown by the ratio of the mortgage indebtedness to the total of the purchase money. Twelve millions against fifteen millions in one case, and some thirty-four against sixty-one millions in the other case. The following is the table:

| No. | Amt. | Nom. | No. | Amt. | No. | Amt. | om. | No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,179 | \$4,742, 448 | 263 | 904 | \$3,419,508 | 1,118 | \$18,581,271 | 231 | 959 | \$9,994,744 |
| 9\% | 3,582,261 | 228 | 712 | 3,198,561 | 1,014 | 20,550,963 | 212 | 904 | 10,863,383 |
| 1,027 | 4.035,505 | $17 \%$ | 879 | $3,225,8 \sim 1$ | 917 | 13,387,944 | 182 | 882 | 8,358,366 |
| 6.7 | 2,720,491 | 146 | 491 | 2,186,037 | 600 | 8,464,205 | 138 | 595 | 5,774,339 |

So far trade in real estate has been very dull, especially in this city. This is shown wy the falling off in the official transfers compared with last year and the year before. This fact has interfered with the success of the brokers' daily meetings on the floor of the Real Estate Exchange. There is so little doing at present that private sales are almost at a standstill. However, we will shortly have a revival, and we expect, as a matter of course, to see Brooklyn go ahead of New York in the number of transactions, while the amount of money involved will of course be far less. Brooklyn would seem to be an inviting field for the operator in real estate as well as the builder. The bridge and the elevated road have been splendid improvements for owners of realty in Kings County.

## Reform of the Land Laws.

Editor Record and Guide:
Is anyone at work preparing bills for the reform of our land laws to be presented to the Legislature early in the session of 1886 ? It seems to me that no time should be lost. The report of the Land Transfer Reform Commission of last year furnishes valuable information as to the reforms to be effected, and in some instances the draft of the laws required are given. Should not the real estate men of New York have this matter attended to at once ?

Landowner.
The directors of the Real Estate Exchange have already taken action on this matter. It has been referred to the Executive Committee of the Legislative Committee, of which Mr. J. M. Varnum is chairman, with the request that the proper laws be drafted in time for early presentation to the Legislature. The committee consists, besides the chairman, of Constant M. Andrews, Geo. H. Scott, Albert Bellamy and C. W. Sweet. These gentlemen are all in earnest in desiring swift legislative action on this important matter. We have not heard that this committee has as yet been called together, but doubtless when they are the chairman will have everything in readiness. We can promise "Landowner" that there will be no delvy in preparing the proper measures as there was last year until the end of the legislative session. The real estate owners and dealers must decide what enactments they wish to have passed first, and then bend all their energies to getting the needful legislation at Albany early in the session. It is to be hoped that the candidates for Governor will be interrogated as to their views on land transfer reform. It ought to make a difference at this end of the State of many thousands of votes against a party that will put up an upholder of the present system.

## The Real Estate Exchange.

The meetings of the brokers on the floor of the Exchange continue daily, and from all reports considerable business is being done. Trade is dull just now, but when it revives next month there is reason to hope that these daily meetings of brokers will become much larger and that the business will grow steadily. There is a prospect also of the Exchange being useful in other directions. Several real estate lawyers attend these meetings negotiating loans of money. Applications have been received from Western cities to see if mortgages cannot be placed on Western city property offering 6 and 7 per cent. interest. Indeed, this Exchange ought to be the headquarters for loaning money on real estate in all parts of the Union. There was never a better chance for opening new lines of lucrative business than this institution now affords. A project is before the Board of Directors of the Exchange to permit brokers from distant cities becoming annual subscribers at a small cost. It is proposed also to allow city annual subscribers to pay their dues in quarterly installments. Doubtless in time also there will be a regular call of insurance, apartment house and land improvement stocks. The Real Estate Exchange is fast justifying all the expec tations of its founders.

The proposed utilization of the Millbank and Pentonville prison property in London for residence and industrial purposes has brought to light the fact that the ground of the former is worth
$£ 30,000$ an acre and of the latter $£ 20,000$. If there are seventeen New York lots to an acre this would make $\$ 8,823$ and $\$ 5,882$ per lot. These, of course, are not by any means the highest prices for ground in London, which in the older portions of the city are dearer than anywhere else in the world. The part of Paris where the price of ground is the highest appears to be the district lying between the Opéra and the Rue Montmartre, or, to designate the area in question more clearly, the space which would be comprised in a triangle whose three points would be the Opéra, the carrefour Montmartre, and the new Hotel des Postes. In this favored region the square mètre of ground will sell at from 2,500 to 3,500 francs. Ground in the Avenue de l'Opéra, which was expected to be very dear and has turned out less successful than supposed, is worth, on an average, 2,000 francs the square mètre. One thousand five hundred francs is the price on the Boulevard Malesherbes. Or to translate the highest figure, 3,500 francs, into American currency and measurement would be $\$ 47,083$ per New York City lot. Property on the corner of Wall and Broad streets has brought as high as $\$ 387$ per square foot, whereas $\$ 3,500$ per square metre is only $\$ 226$ per square foot English measurement, so that America supersedes France in the highest valuations of its property.

## The Land Programme in Great Britain.

It is now authoritatively stated that Mr. Gladstone will not consent to make the question of the disestablishment of the church an issue in the forthcoming parliamentary contest, but he will favor land legislation in England similar to that which is proving so sat isfactory in Ireland. To Mr. Joseph Chamberlain belongs the credit of bringing this question to the fore. At first his utterances were savagely denounced as communistic, but it is clear that his views in a somewhat modified form will be those of the Liberal party and that they will be embodied in legislation should the Conservatives be defeated in the coming contest.

As a matter of interest to real estate owners in this country we give the following extracts from a recent speech by Mr. Chamberlain, showing his views on this important matter. He says :
The evils of the present land syotem are apparent to everybody. They are greater than those accompanying the land system of any other country in the world. Our laws and practice seem to have been over a long course of years designed in order to build upon and maintain vast estates until at the present moment something less than 1,000 people hold one-third of the land of the United Kingdom. (Shame.)
To correct this state of things he would have the State authorize the municipalities to purchase land and resell it to persons who would themselves till the soil. On this head he observes :
I would leave the supervision of this duty to the local authority, and in order to meet every case that might arise I would give to the local authority power to acquire land on their own behalf and to let it out in allotments for laborers and small farmers. (Hear, hear.) I believe that this would meet the case to which I have called your attention. Where a landlord will not do his duty by the land, local authority would have the power to step in, In the case of the Highlands, local authority would be able to acquire pasture land, which is absolutely necessary for the livelihood of the crofters. All these things could be done. Only one condition is absolutely necessary, and that is that when the local authority acquires land for this or any other public purpose, it should not be called upon to pay an extravagant or unnatural price; it should be able to obtain it at the fair market value, a value which a willing purchaser would pay to a willing seller in the open market without any condition for compulsory sale. I believe that if thise additional powers were conferred upon local authorities, and these additional obligations were enforced upon landlords, that at all events so far as the laborers are concerned the land difficulty will have disappeared. (Hear, hear.) I would go a step further and revise the taxation of land. I would equalize the death duties, as the late government proposed to do. (Hear, hear.) To that extent. at all events, I would invade the sanctity of landed property, and I would tax all unoccupied and sporting land at its full value. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Chamterlain has been widely denounced for his advocacy of a graduated income tax. On this point he says:
In my opinion there is only one way in which this injustice can properly be remedied, and that is by some scheme of graduated taxation (hear hear), a taxation which increases in proportion to the amount of property taxed. (Hear, hear.) It need not necessarily be a graduated income tax. It might be urore convenient to levy it in the shape of a graduated death tax or graduated house tax. I care nothing at all about the method. What I want to bring before you for your earnest and serious consideration is the principle of such taxation. (Hear, hear.) I have been told by Mr. Goschen and other persons that in making such a proposition as this I am flying in the face of the greatest of modern fianciers, the late Prime Minister. It is very singular that Mr. Goschen is so ready to quote Mr. Gladstone against me, and not pay much attention to me in other matters. But I think that Mr. Goschen is entirely wrong. I am not aware-and I have some authority for what I am saying (hear, hear)-that Mr. Gladstone has ever expressed an opinion against the idea of graduated taxation. He has opposed, and opposed very strongly, what is called differential taxation, which means taxation varied according to the character of the income. But I believe he has never opposed graduated taxation-that is, taxation varied according to the amount of the property taxed. (Hear, hear.) That is a principle which has the authority of Mr. Pitt, who proposed it in the last century in the House of Commons. It has been adopted in the United States of Amer
ica at the time of the Civil War; it was adopted in France at the time of the First Republic; it was proposed by Prince Bismarck the other day to the German Reichstag, and it is at the present moment in operation in some of the Swiss cantons, and I believe in a different form in some of our Australian colonies, where land is taxed in proportion to the number of acres held. (Cheers.) All that I can say is that in my opinion it is the only principle of taxation which is fair and just to all classes of the community. (Cheers.) Now I go on to what is the last, but also the most important of the reforms to which I want to call your attention, and that is the reform of the land laws. (Hear, hear.)

We do not care at present to discuss these matters, but as the contest in England has opened it will be well for American readers to keep informed as to the views of the leading statesmen of that country on these very important matters.

## Our Prophetic Department.

Voter-The political situation should afford you a topic this week, Sir Oracle. What have you to say respecting our national and State politics?
Sir Oracle-What strikes an independent observer is the absence of any vital issues dividing the two historic parties of the country. I fancy as our country gets larger and more populous that party platforms will become vaguer and greater independence of action will be permitted in the different sections of the country. Senator Sherman was evidently nonplussed in trying to formulate a programme for his party in Ohio. Hence he fell back on the old "bloody shirt" business.
Voter-Do you think that old civil war issue is virtually dead?
Sir O.-I do; yet as presented by Senator Sherman it may be effective in some sections of the country. His contention is that the Southern negroes are disfranchised by direct and indirect means, and that therefore the white voter in the South has an advantage over the white voter in the North. In the House of Representatives and the Electoral College the basis of representation is the populations as given in the census. Now if the white voters South practically cast all the black votes as well as their own, it gives them an unjust advantage in the way of political power. But there is a question of fact involved which should not be difficult to settle. Is it true that the negroes of the South are disfranchised? I am not in a position to say whether this is so or not, and I judge that ninetynine out of every hundred of my fellow citizens are no wiser than I am.

Voter-But surely there are three topics which will excite a good deal of discussion in the coming Congress, civil service reform, the tariff and the silver question. May not one or all of these make or mar President Cleveland's administration.

Sir O.-These are not, nor can they be, from the nature of the case, party questions. Civil service reform is a fixed fact. It makes no difference what attitude parties or candidates take for or against it, the reform of the civil service keeps right on. It is a part of a world-wide movement. The assimilating of the civil to the military service has been going on in Europe for over a hundred years. There it is practically settled. The last to adopt it was Great Britain. We have simply lagged behind other civilized nations in making ability and merit the test for holding political offices. Civil service reform has triumphed, or is triumphing in this country, in spite of the most powerful obstacles put in its way. It has been vigorously combated by every party and by every practical politician in all the parties, yet the common sense of the people has abolished the spoils system, forever I trust.

Voter-You think, then, that the attitude of the Democratic politicians is unwise in condemning civil service reform?

SIR O.-The position taken by the working Democrats is very natural. After twenty-four years of exclusion from power they elect a President and expect to get their share of the offices of the country. With more than half the voters in their ranks they think they ought to have at least half the offices, and there is equity in their claim. They therefore chafe at the restrictions imposed in the civil service laws. But, as I have said, the battle has been fought and won, and hereafter there is no danger of the spoils system being restored. For my own part I think that President Cleveland deserves infinite credit for his resistance to the pressure brought to bear upon him by his own partisans in this matter. The Democratic organs and conventions which antagonize civil service reform are helping the Republicans.

Voter-How about the tariff question?
SIR O.-This matter will come up in the coming Congress, but I judge very little will be done with it. For one, I am a believer in largely increasing the number of articles that should be placed on the free list. Duties on raw material should be entirely abolished and then the trade of the country would be advantaged by seducing many of the duties now imposed. But, as business seems to be reviving, I doubt if anything will be done with the tariff, in view of the division of opinion among the Democrats themselves.
Voter-Then there is the silver problem?
Sir O.-There again the trouble is that party lines are confused in dealing with the coinage act. The South and West are for silver,
and the Middle and Eastern States for gold. In other words, the debtor sections of the country want cheap money and the creditor sections dear money. The latter have the great banking interest on their side and will make a strong fight to repeal or modify the coinage act. But I doubt if they bwill succeed, for say what the Eastern newspapers may, the fact is patent to the country that this generation was never so prosperous as it was after the passage of the silver coinage act in 1878. The depression which followed the death of President Garfield and the failure of the corn crop of 1881 would have been much more severe if the supplies of money had been cut off; that is, had we had a currency panic and high rates of interest the nation would have been steeped in misery to the very lips, but the continued issuance of silver certificates kept money easy from 1881 to the present time, and one of the best auguries for the recovery of values is the abundance of currency available for all who wish to buy stocks or engage in new enterprises. On the whole I doubt if the next Congress will make much of a mark in history. With a Democratic House and a Republican Senate there will probably be little affirmative legislation. I am in hopes, however, that the administration will do something towards giving us a navy and coast defences. But if we have a merchant marine it will be in spite and not with the aid of the party in power.
Voter-What is the prospect in this State?
Sir O.-The Republicans have put forward an admirable ticket. The candidates are all excellent, and independent voters and mugwumps will be very much puzzled what to do. They will want to sustain the administration of President Cleveland, but in the equivocal position of the Democratic party on civil service reform and the superior merit of the Republican State ticket will embarrass them. Still, they will probably remember that the Republicans have a very bad record in this State, and that it is because "the devil was sick" he would be a monk. The outlook next November is very puzzling.
Voter-What have you to say respecting the Prohibitionists?
Sir O.-They will poll a much larger vote in this State and Ohio than is generally suspected. Moral issues have always been a disturbing influence in American politics. As party cries are losing their attraction to the voting public, temperance issues are likely to take their place, as anti-slavery and anti-masonry have done in the past. The average voter in this city is unaware of the remarkable progress made in the way of prohibitory legislation. In four States prohibition is part of the constitution of the State-that is, in Maine, Iowa, Kansas and Vermont. New Ilampshire prohibits the sale of liquor by legislation. Then there are local option laws in a number of Western and Southern States under which the sale of liquor is absolutely prohibited in large sections of the country. Every year sees some addition to the legislation against the sale of liquor. In many localities it takes the form of high license laws. Then it is a remarkable fact that there are no steps backward in this anti-liquor crusade. In seven States of the Union there are laws in force ordering the teaching in the public schools of the evil effects of alcoholic stimulants. In other words, the future voters of these States are in training to become prohibitionists in time. Politicians of both parties don't like this issue, as it upsets all their calculations. It is remarkable how little is known of this very important movement in the large cities of the East.
Voter--The business outlook continues favorable?
Sir O.-Very favorable. There is an undoubted revival of industry, but I see no prospect of any very great boom. I expect, however, to witness a steady improvement in the price of securities, though ihere will of course be setbacks because of certain vexed matters between the trunk lines which have not yet been adjusted.

The St. Louis Republican is pleading with the authorities of that city to make it more attractive. It points out the fact that New York, because of its parks, drives, theatres and splendid stores, attracts thousands daily within its gates who would not visit for merely business reasons. St. Louis is the chief city of the Mississippi valley, and the grain and cotton of that region will steadily increase the population and wealth of that centre; but cities do not live and thrive on money alone, as is shown by the growth of European capitals. There great cathedrals, art galleries, museums and monuments of the past prove more potent in bringing visitors from afar than all the allurements of trade. This is a lesson that should not be forgotten by our municipal rulers. Picturesqueness pays, and money spent on the adornment of our city is not wasted.

It is to be hoped Mayor Grace may succeed in getting some attention paid to the ordinances forbidding the encumbering of the side walks. It is so long since they have been enforced that storekeepers have forgotten all about them, and look upon the sidewalks as extensions of their warehouses. The result is that people going to or coming from the ferries near Washington market have to pick their way as best they can, the passage provided for them being occupied for private use. It is curious that in all these minor points
a popular government should take so much less care for popular comfort and convenience than monarchial governments that are not responsible to the people. Of course the explanation is, that what is everybody's business is nobody's business.

## Guide to Buyers and Sellers of Real Estate. <br> by george w. van siclen

## COPYRIGHTED. <br> XII.

Possession of Premises is Notice.-If the contract is recorded, and the buyer goes into possession of the premises, then any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee would be deemed to have notice of the contract. And bear in mind that possession of property is always notice of a claim of ownership; so that before you pay your money for a deed (or hand it over for a bond and mortgage), carefully inquire of all persons, tenants or others, in possession of the property, who owns it, and how they hold possession.

Possession of Wild Land.-Of course it is difficult to say what is actual possession of wild lands; in one case a man was sued for having cut bark on wild land and he showed a receipt for money for which the owner had contracted to give a deed for the land, and the court held that this receipt was a contract for the sale of the land and that by cutting bark or timber from it the person who paid the money, having taken such possession of it as was possible, had become the equitable owner and could not be made to pay the value of the bark cut, although he had not paid the balance of the price, and the former owner had continued to pay the taxes on it.
Possession.-The contract is not of itself permission to the buyer to go into possession, unless it expressly says so, and the buyer who enters and is turned out by force by the owner could not successfully sue the latter for trespass; if, however, the land be vacant and the purchaser has paid the entire price and has done all that he agreed to, and all that remains for the seller to do is to give the deed, there is an implied agreement or license that the buyer may at once take possession and have the use of the land.
If the buyer, however, before he examines the title takes possession under the contract and makes improvements and it afterwards turns out that the seller is unable to convey, the former cannot recover the cost of the improvements if the latter contracted in good faith and has not refused to perform.
Taxes.-Different views are often entertained by buyer and seller as to which shall pay taxes; for example, a contract might be signed early in September, the deed to be given in October, and in the meantime the tax levy be confirmed, say on September 23d ; then the buyer insists that the seller shall pay them, and vice versa; in this case the seller must pay. On the other hand, the contract might have been made August 23d, to be closed thirty days from date (September 22d). Here the buyer would receive all the purchase money, and the very next day the buyer's property would be liable for a whole year's taxes. These facts are usually, but not always borne in mind when the contract is made. To produce any different results any desired different arrangement must be distinctly specified in the contract.
Party Walls.-Of course it is of importance to know if a house has a party wall on either side. While each adjoining owner has an easement in the land of the other upon which the wall stands, such a wall is not an "encumbrance" under the covenant in a contract or deed against encumbrances ; but a sound party wall cannot be taken down except by mutual consent. Repairs to it must be paid for by each owner ratably, but one party has not the right to make the other pay towards rebuilding it should it be totally destroyed as by fire. The right to such a wall continues so long as it is sufficient for the purpose and the adjoining buildings remain in condition to need it. Division fences must be maintained, in New York at least, by the adjoining owners under State statutes and city and village ordinances.
Title.-When you agree to sell land you impliedly agree to give a good and unencumbered title. Every purchaser has a general right to require such a title without its being written in the agreement; and certainly where the seller contracts "to give a deed free of all encumbrances," or "a good warrantee deed," or "a good and sufficient deed," unless the contract shows on its face that he has merely agreed to sell the title which he has, whether defective or not ; but this is only true of a contract, and as soon as that is consummated by the delivery of the deed the buyer must look out for himself and see that the deed contains express covenants. If the contract is merely to convey the land, that means a conveyance in fee. You cannot be compelled to pay your money and take a doubtful title or an encumbered property. It would be a doubtful title if it were to expose you to a lawsuit, but you cannot reject it simply on a possibility of its proving to be imperfect. Where a husband has agreed to sell, the wife must sign the deed, although she may not have signed the coatract, in order to give a good title.
Doed.- You must take care what kind of a deed you agree in
your contract to give, or agree to take. If it says that the seller is simply to give a deed, that is satisfied by his giving one without warrantee or covenants. If the agreement is simply to give a deed in fee, that will not be satisfied by giving a title subject to encumbrance. If the words "good and sufficient deed" are used" the seller is bound to convey a good title; he must give a warranty against encumbrances, and must convey the legal estate in fee, free from all other claims or liens whatsoever; the seller's wife must join in such a deed. If the contract says the "title to be satisfactory," that implies only that the title shall be good and marketable. The best way to put it is "a full covenant warrantee deed."

Quit Claim Deed.-A quit claim deed does not give a very good title; it simply conveys whatever right or title or interest the grantor may have in the property described, at the time that he signs and delivers the deed; it would, however, take precedence of a prior unrecorded warrantee deed from the same grantor, if the purchaser under the quit claim has no notice of the prior deed and if there is nothing stated in the quit claim which suggests an earlier conveyance; but a quit claim deed will not operate, as a warrantee deed does, to carry subsequently acquired title of the grantor ; if you take such a deed you can hardly be regarded as a bona fide purchaser without notice of outstanding titles and equities ; you obtain just such a title as the seller had, and the land in your hands would remain subject to all the equities attaching to it in the hands of the seller, though they may be unknown to you; even in the absence of fraud by accepting such a deed you take the risk of the title; the seller virtually declares that he will not warrant the title even as against himself; a buyer might much better take a
Deed of Bargain and Sale, wherein, although the seller makes no express covenants, he really grants or conveys the property for a valuable consideration, and thus impliedly claims to be the owner of $i t$.
Executor's Deed.-Of course if the contract is made by executors under the will of a deceased owner they ran only agree to give an executor's deed in the usual form.
A Full Covenant Warrantee Deed contains six covenants: First, the covenant of seisin; second, of right to convey; third, against encumbrances; fourth, for quiet enjoyment; fifth, further assurance; sixth, warranty. And these covenants are all worth having.
Covenant of Seisin; Covenant of Right to Convey.-The first two are practically the same thing, that the seller has possession of the premises and the right to sell them; you know that it is unlawful to convey land when you are not in actual possession or control of it-that is, where some one is holding it in adverse possession; so if the grantor is not then possessed of the legal title and is nət in possession of the premises when he delivers the deed, that covenant is broken as soon as it is made, and the grantee (but no one else) may at once bring an action for damages for the breach of $i t$.
The Covenant Against Encumbrances provides security against the assertion of every right to or interest in the land which may exist in third persons, inconsistent with the passing of the fee by the conveyance; such as a mortgage, taxes, an inchoate right of dower, judgments, conditions and covenants restricting the use of the premises; also existing easements upon the land, such as private rights of way, rights of artificial water courses, or drains, or sewers, or a right to cut trees, or to mine, or to maintain a dam. A seller, when he makes his contract, must therefore be very careful to satisfy each and every encumbrance or lien of such a character that it would be allowed to remain on the property when he gives his deed, for he cannot put it in his deed if it is not written in the contract, and if it should be left out of the deed ary one of these circumstances will constitute a breach of this covenant even though the grantee is aware of its existence when he takes the deed and pays the consideration.

Inchoate Right of Dower.-It may be remarked here that an inchoate right of dower is a right that the wife has while her husband is alive; she really has not got any dower until she is a widow, and that is why the blank space usually found in the printed forms of deeds is written in with the words dower and right of dower.
The Covenant for Quiet Enjoyment is an assurance against the consequences of a defective title and any disturbance thereupon; however, nothing but actual or constructive eviction from the land by the assertion of a paramount title will constitute a breach of this covenant; and indeed it is almost entirely covered by the covenant of warranty.
The Covenant of Further Assurance is that the seller and his heirs will hereafter sign, obtain, and give any further deeds that the buyer or the latter's lawyer may demand, but at the expense of the buyer ; and of course such a covenant is worth having.
 mist b3 an actual or coastr ictive eriction from the whole or from a part of the promise3. $B$ 位 the frunter nэal not resist the claim
of the contestant until he has been evicted by process of law; he may voluntarily yield the possession upon the demand of the owner of the paramount title; but he does this at his peril, and if he should bring a suit upon the covenant the burden of proof would then be on him to show that the title to which he yielded was really paramount ; a judgment against the buyer in an ejectment suit would be a b each of this covenant, or one in favor of a right to an easement, or to a widow's dower, or in favor of a mortgage, when either is enforced.

Time of Performance. - At law you are held very strictly to the time fixed by the contract for the actual delivery of the deed; this is a case where time is said to be of the essence of the contractthat is, a vital provision of it. If the contract should happen to leave that out a reasonable time must be allowed. But the time named may easily become immaterial by the conduct of the parties, especially if they have once acquiesced in extending it. As a general rule, if a party has not been guilty of great neglect, if his delay can be easily explained consistently with good faith, the court of equity will afford relief. Each case, however, will depend upon its own circumstances, and the neglect or default of one party will not be excused where it would seriously injure the other party. If by accident you name in your contract a legal holiday or a Sunday as the day for closing the contract, the law says it shall be closed the next following day.

Tender of Deed.-The seller cannot sue for the price or for damages for the non-performance of the contract, without having tendered the deed, unless the buyer has waived the tender, or has otherwise made it useless to offer it. And in New York it is not necessary for a vendor to make out and tender a deed on the day the purchase is to be completed; he is not bound to prepare it until the vendee is ready to demand it, and even then he is allowed a reasonable time to draw and execute it. If several lots were sold the seller is bound, if required, to give separate deeds.

When Title Passes.-The title to the land passes to the purehaser when he accepts the deed, and, as we said before, the agreement then becomes functus officio, and the rights of the parties are thereafter to be determined by the deed and not by the contract; still, the contract might contain collateral covenants or stipulations, for instance, to do a series of acts at successive periods, for which purposes the contract would still remain alive. If either party with good cause desires to rescind the contract he must act promptly; and the vendee especially should offer to rescind it as soon as he discovers the defect that entitles him to do so.

The Deed, Not the Contract, Gives Title.-A contract for the sale and purchase of land is in its nature executory and does not give the buyer any present title; it is the deed which passes the title, and the acceptance of the deed is an execution of the contract which thereby becomes void and of no further effect. Equity sometimes treats of a contract for the sale of land as if it had been executed, the purchaser being regarded as the owner of the land, and the seller as owner of the price for it and as holding the land in trust for the purchaser.

Prussia is noted throughout the world for the promptness of the decisions in its law courts. This is one of the blessings which has come down from the time of Frederick the Great. That wise monarch codified the laws and provided that every law suit should end in a year. Only three decisions were permitted. Under his sway justice was cheap, expeditious and certain. The lawyers in his time as bitterly opposed the codification of his law commissioner Cocceje as the New York lawyers to-day do that of David Dudley Field.

## Financial Points.

The stock market remains unsettled, and yesterday Lake Shore declined more than any other stock. This was owing to the demand made by that road in connection with the Michigan Central for the abolition of all cifferential rates on purely export business. This demand means uncertainty about the end of the railway war, and if persisted on means a further struggle among the trunk lines. How the Baltimore \& Ohio can yield this point without a direct connection with New York is not evident to an outsider.

Jay Gould is on the war path. He is after the scalps of John W. Mackay, the mining millionaire, and James Gordon Bennett. He proposes to drive those gentlemen out of the cable telegraph business. It is understood that both are very sick of their enterprise. Mr. Bennett has put up all the money he cares to invest in that way, and a very large hole has been made in Mr. Mackay's great fortune. He lost some two million and a half in the rapid telegraph, and the cable will probably cost him five or six million. This represents solid money, for Mr. Mackay's property in mining shares and real estate is not available for loans. The war of cable rates would have been under way now only for the hesitancy of the European directors, but the upshot will be that Messrs. Mackay and Bennett will finally retire from the telegraph business wiser but poorer men.

The depression in the market, which followed the meeting of the railroad p residents on Tuesday, was in large part due to the knowledge of the war
in cable rates that was impending, but the market is naturally a bull one and selling short is a dangerous business, except for a short turn.

A meeting of bondholders of the three mortgaged divisions constituting the Lake Erie \& Western R. R. Co. was held Wednesday at the Mills building. A practical suggestion made was by Mr. Hollins that the property should be held together as a whole. Nothing is easier. Let the junior securities pay the first mortgage bondholders their interest and all foreclosure proceedings will cease, and the tie of consolidation be as strong as ever. Mr. Hollins also, as a director of the company, disowned any connection with the confession of judgment by the directory for a debt due to themselves and through which the property was plunged into the chaos of receivership. Mr. Hollins went further and expressed himself doubtful as to the legality of the proceedings and the honesty of the debt. The committee appointed to report some plan of action will fail in their duty if they do not properly denounce this most audacious proceeding on the part of directors eleeted by stockholders to honestly administer a property and then throw it in the hands of a receiver for their own purposes.

Mr. Isaac N. Rice thinks the next excitement will be in natural gas stock. He says there is shortly to be placed a million dollars worth of stock of a natural gas company which has contracts that will net 25 per cent. on their total stock of five million dollars. They will commence to pay 1 per cent. a month in November, and expect to increase the dividends within a few months time. The promoters would like to keep all the stock themselves, but they have "bitten off more than they can chew," and they want the million to make payments becoming due. There is no question but what this natural gas has made marvelous changes in the industries of Western Pennsylvania. It has cheapened the production of iron by economizing fuel, and its possibilities are still very great, but it seems rather an intangible article to put into a stock company. Some new speculative frenzy is, however, in order. Perhaps it is natural gas that will supply fuel to the flame.
It is proposed to reduce the membership of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Board to two thousand. This is to be done by purchasing the surplus seats or cancelling them on death. There are about three hundred and fifty active members in this board. There are too many brokers in all the exchanges, and a thining out is in order.

There is no need of any new "Bourse" or Stock Exchange. There are too many boards and brokers now. A new project of this kind suggests a seat-selling speculation.

## Impressions of Foreign Travel.

At Home, September 24, 1885.

## Editor Record and Guide:

An American with his eyes open who goes abroad returns with a much more modest estimate of his own country-not of its possibilities, indeed, but of its past performances. We have a great deal to learn from the civilization of the Old World, and he must be a very blind and bigoted person who thinks that everything on this side of the Atlantic is perfection compared with what one sees and experiences in the Old World. We pride ourselves with some reason upon the education of our people, but the fact remains that whereas sixteen per cent. of our population cannot read or write, the number of those who are illiterate in Germany is less than two per cent. Our public school system is creditable to us as a nation, but Germany, France, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland are certainly far beyond us in technical and art education. The continent swarms with mechanics of all kinds who are trained in every form of manual labor, and who are graduates of institutions which practically have no existence in the United States. New York has its Cooper Union, it is true, but in Berlin has just been completed a technical school far more complete, which occupies a whole block of ground and which will turn out literally thous ands of master mechanics and artisans. If we look into our leading American factories, where the bighest industrial and art knowledge is required, we will find the experts are all foreigners, Americans furnishing the unskilled labor.
On the voyage over on the Belgenland, I was told by a professor in John Hopkin's University that the draughtsmen and experts in mechanical and industrial drawing in the government scientific bureaux in Washington were all Germans. We have some scientific schools which graduate engineers, but as yet we have not begun to train the children in our common schools so that they can earn a livlihood by the work of their hands or their skill as artisans and artists. We are a quarter of a century behind the great nations of the world in this needful education.
Then look what Germany does to induce those who can afford it to take degrees in the universities. A student is in great part relieved of military duty, only one year being exacted from him instead of three. Nor is that year wasted, for the drill, discipline and bodily exercise is useful to the young German all his life. Concessions are made to the students on the railway trains, and in the price of clothing and food in the university towns. Indeed, so many are the students' privileges that young men of means continue taking lectures until middle life. Admissions to the civil service are confined exclusively to university graduates. They are accepted only after a competitive examination, that great bugbear to the Democratic politicians of this country. In a word, official prizes are all confined to the educated. As yet we have not reached that plane in this country, and the average Republican or Democratic politician, as well as the party organs, would protest lustily against any such monopoly of offices by the educated young men of the country. Yet our service, civil and consular, will always be inferior to that of Germany until we imitate the Germans in this respect. The traders and merchants of Germany to-day are superseding the English merchants to-day all over the world, because of the superior thoroughness of their education and their more economical methods of doing business, Our American traders have energy and persistence, and
are adventurous enough, but they lack the experience of the Englishman and the thoroughness and intellectual culture of the German. These may not b3 palatable statements to make to American readers, but they may as well understand first as last that there is something else besides tariffs that stand in the way of our foreign commerce. Our educational and political systems do not yet train merchants who can compete with the English and the Germans.
I was struck shortly after my arrival at the discussion which was going on respecting the scarcity of the small notes and the clumsiness of the silver dollar for retail trade. But during the summer I have been in Europe I sıw no small notes except in paper-money-ridden Austria. There is no superabundance of silver coin in Germany or Holland, nor even in France, although in the latter country there are fourteen five-franc pieces (the equivalent of our silver dollar) per capita, whereas there are less than four dollars per capita of silver dollar's in this country. If my memory serves me there are far more five franc pieces in the Bank of France than the total silver dollar circulation of the United States; that is, there are six hundred million of the former coined against somewhat over two hundred millions of silver dollars, yet our population is twenty millions more than that of France. Still there was no surplus of five-franc pieces in the trade of Belgium and France when I was there, for the reason that there was an abundant supply of ten-frane gold pieces. Our mint directors have persistently refused to coin quarter eagles, and have turned nearly all our gold bullion into twenty-dollar pieces, for the convenience of exporters of gold. The tenmark gold pieces of Germany do away with the necessity of handling the silver thalers of that esuntry.
Another thing which strikes an American traveler is the probity in the administration of municipal affairs in Europe. It is sickening to read the American press, because of the prominence given to stories of corruption in office. No doubt there is sinecurism in Europe, and official favors are showered on noble and royal families, but public money is honestly spent because there is responsibility in its disbursement. The military system obtains, and whatever its defects it apparently enforces efficiency and economy in all public works. In our own country the party pap rs are vigorously fighting to maintain the old spoils system, which is unknown abroad.

Of course I shall be charged with being un-American and unpatriotic. But if there were occasion for it I could pick a great many flaws in the institutions of Old Europe and a great many perfections in the institutions of my own country. But writers for the press are too much given to feeding out taffy to their readers. It is wholesome for us occasionally to look at the beams in our own eyes rather than in the motes of our neighbors. I have no duubt that in time we will remedy the defects in our administration, but to do so we must profit by the lessons furnished us by the working of European institutions.
How admirable, for instance, is the management of European cities compared with our own. A few days after I returned I saw four horses dragging a huge boiler through Wall street, which finally turned up into the most crowded part of Broadway. In London, Paris and Berlin these huge trucks are not permitted on the principal streets, except when there is little travel, such as early in the morning or late in the evening. In the crowded parts of London vehicles of all linds can only go in one direction in certain busy streets. This prevents overcrowding, and an ordinance like this in New York would put a stop to the opposing currents of vehicular travel which so often block up West Broadway and Chambers street, Fulton street and Broadway, on West and Chatham streets, and other thoroughfares which might be mentioned. Then look at the cleauliness of every city in Europe compared with New York. But it would take a voluwe instead of a paragraph to describe the superior management of municipalities in Europe as compared with this country.
D. G. C.

## Concerning Men and Things.

The exultation with which the nomination of Mr. Davenport has been received on the part of all the newspapers of Republican tendencies seems rather queer. Until he was nominated nobody supposed that Mr. Davenport was anything beyond a common-place young man, who had inherited money. Certainly nobody ever thought him a great man. People who are puzzled by this sudden admiration for him on the part of the press ought not to find the explanation difficult. It is notorious that the Republican papers which bolted Blaine'snomination have suffered pecuniarily by reason of their defection. If their proprietors foresaw this fact their course is all the more creditable, but nobody cares to suffer after the occasion for which he was willing to suffer is past. It was perfectly evident that these journals would seize the first opportunity to reinstate themselves in their party, and would hail a decent and inoffensive nomination with enthusiasm. The thick-and-tbin Republican organs would, of course, grind out enthusiasm anylow, and the result is an expression of admiration that must considerably surprise Mr. Davenport himself, until he reflects how it came about.

Mr. Davenport is another example of the rich young man in politics. Mr. Gladstone, in his manifesto the other day, talking about the House of Lords, urged the people in any modification they might make in the constitution of that body, to preserve the "hereditary principle." The hereditary principle, in so far as it means merely hereditary wealth, is making its way informally among ourselves. James W. Wadsworth, Congressman Perry Belmont, Theodore Roosevelt and Mr. Davenport are all examples of its success, for it can he truly said that all these men have succeeded in politics more or less. On the other hand, young Mr. Astor has made a very doubtful success, and Hamilton Fish, Jr., a decided failure. The truth is that inherited money, wealth, that is to say, without the habit of moneygetting, is a pretty good guarantee of independence and of superiority to pecuniary temptation in politics. People like to be represented by men of that kind. As soon, however, as a man is suspected, justly or not, of using
his wealth to secure his advancement he becomes unpopular, as Mr. Astor did in his canvass for Congress. Neither must a rich young politician join, ${ }^{\text {e }}$ ven innocently, in the schemes of men who are in politics on the make, nor run with the political machine. This was the political ruin of young Mr. Fish. It looks as if this taking up politics as an employment were going to be commoner than it has been heretofore, as great fortunes become commoner, though it is not likely it will ever become so common here as it is in England. So far as it has gone with us it is without doubt a good thing, for all the rich young men we have named, and others whom we might name, have made their oflicial service creditable to themselves and useful to the public.

George Wilkes, who died on Wednesday in his sixty-eighth year, was the last specimen of an almost extinct type. He was the aggressive and abusive American of forty years ago, the "bhoy "who had taken to journalism, and was in that vocation what Edwin Forrest was on the boards and Isaiah Rynders in politics. His writing had the vigor t'at proceeds from a combination of ignorance with self-confidence, and any question that ho had occasion to discuss in the American Gentleman's Newspaper very soon took on the aspect of a personal controversy, which it was his pride to carry on "without gloves." He stopped at nothing in order to "smash" anybody whom he disliked. About twenty years ago an article appeared in a literary newspaper chiding General Grant for allowing himself to be seen in public on terms of intimacy with Wilkes. At this Wilkes' rage boiled over, and he retorted by twitting his supposed critic with a personal deformity and by inventing the most monstrous calumnies upon his character. Not very long since he published a book called "Shakespeare from an American point of view," or some such title. It was a very ignorant and absurd performance, which showed that he had learned little about Shakespeare from his works, and nothing at all from the works of competent commentators.

Said Eli Perkins to the writer: "I wish The Record and Guide would ventilate a suggestion of mine anent the Grant monument. My idea is that it should be of brass and be a statue of the general himself four hundred feet high. I would have Congress pass a law allowing every man, woman and child in the United States to send through the mails a chunk of brass free, these contributions to form a part of the great statue, which would be the most wonderfully thing of the kind ever erected on this planet. The Collossus of Rhodes would be a tiny toy compared with this four hundred feet high statu ${ }^{\text {. }}$. The City of Cologne spent twanty millions upon its great cathedral, which attracts crowds of tourists yearly. It is some one or two things in a great city which draws the multitude of sightseers. I confess I got this hint from the way in which the great bell of Moscow was cast. It represented the voluntary contributions of the Russian people." "If popular fame does not belie you," said the writer, "you might add greatly to the bulk of this brazen monument." "In what way?" said Mr. Perkins, inquiringly. "By contributing your cheek."

Seriously, it is to be hoped that this memorial of General Grant will be worthy of New York and the nation. It ought to be something stupendous. The great fair which it is proposed to hold in Madison Square Garden will in all probability be the most multitudinous thing of the kind ever held on this planet. It is to last for three months, from December 1st to the last day of February. Everything will be put at the cheapest rates, and the voluntary contributions from the store-keepers will be unprecedented. It will pay the merchants and hotel-keepers of New York to make this a most memorable event, for it will crowd our city at a time when it is usually empty. That million dollars ought to be raised to commemorate the services of the greatest of American generals.

General George S. Wingate has returned from the Yellowstone region quite charmed with his trip. He says it need not take more than three weeks' time, and every expense will be covered by an expenditure of two hundred and fifty dollars. This will allow ten days in the park proper and a day each in Chicago and St. Paul. He says the wonders of the Yellowstone region have not been half told. The photographs give no idea of the weird and striking grandeur of the scenery, for the coloring of the rocks and foliage is inconceivably varied and must be seen to be even dimly appreciated. He thinks of writing a book, to be published with lithographic illustrations, to draw attention to the wonders of this marvelous region.

Judic will appear at Wallack's theatre next Thursday evening, under the management of Maurics Grau. Her reputation, as all who have seen her declare, is not undeserved. French opera bouffe seems to be on the decline. Certainly thers are no new French composers who are as popular as Gilbert and Sullivan on the English stage, or as the author of Nanon in the German. It is not improbable that this is the last season Mr. Grau will present French opera bouffe, but it will be seen at its very best at Wallack's on and after the opening next week. Judic is handsome, is still young, and will wear some of the most ravishing of Parisian toilets. The cane-sucking dudes will all be worshipping at her shrine.
"Billy" Florence is one of the best eccentric character-actors in the country. It is a pity he is not attached to some splendid stock company, one that would correspond in a measure to the fine artists which shed such a lustre on the Theatre Francais in Paris. In that case he might not make as much money as he does as a star, but the American public would have an actor who might fairly claim to be the peer of Coquelin and Got. Mr. Florence has appeared as Captain Cuttle during the last week, and he very faithfully reproduced the humor and unctiousness of William E. Burton, the greatest comic actor that ever appeared on the American stage. Burton has been dead a quarter of a century, but he lives again in Florence's wonderful impersonation. When originally
produced, Dombey and Son was remarkably well performed in all its parts, but the stock which support Mr. Florence are a poor lot.

The public should carefully avoid the Fifth Avenue Theatre. It is conducted so as to be an annoyance to all who enter its walls. The box-office is to all appearances in league with the ticket speculators. No matter how early you apply there is no possibility of getting a seat at the box-office at the regular price. There are often plenty of vacant seats in the parquet after the performance commences, but the speculators outside will not lower their price. Manager Stetson is clearly to blame, for Mr. Daly has shown that the speculator can be foiled and the public protected. Manager Brooks of the Star Theatre is allowing his establishment to become a nuisance in the same way. There is no such trouble at the Standard Theatre as there is at the Fifth Avenue, and the Mikado can be seen as well at one place as at the other.

Mary Anderson will open October 10th as Juliet and, of course, is assured of great houses in advance of her appearance. She is an artist of whom Americans are justly proud. Manager Hill proposes to play Margaret Mather at the Union Square Theatre in opposition. The two Juliets will naturally be the talk of the town. Miss Mather has not yet appeared in this city, butshe has had a phenomenal success in the provinces. At the rate we are developing histrionic talent our dramatic firmament will soon be thickly studded with stars.

## The Beef Problem.

A representative of The Record and Guide was recently thrown in contact with a gentleman largely interested in the cattle business. The information he furnished seems to be so important that we introduce it here, throwing it into interview form for convenience sake.
Writer-The price of meat kept up long after other products had fallen off in value, but in the last two years there seems to have been a large reduction in the wholesale price without, however, any corresponding reduction in the retail price. How is this to be accounted for ?
Cattle Dealer-There is quite a history connected with the cattle trade of this country which is not generally understood. When railroads began to be extended into the West and Southwest they opened up immense sections of grazing lands, with the result of developing a vast speculation in cattle ranges. The land being unoccupied there was no one to forbid the cattlemen using it gratis. The cost of breeding cattle was a mere trifle, as all the herder had to supply was the bull, cows and attendants. Hence it came about that a four-year-old steer*could be produced at from three-firty to four dollars and twenty-five cents a head. Then some steers could be sold at the nearest railway station for eighteen dollars and upwards. These enormous profits were made for several years in succession, with the result of inducing large investments in cattle and ranches. When we went into the business we bought several thousand cattle at sixteen dollars per head, and we saw the price go up to forty-five dollars. Of late years the cost of breeding cattle has greatly increased, and with it the competition in the markets. The available ranges near railroad stations and streams have all been taken up. The land, in many cases, has to be purchased instead of being obtained free, and I judge that there are very many thousands of persons who have invested in cattle ranches during recent years to their own loss.

Writer-But we do not hear of many failures. And then why is it that meat at retail is still held so high ?

Cattle Dealer-1 was coming to that. Just at the time that there was a surplus stock of meat, the practice of killing cattle at Western points and the conveyance of dressed meat East was commenced. We had many difficulties to overcome, as the railroad officials were interested in cattle yards and they made the rates extortionately high. But the railroad wars has brought the companies to terms, and recently we have been establishing depots at the East for the sale of the meat prepared in the West. The price has cheapened in the East and has been maintained in the West because of the economies rendered possible by the saving in railway freight and the better prices we receive for the refuse of the carcasses in the Western country. It is quite true that the butchers of the Eastern cities have been making extravagant profits, but that day is over and hereafter they will have a hard road to travel as they are brought into direct competition with the Chicago venders of dressed meat. It is this transfer of slaughtering to the West which has saved the cattle dealers on the plains from heavy losses. There is no difficulty in now sending dressed beef in refrigerators to any part of the world. This cheapening of beef, and, for that matter, mutton, has hurt the pork trade. Pork commanded from seventeen to eighteen dollars a barrel a year ago, but has recently been sold under eight dollars a barrel. I think the world consumes vastly more beef than it did; it has taken the place of pork in a great measure.

Writer-What is to prevent the utilization of the beeves and sheep of Australia and South America? In those countries the carcasses are often thrown away, the cattle being killed for their skins.
Cattle Dealer-That is what is disturbing the owners of the ranches in the West. They know that there is no obstacle in the way of the transportation of dressed meats from the plains of Australia or the pampas of South America, The world of late vears has seen a glut of wheat, in other words the price has been cheaper than the cost of production. The same fact may be true of meat if the great stores of animal life in the Southern Pacific and South America are made available. It seems to me as if mankind were assured of cheap food for many years ahead. The more longheaded cattle dealers in the West are, I think, getting out of the business. There is time enough yet, for it will take many years before the machinery can be set in motion to procure any large supplies of meat from the Southern hemisphere. In the meantime cheap beef and pork is assured, as far as this country is concerned. Our large and increasing crops of corn and oats, and the vast extent of our grazing grounds, insure us, beyond all peradrenture, abundant supplies of animal food at cheap prices.

## Home Decorative Notes.

-Some of the new pieces of furniture are made of mahogany and cherry wood, with the under portion inlaid with carved figures of lighter wood.
-Laundry pincushions, on which are printed the names of such articles as require to be washed, are among the articles for convenience.
-The prettiest decoration for nurseries and children's sleeping rooms is Walter Crane paper; it has delicate-tinted scenes from childhood in Japanese villages.
-Antique masks in repoussé appear as centres of deep-sunk metallio fruit dishes.
-A popular design in Eastern silks for draperies is the Japanese pine trse or the tea-rose designed by Mrs. Wheeler; among the colors most frequently chosen are orange and various greens, including Nile, sage and olive.
-Among the prettiest of humble flowers for the decoration of rooms is the common buttercup; these golden flowers have the advantage of enduring and looking perfectly fresh for a week or more, and often it may be noticed how the stems leng ihen, thus giving an appearance of buttercups really growing in water.
-Chairs are much wider than of old; some of the massive designs are Anished in mahogany and leather with very pretty gilt patterns.
-Triplicate folding mirrors are shown in brass frames.
-For lamp shades the silk and lace trimmed parasol still retain their pas7 favor; many are seen with the foundation of velvet, and decorated with paintings of flowers or whatever fancy dictates.
-A truphy of antique arms is a noble decoration for a hall.
-Ladies interested in needlework are giving much attention now to bedspreads, white coverings are no longer sufficient for people with luxurious tastes; some of the recently finished appointments for bed-rooms have a regal significance, in the first place the bed stands on a dais and commands the room, and in addition to its own richness of carving and inlay of precious woods, it is hung and covered with the richest of stuffs; a very elegant covering for one of these regal beds is of canary colored Tussah silk, embroidered with straggling branches of the wild rose, wrought with ensbroidery silk and fine crewels; the combination of the silk and orewel is a very happy one; the lining of the spread is turquoise blue silk, and the edge finished with a heavy blue silk cord.
-It is said that the dado is no longer to be used, still many fine houses will have the dining-room still finished with dado in hard wood.
-An adjustable piano light removes all trouble and annoyance from the mind of the performer and admirer of an upright piano, it has long been a difficult task to adjust an ordinary lamp or even gas fixture so that the light would fall upon the music; and this fixture is so constructed as to give a brilliant and perfect light upon the notes used; the light is raised, lowered, turned aside or back of the instrument to suit the convenience of the performer, and can be adopted for the use of gas or oil.
-Wall paper grows continually lighter in color, and the new fall papers are even lighter in hue than those for spring; floral designs are decreasing in popularity, as they have been printed so much in cheap lines that the most stylish and expensive papers are in other designs, the finest being in imitation of tapestries and figured cloths; the English designs for this year are very unique and are very extensively used; the American wall papers have, however, during the past few years improved so wonderfully that much of the work now offered here quite equals the English or French productions.
-Kismet cloth is an effective material for decorative purposes and may be employed for scarfs, curtain bands, chair backs, sofa pillows, etc.
-Innumerable are the forms in waste paper baskets; among the recent fancies are those of paper made in perfect representation of leather and cut in arabesque patterns; most of the designs are square and fastened at the corners with bows of bright ribbon, a lining of bright silk aids very much in making this article attraetive.
-The combination of cherry and light oak proves an exeellent oae for over-mantels.
-Shell forms are much in favor in repoussé work.
-In order to clean out glass and obtain the original brilliancy, the article should be washed in warm water with brush and soap, then placed in a box of dry sawdust and rubbed with the sawdust until all moisture has been absorbed, brush the sawdust off with a hard dry brush, and wipe the plain parts with a dry linen cloth.

- With the spread of wealth and refinement greater attention is now directed to table appointments, and an effort to produce unique effects is the height of our ambition ; the following suggestions may prove advantageous to those who are specially desirous of producing a Japanese style of ornamentation : place two strips of bright-colored Korah silk, from eight to ten inches in width, on the white damask cover, one in the centre of the table from one end to the centre and the other from the centre starting to the opposite corner; take six Japanese fans of varied shape and place one opened in the centre to hide the join, and the others partly on and off the stripe; mingled with these fans should be flowers and foliage in as Japanese a design as possible irrespective of the stripes or fans, and crossing the former in some parts and along the edges in others, add a few rare Japanese vases filled with single blooms and copper trays holding fruits and confections; and as fashion has passed the decree that the dinner table should be lighted with candles, the fanciful candlesticks should be employed using Japanese shades, have the menu's written on tiny fans, and crêpe pictures bordered with flowers for doylies.


## The New Departure of the Real Estate Exchange.

New York, September 23, 1885.
Editor Record and Guide:
We notice in your issue of last week the "new departure" of the Real Estate Exchange, and congratulate the management on the introduction of a measure that must commend itself to every broker who gives it more than a passing thought. We refer to the daily "call" of property on the floor of the Exchange. This new feature requires only the support of the leading brokers to insure its permanency, and we predict that as its advantages become better understood the question will be, "Why was it not practiced before?" As the vital point in the matter is exclusive employment for a period long enough for the broker to get the benefit of his efforts, we desire to "tell our experience" in this line. We have for many years made the sale of country real estate a specialty. Scme years ago we concluded to try to bring order out of the chaotic manner of handling this class of real estate, and resolved to take no property for sale the owner of which would not give us the exclusive agency for a certain period, etc. Upon canvassing the question with brother brokers, many of whom had grown grey in the business, we developed that while our proposed new departure was regarded as the proper method, there was an almost unanimity of opinion that it could not be successfully carried out. In the belief that it could be accomplished we inaugurated it some six years ago, and, alone and unaided by any other firm doing business in this manner, we have persevered in it and our increasing business has demonstrated the wisdom of our conclusion. We have no interested motive in encouraging the members of the Exchange to sustain the management in their efforts to establish this new order of affairs, as we are not members of their honorable body-the class of property we deal in having no place in its organization. This is an age of progress and improvement. The profession of a real estate broker is an honorable and responsible one, and it remains with those engaged in it whether the method of conducting it shall remain in the slough of disorder it has wallowed in for so many years, or be lifted to a plane in keeping with its importance and responsibilities. Success to the Exchange and its new departure.

Very respectfully,
Phillips \& Wells.

## More About Single Representation.

## Editor Record and Guide.

The suggestion made by me in last week's Record and Guide, when taken in connection with your comments, permits a different signification than that intended.
While it is true, as you state, that I have determined to make it a rule of my office not to take any property on my books that I have reason to believe is in any other broker's hands (in which action I am happy to find I have such distinguished company), yet I do not propose that brokers generally shall adopt that rule at present, though I predict that eventually they will do so.
My suggestion is, that a number of brokers shall agree among themselves outside of the Exchange that they will not offer any property at the meetings that is not in their exclusive control as regards other brokers.
I propose this as a test of the practicability of the scheme, in the belief that such a custom would result in benefit to both owners and brokers, and would contribute to the success of the present movement.

The quickest way to correct the existing evils is to adopt the course I have suggested. If there are enough brokers who desire a reform to start the movement there will be plenty to follow.
I am convinced that there are many owners of property in this city who would favor this plan, for good reasons, and that property will be offered in this manner that never gets into the brokers' offices, and is only advertised by owners "sub rosa" for fear of being demoralized by the "Street," and that in the not distant future the use of the term "No brokers need apply" will be confined to a class of th9 fraternity who seek property direct from the owners, rather than by owners who are disgusted with the methods at present in vogue.
In support of my argument that there is benefit to be derived from publishing the offerings and wants permit me to add, that on Monday following the publication of The Record I received more than a dozen memorandums of property such as I desired and several applications for those I had offered, and they have been coming in all the week.

It stands to reason therefore that if the average attendance of twenty-five members was increased to one hundred, and the offerings and applications in the same ratio, there would undoubtedly be a large amount of business done each week.
The argument in favor of single representation, with full authority, is also supported by the fact that it has been found necessary to remove the bulletins during the auction sales, because some unprincipled persons have sought to profit by the information furnished at the expense of brokers who have no special control of what they offer. It has been tried on me also, but without result.
Let the discussion go on, and may much good come of it.
Ferdinand Fish.

## More Suggestions.

Orange, N. J., September 25, 1885.
Editor Record and Guide :
I have carefully read the communication of Mr. Ferdinand Fish in your issue of September 19th. Will you permit me to briefly meet his points in your columns?
Inquiry into important innovations affecting the vast property interests of New York City and the welfare of so many citizens cannot be too calm, rigid and searching.

The relationships growing out of the care and disposal of valuable real estate subject to ever multiplying obligations are of very delicate nature and require the protection of the most carefully matured safeguards.

Notwithstanding these plain facts, Mr. Fish cheerfully prophecies a radical departure in real estate methods and laws; in fact, a little revolution. It would hardly be supposed that we need to be cautioned against hastening into extreme changes of business systems, so often resulting, like civil overturnings, in benefit to a few and distress to many.
Mr. Fish, in his good-heartedness and self-denial, maintains that the burdens of the newly-proposed scheme will be sustained by its few upholders till its advantages are demonstrated to the many. Who would object to so magnanimous a proposal, until this plan should prove a boon to all, or, what is so much more likely, fail to accomplish anything except force the real estate business of this metropolis into a few kingly offices. But who believes that all the disadvantages and loss apparent will be meekly assumed by these self-sacrificing champions?
Mr. Fish claims that "a system of registration is needed whereby offerings of one day may be referred to after," etc. Doubtless this is a very necessary part of the proposed scheme; but look at it a moment! Does any one need to be reminded how soon such wholesale exposure of valuable holdings will become "flat, stale and unprofitable," like the peddler's sidewalk pies, or the upholsterer's outside carpets? Who requires to be told that the appetite of every would-be purchaser will rebel at such a surfeit of property, begging pitifully for buyers day in and day out, week after week, till the cancelling ink is called in to restore it to proper privacy.
Again, if choice property be registered in open exchange and boldly offered to all comers, how long will it be before owners will be deluged with reasons for change of brokers only to end in compelling the distracted holder to throw overboard the services of the entire profession and resort to his own skill as broker, agent and auctioneer.
On the other hand, it is a notorious fact that the tribulations of respectable real estate brokers from over-inquisitive and under-scrupulous brother dealers are many and grievous to be borne, and experience has amply proved that the only remedy is to closely guard the important details of the trusts committed to their care from all eyes till the difficult negotiations are past peril from meddlesome or thievish interruption. What broker, be he ever so faithful, could otherwise pillow his head at night in peaceful slumber.
Once more, it will be seen that this affable champion of change starts out with a pleasing promise of benefit to all, "owners, buyers and brokers alike."

But observe how effectually he destroys the fair prospect:
"There is no doubt," he says, "but that owners will accept the services of the better class of brokers," etc. What is meant by the "better class" of brokers?
Is it not plain that from this select circle all will be excluded, save the favored few who shine in long-established and conspicuous offices, of which Mr. Fish's may be a fair example ?
But what becomes of the brotherhood of earnest, faithful, young brokers who seek in this occupation an honorable livelihood worthy their energy and talents. Relinquishing the prospects and promises of other callings they enter this field full of ardor and determination to rise to high attainments, only to find themselves thus suddenly chained to serve a few so-called "better class" brokers, to whom the splendid possessions of a great city have been signed, sealed and delivered. Respectfully, J. D. Coleridge.

## "Here's a Pretty How D'ye Do."

Brooklyn, September 23, 1885.
Editor Record and Guide:
Dear Sir: Having read with much interest the articles in the last issue of your valuable paper with reference to the placing of property exclusively in the hands of one broker, I beg to mention an instance which came to my notice recently and which, I think, is very apropos to the question now being discussed among the brokers on the Exchange.
Mr. A. wanted to sell his house, but, being warned by an experienced friend to keep clear of brokers, he inserted an advertisement of the house in the leading dailies, adding the words (now, alas, so common), "No agents," but, notwithstanding, he was besieged by a number of them, each in turn claiming to have a special customer for his house; upon this representation each was given permission to offer the property at $\$ 40,000$, and was promised the usual commission if he effected a sale. Special care was taken by the owner that each one in turn should know how great was the inquiry for the property. Offers came in every few days, until finally the house was sold for $\$ 32,500$ by one of the brokers, who had induced the seller to accept this price; the contract was duly signed and the commission paid. It, however, very soon became evident that there was more than one broker in the transaction, as three others claimed to have offered the house to the purchaser, and a suit was brought by the one who claimed to have first presented it to him, on the ground that he was the procuring cause. It was shown on trial that the plaintiff had in fact first called the attention of the purchaser to the property, although through another broker, but that he (the purchaser), in the expectation of getting it at a lower price, had himself employed the broker who finally completed the transaction, and who thus secured a double commission, and had used as means to this end the two other brokers. The court held that no service had been proven and dismissed the case.
Now comes the broker through whom the house had first been offered by the broker who had it from the owner, and sues said broker for half commission, the attorney for this claimant taking the ground that his client had performed the service for which he was employed by presenting the house to the final purchaser, and was therefore entitled to his fee. On the advice of the defendant's attorney that he could be held the matter was compromised, and the real broker in the transaction had to pay his assistant out of his own pocket and without redress from the seller.
This may be good law, but to my mind it is poor equity. The only parties who benefited by the transaction were the buyer and the unprincipled broker who received double commissions. Now, if the owner of the house in question had employed but one reputable broker, he would have received
in all probability a better price for his property and have saved his attorney's fee.

Ko-Ko.

## Title Insurance.

New York, September 23, 1885.
Editor Record and Guide
In your editorial columns of last Saturday's issue you say, very properly, in referring to the improvements that are needed to facilitate real estate transfers, that "dealers must come with guaranteed titles so that transactions may be closed immediately," and add that "it would be well if some title guarantee company were in the position to insure the property that may be offered in the Exchange."
You could have gone further and said that the Title Guarantee and Trust Company is already in a position to insure the titles offered, and has done so again and again, both in the new Exchange and in the old, and always with the same result-a saving in annoyance, time and ultimate cost to the purchasers, and a decided enhancement in price to the sellers.
The sale of the Fox estate last October, the sale of the executors of John McConvill last May, the sales of the receiver of the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company in Brooklyn last April and May, and many others have made complete demonstration of the proposition advanced by your editorial that to enable the new Exchange to effectually accomplish its objects the property offered should be sold with title insured.
The same principle has been applied with the same results to improved property both on the floor of the Exchange and at private sale. A notable recent example is the rapid sale of the fifteen houses on Seventy-fifth street, now being offered by Mr. W. J. Merritt, who tenders with his deed at his expense a title policy of this company, guaranteeing the purchaser to the amount of the purchase price.

A single examination by an independent authority 'carries the whole fifteen houses into the hands of the respective owners, and they save at least $\$ 150$ each in expenses at the outset.
It costs the owner a little more, but it sells the houses, and he saves the additional expense twice over in interest.
The additional remark in your editorial above referred to, that a title insurance company like this is an enemy to legislation reforming the registry laws, entirely misconceives the true relation of the various interests. Nothing can be of greater value to this company than the simplification of the wretched land laws now existing, so as to get rid of the complicated liens that make insurance of title so full of risk and yet so necessary for the safety of owners or lenders. The simpler the record the safer will be the business of title insurance. But, however simple the record, insurance will still be necessary, and if every reform proposed by the Land Transfer Reform Commission were accomplished to-day, or were the new indexes which this company is endeavoring-against the determined opposition of the official searchers-to make completed, dealers on the floor of the Exchange would still be met with the question, "Does the chain of title, now so easily ascertained, make a good title in law ?"
Until some professional authority is set up to put its seal on the answer to this question, and make the title pass current, there will still be the same delays, confusion and duplication of expenses.
This is the province of title insurance and a proper and legitimate field for corporate enterprise. It simply offers to the real estate interest an opportunity to abandon here, as they have elsewhere, a system that requires a property to pay again as often as it is dealt in for work which it has already paid for perhaps fifty times before, for a system that makes that examination once for all, if anything with greater care, and guarantees the result with a paid-up insurance fund. Title Guarantee and Trust Co.,

55 Liberty street, New York.

## New Book on Real Estate.* <br> conveyances.

This is the title or topic of the ninth volume of that excellent encyclopedia of practical use, the "Federal Decisions," edited by Mr. William G. Myer, and published by the Gilbert Book Company, of St. Louis, Mo. This volume is full of the most valuable information for the daily use of business men, and especially of all who deal in real estate. It contains the cases argued and determined in the Supreme, Circuit and District Courts of the United States, comprising the opinions of those courts from the time of their organization to the present date, together with extracts from the opinions of the Court of Claims and the Attorney-General, and the opinions of general importance of the territorial courts on the whole subject of conveyances, comprising deeds, their form and execution, delivery and acceptance, registration and notice, validity, operation and construction, and proof of deeds. Then all about mortgages and foreclosures and deticiency judgment; also trust deeds, which are equitable mortgages; and especially the whole subject of railroad mortgages, and bonds and coupons, receivers' debts and certificates. The volume concludes with a full statement of the decisions of the aforesaid courts on the law of chattel mortgages. This particular volume of the "Federal Decisions" is edited by Leonard A. Jones, Esq., of Boston, the well-known author of several treatises on mortgages. It is a handsomely printed and bound royal octavo of 900 pages, and worth its weight in gold; but it can be obtained by mail of the publishers for only $\$ 8$.
*Federal Decisions, Vol. IX., Conveyances. The Gilbert Book Company, publishers, St. Louis, Mo.

The residents of New Rochelle and the surrounding neighborhood are about to receive additional accommodation in the way of street travel. A company has been organized, of which Major W. R. Bergholz is the president, to run a horse-car line from Pelham to New Rochelle, running to the depot, and thence to Starin's Island. Should the local board grant the necessary permission, Major Bergholz states that the road will be in operation December 1. This line will bring a large section of ground into the mari-
ket, hitherto but slightly improved, including the fine high ground known as Huguenot Park.

The reasons given for the Treasury Department declining to issue silver certificates in return for deposits of gold are, according to the Mining Record, inadequate or misleading. One of these reasons is that the expense to the government for sending silver certificates from New York to Western and Southwestern points is $\$ 1.65$ per thousand dollars, or $\$ 16.50$ for every million dollars thus put into circulation. There must be some mistake here, for there is a largelsurplus of silver dollars in New Orleans, as is shown by the fact that naval vessels, the Swatara and the Yantic, are transporting ten millions of silver dollars from New Orleans to Washington. Hence there is nothing to prevent the government issuing the silver certificates at New Orleans upon the deposit of the gold for the face value in New York. Then, again, at the present price of silver bullion the government makes $\$ 150$ on every thousand it coins; paying out $\$ 1.65$ and receiving $\$ 150$ cannot be called a loosing business for the Treasury-quite the contrary. Then, again, it is quite preposterous to say that after receiving the gold for the silver certificates the former is finally drained out of the Treasury again by the use of the certificates for the payment of customs' duties. It is notorious that the bulk of the silver certificates paid out in the West and South remain there as a permanent paper currency, taking the place of the bank notes. The clamor the national banks and their organs are making is because of this substitution of silver certificates for bank issues. The producers of the South and West are no longer forced to pay heavy rates of interest for the use of currency in the spring and fall where the crops are being moved. Hence the outcries of the press representing the banks.

The Commercial Bulletin quotes The Record and Guide's paragraph on the race between the Puritan and Genesta, in which occurs the following sentences:
"We may beat the English in our model of a sailing craft, but the fact remains that the steam vessels of Great Britain are seen on every sea and in all the ports of the world, while the flag of the United States is conspicuous by its absence outside the shore limits of our own land. It is this victory of Great Britain over the United States which our people should take to heart
The Bulletin makes the following comment:
"But the writer might have added the ' victory' is one which England has won not so much by her superior genius as by our own folly. The time is come when a true ' national feeling' should demand that we 'depart from that folly. Remove the artificial fetters which at present paralyze American enterprise, American skill and American capital on the ocean, and
these will speedily restore the old flag to its former prestige and once more these will speedily restore the old flag to its former prestige and once more divide the world's carrying trade with the 'mistress of the seas.'
The Philadelphia Ledger also points out the moral in the following paragraph:
"Quite soothing to the superficial currents of national pride was the victory of the fleet little sailer, the Puritan, over the almost equally fast English Genesta, and comforting likewise to the same emotion is the victory of our gentlemen cricket players over the gentlemen players of England; but the
thing that should fire American ambition and the successful rivalry needed, thing that should fire American ambition and the successful rivalry needed,
is in the restoration of our commercial marine to the rank it formerly held is in the restoration of our commercial marine to the rank it formerly held
in comparison with that of England and the world. There would be some substance in a burrah for that.'
If the Democratic party in Congress has the wit to change our tariff laws and give government help to re-establishing our merchant marine, we may yet gain a victory over Grert Britain on the seas that will be a real credit to us. But it is pitiable to see the same journals which are magnifying this trival yacht-racing business into a great national event, doing all they can to discourage steamship building and ship owning on the part of Americans.

## The World of Business.

## Canadian 0pposition to Reciprocity.

The Week, which is a strong supporter of commercial union with the United States, asks why complete reciprocity should destroy the tie with Britain since partial reciprocity, such as existed from 1854 until 1866, did
not weaken it. The reason is this. The treaty of 1854 provided for the free exchange of natural products only. The Canada of that day, $i$. e., Upper and Lower Canada, repealed the duties on those articles as against the mother country, and the Americans made no objection, for the simple reason that Britain did not export animals, lumber, coal, breadstuffs, etc., to Canada; hence their free admission to this country could not in any way prejudice American interests, for as they were not imported here they could not be re-exported into the States under the treaty. But if commercial union means complete reciprocity, the free interchange not only of all natural products but of all manufactured articles, then the Americans would, unquestionably, make it a condition sine qua non of the treaty that we should rigidly maintain our duties against the manufactures of Britain. Why so ? Simply because they would not permit us, while enjoying complete reciprocity with them, to give free admission to British goods which might be sent from here into the States as Canadian goods. Commercia union with the States would therefore involve discrimination against Britain, and that would mean the sundering of the connection, or we are much mis taken. But the Week may say that in the projected treaty of 1874 True but of certain manufactured articles in the projected Privy Council, dated March as may be seen by reference ctured articles not produced in or exported from Great Britain to this country" "and none other. So that here again there was no objection on the part of the Americans to the repeal of the Canadian duties on such goods as against Britain. On the other hand, the scheme which on such goods as against Britain. On the other hand, the scheme which between Canada and the United States of everything produced out of doors and of everything manufactured within. The Dominion, in fact is to trade as freely with the States as the States with one another; and that, as we have already pointed out, would necessitate discrimination against Britain. If the Week doubts our statement that the Americans would insist upon our keeping up the duties against England, let it ask the first American manufacturer who comes its way, or look at Mr. Fish's papers for 1874. Commercial union with the United States means that so far as her commercial and manufacturing interests are concerned, Canada shall become part and parcel of the United States. We are to submit ourselves to the American tariff, with its well-nigh prohibitory duties upon European products, for the sake of securing free trade with the sisterhood of States. In other words, these Young Liberals ask Ontario to occupy a position which, according to the teaching of Sir Richard

Cartwright and Mr. Mills, are robbed by the industrial monopolies created under the American tarif, and deprived by the same oppressive instrument of all the benefits derivable from free intercourse with the Old World.
Will somebody tells us how Mr. Pattullo and his friends can reconcile the advocacy of commercial union with the party's advocacy of free trade ?
What would be thought of Bright if he were to preach commercial union with France and Belgium upon the basis of the Belgian and French
tariffs? Commercial union is incompatible not only with the free trade tariffs? Commercial union is incompatible not only with the free trade
views of these young men, but also with their aspirations for the political views of these young men, but also with their aspirations for the political
independence of Canada. Free trade between the Dominion and the States would, at the outset, place Canadian industries at the mercy of all-powerful and conscienceless rivals. Our iron and steel
shops, furniture factories, cotton mills, sugar refineries, shoe shops and agricultural implement foundries would at once find themselves face to face not merely with formidable rivals, but with rivals who would resort to every conceivable device to compass their ruin. If the day ever older provinces of Canada had been resolved back to the condition of a pastoral community, raising flocks and herds for barter with the American Union practically undone as a progressive people, since even with free their own against the overwhelming weight of American capital, backed as it would be by American experience in industrial occupations, and by course of training be likely to fit us for assuming the cotton. Would such a of political independence? How can young men who long for a Canadian republic support a scheme for emasculating the cnlony further, commer
cial union could not fail to sap the foundations of confederation. If the maritime provinces were annexed to the United States commercially for a period store? They would not have entered confederation in 1867 had it not happened that the reciprocity treaty of 1854 had just expired, and that union would also deprive us of the Northwest, for we should never be able
und again if he had the run of the St. Paul and Chicago markets for any lengthened period. The Week will no doubt retort that the natural channels. We answer that in some respects it is; that there are few countries in the world of whose political systems the same may
not to some extent be said. If what Seward called the argument from the configuration of the continent is to be logically pursued, as the Week so often suggests, then political annexation as well as commercial union is our
doom. But the Young Liberals challenge the correctness of that hypothesis, and declare that independence is the destiny, and should be the aim of the Canadian people; and we are calling their attention to the fact that
commercial union would render the fulfilment of that dream impossible, for it would dismember the country upon whose development into a homogeneous state the vision is based. Young Liberals involves the abandonment of the doctrines union by the Young Liberals involves the abandonment of the doctrines identified. It has already been shown that it would also involve the sundering of the connection with Britain, for to place ourselves under the therefore to invoke the severence of the tie. British connection is not perhaps held in much esteem by the callow philosophers who are being sent to cannot support a movement that would precipitate disintegration; nor, if the young men will consult some trusted friend like Mr. Mackenzie, he will want independence but annexation, and are prepared to recant free trade and everything else that stands in the way of their sinister ambition.

## Alien Land Monopoly,

The questions of land-holding and title to real estate in the United States demand searchiug investigation in the interest of reform and of the actual, eral "Booth, of the Salvation Army of England, has invested the large sum of $\$ 1,250,000$ in real estate in this country. When so uncommercial an institution as this finds it to its interest to invest such a large capital in Amer similar manner by individuals, business firms, and corporations of that country. In fact, the amount of such investments is so great as to call for a warning from a late London Economist, and to indicate that large sums under the deterrent influence of low prices for agricultural realty in England are being diverted to realty in the United States. In its timely warning Among other homely and truthful thrusts delivered to British speculators in American lands it informs them that they cannot be surprised at bringing down a storm of unpopularity on their heads when they fly in the teeth of
laws intended to protect settlers, or, worse still, endeavor to undermine them; that they have not dealt honestly with the American land system or the American people, hence the prejudice they have raised against themselves all over the States. The advice of the Economist these alien specula-
tors would do well to heed, not but that America is one of the finest fields for investments of foreign capital when such do not run counter to popular riolate or circumvent laws enacted to protect settlers, they must be prepared to take the consequences.-Chicago News.

## American Leather Abroad.

The present consul-general at London, ex-Governor Waller, of Connecticut, has made his first consular report. It relates to leather and the interested in this matter than Chicago. Thousands of cattle are slaughtered and dressed in Chicago daily. The hides are owned here and in a large measure tanned here. Whatever effects, however indirectly, the value of seven thousand firms are engaged in the leather handling in one way or another in London and its suburbs. Last year the United States exported dry hides. But this is not a profitable trade. When it comes to raw hides the United States cannot attempt to compete with South America and dressed leather imported into England goes from the United States. There are two particularly discreditable features of the report. First,
the value of American leather is not more than one-half that per pound of French leather. Not more than one-half
due to the fact that we ship sole leather and the French largely uppers, to a large extent, but after making due allowance for all this it remains that the quality of American leather is inferior; at least it has that reputation. This is a needless national reproach. This country ought to make as
good leather as can be made anywhere. There is no taunic preparation good leather as can be made anywhere. There is no tannic preparation
equal to bark, and if there is a prejudice against hemlock, as compared with oak, there is, we repeat, no reason why that prejudice should not be overcome. John Bull clings tenaciously to his whims, but still they can be made to disappear under proper treatment. The second point in mind is largely copied. The British manufacturers were forced to adopt American improvements. Otherwise they would have been undersold in their own
markets, and their trade wrested from them upon an enormously large scale. What is true in the boot and shoe trade holds good on a large scale ca, th competition, but give this country an irresistable advantage in competition in the great marts of Europe. In a word, it is only by the use of American
weapons that Europe is able to protect itself against American skill, enterweapons that Europe is able to protect itsol.
prise and industry.-Chicago Inter-Ocean.

## The Telegraph Conference.

At the international telegraph conference which has recently been held at Berlin, the chief obstacles in the way of securing uniformity in rates were the wishes of some of the European governments to make a profit out of private companies to bring themselves under the rules governing ordinary telegraphic business. The idea of having a uniform scale of prices for the use of the telegraph, just as there is a uniform scale of postal charges originated with the pustmaster-general of Germany, and he has done all that a man could do to make converts to his views of those who attended the conference at Berlin. But it has been pointed out that, while such a system might be advantageous to a country located in the centre of Europe, as Germany is, it would entail a loss to the government telegraph systems of those countries which are on the border of Europe, such as Sweden and Norway, Italy and Spain. They would receive nothing for transmitting messages, except those that were sent either to or from their respective countries, while Germany, on the other hand, might hope to share in the profits of a large part of the international business carried on over her domain. The cable companies would not see the possibilities of prooit in the plan which they coummittee of the conference suggested. Indeed, it may ke admitted that the time has not yet come for treating the rates of cable lines in the same way that ordinary telegraphic rates are treated. On the land, each reduction in rate is almost always followed by an exceedingly large increase in business, but it is denied that the same proportionate increase in business results from a
reduction in the rates of charges established by the cable companies. The reduction in the rates of charges established by the cable companies. The
international conference was, in many ways, a satisfactory gathering, and international conference was, in many ways, a satisfactory gathering, and
a nearer approach was made towards harmonious action than had prea nearer approach was made towards harmonious action than had pre-
viously been attained; but it will require time and more extended experiviously been attained; but it will require time and more extended experi-
ence to build up an organization of international telegraphs similar to the International Postal Union.-Boston Herald.

## Where the Choicest and Cheapest Iron is Made.

The iron deposits of Alabama are receiving a good deal of attention in English trade circles. Manufacturers have sent experts to examine the the reports have been so favorable that a company is said to be forming to purchase land in the vicinity of Talladega and erect a furnace. The London Iron Trade Exchange says the company is already formed, with a capital of $\$ 250,000$, and negotiations for the purchase of 2,000 acres of
land rich in deposits of brush, needle and manganiferous ores, completed. The experts report that at Talladega the best quality of hematite pig iron can be made at a cost of no more than $\$ 8.98$ per ton-in round figures, $\$ 9$
per ton. The cost includes an allowance of $\$ 1.50$ for interest and repairs. They say: "The distance from furnace to river for shipment land surrounding the railway freight about suace can be sold for ner nearly suffi-
cient to cover the cost of the plant. There is also an abundant supply of the finest fire clay on the estate, and fire brick would be made for the furnace at minimum cost. The vender proposes to take shares in the company for the whole amount of the price to be fixed on the mines, and to receive no money whatever for the same. The iron can be delivered to the iron districts of the Northern States at a much less price than it can be manufactured there, after adding a pronit of \$1ia ton." Northern iron-
makers have known of the facilities offered in Alabama for iron making for makers have known of the facilities offered in Alabama for iron making for
years. They cannot view with unconcern this invasion of foreign capital in the hands of foreigners. But they must blame themselves for permitting outsiders to take possession of the choicest iron district in the United States. For it is the choicest, if all that is said of the cost and quality of the iron
that can be made there, and of the cost and quality of the iron made in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia and New York, is true. It may not be too late for American capitalists to get possession of and work the Alabama
mines. But there is no time to waste.-Utica (New York) Herald.

## The Canadian Pacific Extension.

The almost unnoted opening of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Halifax to the Rocky Mountains is neverthless a most important event in the history of railway building on this continent. Among the trade questions which this new line opens up for the consideration of the north west, especially Chicago, is the effect which it will have in diverting trade from the older and more southerly routes. Duluth has already become an active competitor with Chicago in the grain trade. Now, Port Arthur, north of Duluth, and at the western end of Lake Superior, comes forward as a competitor of Duluth. It will be the eastern terminus on that lake of the Canadian Pacific line, stretching from the Pacific to the most westerly of the great chain of inland lakes and waterways. There thus promises to be a notable
rivalry between this road just completed and those on the American side of rivalry between this road just completed and those on the American side of
the boundary-Chicago News.

## The Lumber Supply,

The lumber manufacturers at their annual meeting at the Grand Pacific are giving special attention to the matter of production and price. There is pernaps no business in which more improvement has been pade in what All the ingenuity of the inventive and practical minds in the lumber trade has been directed to the improvement of mill machinery and to the perfecting of schemes looking to the transportation of logs and lumber. Wide districts of timber land have been purchased with a view to the transportation of logs from the point of growth to places where mills could be advantageously located. Timber lands have been bought on streams and rivers or on railways, and mills have been located at points within easy reach of the markets. In the gathering of logs all the energies have been directed to the speedy cutting and to the means of easy transportation to the mill. Lumbermen have combined to bring about a system in logging that is almost perfect. They have made the seasons come to their aid, and have thought more of getting logs to the mill than of the future the lands of timber, and have given very little attention to the future of the lands after the timber has been taken from them. They have succeeded in reducing logging to a science; but this is only one step, the first in a business which in the Northwest is scarcely second to any other. In the old times the saw mills, pushed to their best, could not supply the demand. The demand, of course, increased with the settlement and improvement of the country, but it has not increased as rapidiy as has the supply. The saw mills of the lumber regions of to-day are as much in advance of the saw mills of thirty years ago as are the perfecting printing presses of this day in advance of the first rotary presses. People who get their idea of the saw mill from the establishments outside of the lumber regions have little idea of the capacity of the mills in which lumber is manuactured. One of the great mills in the Michigan lumber district will handle from 1,000 to 1,500
logs every day. The mills will probably average $5,000 \operatorname{logs}$ a week or 20,000 logs a month. All the ingenuity and energy of the lumbermen
has been directed to the quick handling of these logs or the rapid turning has been directed to the quick handling of these logs or the rapid turning
of the rough material into lumber. They have so far succeeded that each mill will turn out from 80,000 to 110,000 feet of lumber every day. Every contrivance that can aid the men in handling and turning the logs or in wonder that with so many pusted to wonderlut periection. every da there should be a tremendous supply of lumber. It is little wonder that when lumbermen come together they should consider means by which the supply can be regulated to suit the demand. The manufacturing capacity The capacity will remain the same for a good many years. It will not be increased as rapidly as in the past, because there is less enthusiasm now in the matter of investment in lumbering ventures. With a fair-minded policy on the part of lumbermen the question of supply and demand will regulate itself, but the whole matter of turning pine forests into lumber will always remain one of the most interesting features in the business development of the Northwest.-Chicago Inter-Ocean.

## Canal and Railroad Transportation

The business of the canals has diminished, notwithstanding the abolition of the tolls; and let us look at this matter a little more in detail. Here is a statement of the comparative tonnage brought to tide water by the Erie report of the Superintendent of Public Works upon the trade and tonnage of the canals for 1884

Products of the forest.
Agriculture

## Agricutiure, Manufactures Merchandise

Merchandise.
Total.

## 1874. <br> $\begin{array}{r}470,872 \\ 49.46 \\ 12.905 \\ 497,228 \\ \hline\end{array}$

This wese that people of the stanc of the canals is steadily dimimishing, althoug cheapen transportation over: them, and although the general traffic of the country has increased enormously. Where has the business gone that the canals have lost ? and where has our proper share of the general increase gone? canals in tonnage with that of two great railways of the State during the same year. We take the figures from the same report of the Superintendent of Public W orks:

## New York canals <br> New York Central Railroad

$18 \% 4$.
$5.80, \ldots 88$
$6,14,6.8$
$6,364,276$
6
Total. 18,283,512
$\stackrel{1884}{5,069,488}$
$10,212,418$
$10,219,558$

Here we see that the railroads have competed successfully with The Erie Canal, and have carried off all the increase in the tonnage. Notwith standing the State has ceased to charge tolls, and has imposed an annual tax of 8700,000 upon the taxpayers to maintain the canals, the Erie Canal has failed to keep upits business. It holds on to a portion of the lumber and the grain, but the rest has gone; and there seems to be no probability that the canal will regain any part of it. A certam portion of the business naturally belongs to the railroads, and that portion is likely to be increased as the network of the railroads is perfected and more and more points are
touched. Besides, the railroads will compete for additional business at less touched. Besides, the railroads will compete for additional business at less
than cost, charging the loss upon the paying portion of their traffic. Within than cost, charging the loss upon the paying portion of their traffic. Within the last ten years the cost of transpor tation by rail the improvements tending to cheapen transportation have been made by the railroad

## The Commercial Centre of Civilization.

In an interesting paper from the pen of Herr von Neumann-Spallart to the Deutsche Rundschau it is claimed that the commercial centre of civiliza tion is moving steadily from England to the United States by way of Ger-
many. In support of this theory the following figures are given: The share many. In support of this theory the following figures are given: The share
of the world's commerce controlled by Great Britain in 1865 , amounting to of the world's commerce controned by Great critain in that, amounting to
24 per cent., by 1882 had fallen to 19.5 per cent., and that of the total for 24 per cent., by of the world in 1868 Great Britain is credited with 34.5 per cent., and in 1882 only 29 . In 1868 Great Britain produced 53.6 per cent. of production of pig iron amounted to 44.1 per cent. of the total; in 1883 it had fallen to 39.1 per cent. The future, he asserts, of $4,000,000$ persons directly and indirectly engaged in the cotton trade is by no means bright. From 1856 to 1860 England consumed 63.3 per cent. of all the raw cotton manufactured abroad and the continent of Europe 39.7 ; in 1883 the continental consumption had risen to 47.7 per cent. and that of Great Britain had fallen to 52.3. Arguing from such statistics Herr Neumann concludes that the cent. per annum for the past seven years.-Bradstreets.

## Silver Hoards

There is an argument in favor of the coinage of silver and the use of it as money which has been little considered in the discussion of the subject, and yet is one that will have no unimportant effect upon the welfare of the produced upon the saving habits of a people by the kind of money in use among them. In our opinion silver is the favorite money with the thrifty poor. It is well adapted to hoarding. Gold is too valuable; its coins are too smail when reduced to the limits of the possible savings of the poor. The Paper money is unfit for the hoard because of its destructability. Beside, paper money never appeals to the acquisitive secretive sense as does the bright, hard, enduring coin. Many men, and many more women, will handle a silver dollar with a caress, where the paper dollar would fail to excite a feeling of regret at parting with it. The world's modern history is full of the bad effects produced upon nations hy an inflation of the paper money, but no one ever heard of a people bewildered by an expansion of its gold and silver money. A story has recently been printed which points this moral: A merchant's wife asked him for a check for a thousand dollars, with which
to buy a lace shawl. He did not give her a check, but instead sent her a to buy a lace shawl. He did not give her a cheek, but instead sent her a thousand silver dollars. She had never seen so much real money together shawl that she did not need, and asked permission to invest it instead of spending it. This is to the point. On a smaller scale a million of people would wealth of the nation if the bulk of the monorth fifty milinons a year to the wealth or would easily be absorbed in hoards after the people hod a month would easily be absorbed in hoards after the people had begun the process. it is also a mistake to suppose that because the people in the cities prefer paper the country have a prejudice against coin. The weekly wages of the millions do not weigh them down. When bankers and brokers say that "the people do not want silver," they mean the people with whom they deal. who create the wealth, which makes it possible for bankers and brokers to exist. At the close of the war of the rebellion millions of dollars in coin were discovered to exist in the Confederate States which had resisted the terrible strain of four years of civil war before the hnards which had absorbed them could be broken up. Only the absolute destruction of the paper money known to the people brought out the coin savings. Nine-
tenths of it was found in the possession of the freedmen. It was then calculated that twenty milljons in silver had thus been in the possession of
slaves, representing their hoardings under most adverse circumstances. It Staterotedly true that the trading classes and the idlers of the Unite those who live by managing the affairs of others those earnings of obe the necessities of others, are annoyed by the weight of the "cart-wheel dollt but the man who tills the fields, who wields the hammer, who bends his back in the mine, does not feel the weight. Pay the laborer in silver and he will not object. He will spend the bulk of it because he must, but some of it will stick to his hard hand or to that of his thrifty wife. It will be put by for the rainy day, when the mere representative of money, the paper
dollar, would slip through the fingers. - The Capital.

## Range Cattle.

The State of Texas has some vast cattle ranches. There was the sale of one, not very long ago, near San Antonio, for $\$ 4,000,000$. But the Texas business of the country, and that for two neasons: belongs to the United Siater for two reasons: First, none of the land Texas has absolute control of the whole area. Second, the land is good soil, adapted to general agriculture. In time those immense tracts will be cut up into farms and tilled. There may be some parts of the State not suited to cultivation, but for the most part Texas is as truly an agricultura!
State as Illinois, only less developed. But there is a tract stretching from State as Illinois, only less developed. But there is a tract stretching from
Mexico to British America, hundreds of miles in width, which can never be Mexico to British America, hundreds of miles in width, which can never be utilized for farms, except to a very limited extent, and which is really the
largest and best pasture in the world. These stock ranges now belong, for the most part, to the United States stock ranges now belong, for the most part, to the United States government, and Congress
sits supinely by and sees them utilized by capitalists, many of them sits supinely by and sees them utizers, to undermine the live-stock prosperity of their agricultural conforeigners, to undermine the live-stock prosperity of their agricultural con-
stituents. This sort of stupor ought to give place next winter to an intellistituents. This sort of stupor ought to give place next winter to an intell he secured for the protection of farm values. We do insist that the "cattle people, and uot by wuring a little water frontare land tue same "s other people, and not by buying a little water frontage get miles upon miles of
pasturage for nothing. It is a low estimate to sey that the United States has in the Rocky Mountain region 1,000,000 square miles of these pasture lands. The variety of grasses grown is very great, some of it as nutritious as the best grazing of Kentucky or Hungary can afford. Nature has been provided a field for stock-raising where pasture and meadow, grass and spring and early summer ripen and cure where they stand, needing no mowing, raking, stacking and feeding. Here is an advantage over our more Eastern farmers which is legitimate insuring winter feed without the expense and trouble of foddering stem, idea of the growth of this interest may be formed from the fact that Colorado, which had only 300,000 head of cattle fifteen years ago, now has at least $2,000,000$, and of the profits of the business from the fact that a recent gathering of catclemen at Cheyenne represented a wealth of $\$ 100,000,000$. A volume could be filled with the truthful stories of great fortunes realized by raising range cattie, the veritable Monte Cristo of the United States. It is estimated that starting with 100 cows, taking care not to sell any of the female progeny, the natural increase in ten years would be 2,856 . The mere
expense of caring for the herd would be light. The actual value is mainly in the land, and why, we insist, should the government furnish that for nothing, or the next thing to it? Let Congress formulate an answer to this question in the shape of such legislation as the prairie and Eastern farmers

Building Associations.
The growing interest exhibited in building and loan associations in Missouri is one of the kealthiest evidences of thrift and prosperity our State exhibits. One of these associations at Hannibal has just increased its capital stock from $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 400,000$. There is one at Macon City,
one at St. Charles, one at Mexico, one at Neosho, one at Webster and one at St. Charles, one at Mexico, one at Neosho, one at Webster and
one at Kirkwood, and the reports from all show good management and successful operation. It is said that those at Webster and Kirkwood in St. Louis County have supplied the means for building and enlarging houses are owned and occupied by persons of limited means, who, but for the holders, would not have secured them, some idea of the advantages they
offer may be formed. One of these advantages is that it encourages offer may be formed. One of these advalages and enables renters of houses to become independent proprietors by placing
it in their power to pay for their homes in moderate monthly instalit in their power to pay for their homes in moderate monthly instal-
ments; another is that it builds up the towns and cities of the State; and a third is that it begets habits of thrift and method among those classes who constitute the blood and bone of a community. There is not a thriving town in Missouri where a building and loan association pru-
dently managed would not do well, and which would not be benefited by it. The principle at the bottom of them is that of co-coperation, which has worked such striking results in England and Philadelphia, and which has never failed of happy results in any part of this country

## Charleston Public Spirit.

There is an important aspect of the Charleston disaster which may be profitably considered as an offset to the lamentable story of distress and loss. There is such a true revival of energy, such true business activity, in representative cities. Not long ago such losses as Charleston suffered from the tornado of last week would have been deemed irremediable. The city would have sunk back in despair under a load of misfortune which it was quite unable to carry. We pointed out on the first estimate of losses that ratio if 000000 had in lite But in supposed. A revision of estimates places them at nearly $\$ 1,700000$ at firs Charleston is about one-twentieth the size of Philadelphy ne loss of $\$ 3 \downarrow 000$ 000 to this city bear. Nothing could possibly better demonstrate the prosperity, force, and business resources of the New South than the bold front that is turned to this calamity. The work of reparation, we are told, "is active; all business offering is fully accom. Inate, and in a short time facifities for trade wimbe as good as ever. good a proof-perhaps a better prool-or than the Atlanta and New Orleans expositions. The present state of things has a significance that cannot be overestimated. - Philadelphia Telegraph.
Trade papers throughout the country are discussing plans for a thorough revival of the old system of apprenticeship. They argue that a large
amount nf the unskilful work that is performed, particularly in the trades connected with building-such as carpentry, brick-laying, stone-cutting plastering and plumbing-grows out of the loose way in which untrained men are permitted to commence work and, by the mere claim to knowledge much pay as the most skillful who have speut years in the emand as much pay as the mosim is now made that all the trade organizations, that is all those where practical skill and education sre essentials among their members, should combine their forces and devise some general scheme of apprenticeship under which no man could very easily obtain recognition as say a carpenter, smith or brick-layer, without being able to show a certi-
ficate of competency. In other words, instead of wasting money and time in vain or suicidal endeavors to injure the capitalist employers-which in vain or suicidal enteavors to means injury to themselves-to concentrate at least a portion of their energies on the prevention of competition by incompetent pretenders. -St. Louis Globe-Democrat.
A movement is on foot to colonize the counties lying in the Senegambian belt of Texas with colored people. Fifty thousand acres of the best farming lands have already been secured in Brazoria and Matagorda counties at prices ranging from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 3$ per acre. The same lands sold all the way from $\$ 25$ to $\$ 50$ before the war. It is said that they will produce from one to two bales of cotton to the acre, fifty to seventy-five bushels of corn, and the best of sugar. The colored men of Texas and other States appear to be quite interested in the project and are forming clubs with a view to colonizing. The plan is undoubtedly a good one, and if properly managed the time will come when Texas will owe to her colored farmers no inconsiderable part of her material wealth.-Cleveland Leader.
Operators in Baltimore real estate give encouraging reports of an active tendency which has set in with the return to business of summer sojourners. The demand is for buying and renting dwelling houses, and ground rents and real estate loans.
Litigants would like to reverse court customs. They would like to pay lawyers by the day, and pay judges fees according to the importance of cases. This would be more profitable to a judge who must feel mean sitting for half a day, at the rate of $\$ 3,000$ per year, listening to a brief drawn up by the clerk of a lawyer who gets $\$ 10,000$ for th

Constant A. Andrews was on Thursday elected a director of the Real Estate Exchange in the place of Nathaniel Niles, resigned.

## Real Estate Department.

While the auction room does not resound with the din of eager bidders and the Conveyances continue to show a steady falling off compared with last year, it is nevertheless true that there is quite a hopeful feeling in real estate circles. It is said the records will shortly show that a good deal is doing even now. The points of special activity just at present seem to be the west side, the region just north of Central Park and the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards. Should the Court of Appeals decide that the law requiring parks for this city outside its limits is unconstitutional, the effect will be excellent on property north of the Harlem River and just west of the Sound. Those interested think there is no doubt of the favorable action of the court.
As will be seen by our "Gossip" department, several large private sales are reported this week.
E. S. Crank informs us that $\$ 35,000$ was paid for the apartment houses Nos. 1467 and 1469 Park avenue, between Eighty-second and Eighty-third streets, but the deed in the Register's office, dated September 19, 1885, gives the consideration as $\$ 38,000$. Mr. Crank states that while it was consented to the larger consideration being named in the deed he stipulated in the contract that the buyer should only pay the lesser sum. The Legislative Committee of the Real Estate Exchange last year drafted the form of a law making it a misdemeanor to give a false consideration in a deed. It is very desirable that the real estate interest should have the same knowledge of the price actually paid in sales as other interests. Dealers in cotton, wheat, petrolenm and stocks are never deceived as to the actual prices published officiaily by the various boards, but real estate considerations, although published officially, have no such guarantee.
Richard V. Harnett opens the fall auctions next Tuesday, September 29th, by thé sale of a house, No. 337 East One Hundred and Fifteenth street. On Thursday, October 1, Mr. Harnett will sell the four-story tenement No. 430 East One Hundred and Twelfth street.
On Tuesday, October 6th, Mr. Harnett will sell, under order of executors of Samuel Cohen, some very desirable Long Branch property situated on Ocean avenue and on Cottage place. One parcel is a house with fourteen rooms, and the others are fine villa sites.
John F. B. Smyth will sell at auction at the Real Estate Exchange, on Wednesday the 30th inst., the northwest corner of Madison avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street, and also the northeast corner of Stanton and Goerck streets.


## Gossip of the Week.

L. J. Adams has sold for Anthony Mowbray the four-story stone front dwelling No. 13 East Sixty-third street, 20x65x100.
V. K. Stevenson \& Co. report the sale by Daniel Hennessy, of the fourstory stone front dwelling No. 54 West Fifty-eighth street, 25x60, with extension x100, to James O'Connor, of Camden, N. J., for $\$ 80,500$.
V. Freund \& Son have sold for John Davidson the four-story stone front cabinet trimmed dwelling No. 40 East Sixty-fourth street, for about $\$ 42,500$, to a prominent brewer.
Seton \& Co. have sold for the estate of John M. Furman the three-story high stoop brown stone dwelling, No. 149 Second avenue, $33 \times 100 \times 125$, to Mrs. Barrow, for $\$ 30,000$.
E. H. Ludlow \& Co. have sold the three-story brick dwelling No. 18 East Twelfth street, $19.6 \times 50 \times 103.3$, for $\$ 17,500$, and for $G$. A. Seixas, about four
lots on St. Nicholas place, running to JNew avenue, 375 feet north of One Hundred and Fiftie th street, for $\$ 17,500$, to Joseph Pollack.
M. McCormick has sold for John Bannon the four-story single flat, No 1884 Lexington ave nue, to Daniel J. Sheehy, for $\$ 15,750$.
V. T. Her vey has sold for N. Witherell the house No. 120 East One Hundred and Thirteenth street, to Thomas Bradburn, for $\$ 13,000$; the house No. 433 East One Hundred and Sixteenth street, for Mrs. Stephens, to P. Mol oney, for $\$ 8,000$; the house and lot No. 783 North Third avenue, for Mr Palmer, of Philadelphia, to E. Goldman, for $\$ 5,700$, and the four lots on the northwest corner of Madison avenue and One Hundred and Fifteenth street, for Thomas Bradburn, to N. Witherell, for $\$ 22,000$.
Geo. Wolfe has sold the five-story front and four-story rear brick store and tenement, No. 247 Stanton street, 25x 75 , for $\$ 13,700$.
W. D. Pennefather has purchased from Edward Hillen the three-story dwelling, No. 238 Henry street, for $\$ 13,000$.
Martin \& Bro. have leased for John Mack the premises No. 365 Fifth avenue, for a term of years, for business purposes.
James L. Wells has sold for Mrs. Rebecca S. Marcher a plot of twenty acres on Old Macomb's Dam road and Featherbed lane, Highbridgeville, for $\$ 38,000$ cash
F. Yoran has sold one lot on the west side of Tenth avenue, near One Hundred and Forty-second street, 25x71 to Bloomingdale road, x25x81, to J. S. Warren for $\$ 2,000$.
D. H. Gould has sold the four-story stone front dwelling No. 54 East Sixty-eighth street, 20x100.
S. Cardwell has sold a plot on the north side of One Hundred and Third street, 150 feet west of Ninth avenue, $75 \times 100.11$, and a plot $57 \times 100.11$ in the rear of above to Squire \& Whipple, for improvement.
M. H. Cashman las sold one lot on the east side of Eighth avenue, 75 feet south of One Hundred and Forty-third street for $\$ 4,500$.
Three lots on the west side of Ninth avenue, 25 feet north of One Hundred and Sixth street, have been sold to Newman Cowen, for $\$ 14,000$
Lamb \& Rich have sold one of the new three-story brick and stone dwellings on the east side of West End avenue, south of Seventy-fifth street.
Benner \& Zeller report the purchase by Adam Munch of the property Nos. 130 and 132 Mulberry street, $25 \times 50$ and $25 \times 100$, for improvement.
W. N. Sternkopf has sold the southeast corner of Avenue A and Thirteenth street, with three-story brick store and tenement thereon, 26 x 96 , for $\$ 19,000$.

## Brooklyn.

Fr. Herr has sold the two-story frame flat, 20x48x98, No. 663 Kosciusko street, to Charles Krummd, for $\$ 4,200$.
W. F. Corwith has sold the house and lot, No. 129 Greene street, to Mary Kiernan, for $\$ 2,500$.


Hoefer \& Vincent are about to erect four four-story and basement brown stone front private dwellings, 18.9 feet front each, on the south side of Ninetieth street, 100 feet east of Ninth avenue, from plans by Thom \& Wilson.
A. B. Ogden \& Son are the architects for the tenements to be built on the southwest corner of First avenue and Ninety-second street by E. \& E. Johnston, as previously reported. There will be two on the avenue, the corner 25.8 x 63 , and the one adjoining; 25 x 62 , with one-story store in rear; one on the street $25 \times 40$, and one adjoining $25 \times 76$. They will cost about $\$ 50,000$.

In our issue of the 12th inst. we inadvertently stated that Borkel \& McKean were about to erect five tenements on the northwest corner of Sixty-eighth street and Ninth avenue. We have since been informed that the houses on the avenue are to be first-class flats with all the latest improvements, four stories with stores underneath, and that they are to be built by day's work throughout. On the street they will erect one private dwelling, $20 \times 50 \times 100$, and extension, and finished in hardwood.
Adam Munch intends to build a six-story factory at Nos. 130 and 132 Mulberry street.
Th. Engelhardt is preparing plans for three two-story frame brick basement dwellings, $16.8 \times 40$ each, to be erected on Van Voorhis street, near Bushwick avenue, for George Schwartz ; cost, $\$ 7,500$. A two-story frame dwelling, $25 \times 42$, with one-story frame extension, 17 x 13 , on the southwest corner of Bushwick avenue and Suydam street, for Charles Vorgang ; cost, $\$ 5,500$. A five-story brick ale brewery, $36 \times 60$, on Garden st, near Bushwick avenue, for Claus Lipsius ; cost, $\$ 12,000$. Three four-story brick flats with stores on Broadway, Myrtle and Stuyvesant avenues, 138 front on Broadway, 28 on Stuyvesant avenue, $\mathbf{x} 60$, for A. Vigelius; cost, about $\$ 28,000$. A three-story brick machine room, $36 \times 35$, a two story brick boiler house, $35 \times 50$, a two-story brick storage and washhouse, 55 x 70 , and a two-story brick office, $33 \times 45$, on the corner of Belvidere and Beaver streets, for William Ulmer, to cost about $\$ 40,000$.
E. F. Gaylor will erect two four-story brick flats, $26 \times 60$ each, on Sixth street, near Division avenue, at a cost of about $\$ 10,000$ each.
A. Herbert has the plans for a four-story frame tenement, $25 \times 50$, to be built at No. 248 North Fifth street, for H. Hussennetter; and a similar dwelling at No. 214 North Sixth street, for Wm. Gomer.

## Brooklyn.

H. M. Taylor will shortly commence the erection of three three-story and basement private dwellings, $16.8 \times 45$ each, on the north side of Halsey street, between Stuyvesant and Lewis avenues. They will have fronts of Vermont marble with blue Vermont trimmings and will cost $\$ 30,000$. The architect is $R$. Rosenstock.

## Out of Town

Montclair, N. J.-Geo. W. Da Cunha has the plans under way for a two-and-a-half-story stone and frame cottage, $45 \times 60$, to be built on Walnut street, near Grove, for John Burns. It will be in Queen Anne style and will contain electrical apparatus, hardwood and all the modern improvements, the cost being estimated at $\$ 20,000$. The same architect has the sketches on the boards for a handsome two-and-a-half-story frame cottage, 140x50, to be buiit on Park, near Chestnut, for C. Van Riper, with all improvements, to cost $\$ 12,000$.
The Athletic Club has organized and intends to purchase a plot of ground on which to build a gymnasium, and lay out lawn-tennis, base ball and bicycle grounds, the latter an eighth of a mile track.
Newark-The following are the principle plans filed at the Building Department since our last: A 2 -sty fr dwg at $1001 / \frac{1}{2}$ Actein st, for Wm. Allen \& Son. A 3 -sty store and dwg for same party, cor Actein st and Central av. A 3 -sty tent, $26.9 \times 48$, at 65 Jacob st, for Margt. Morris. A 2-sty dwg at 292 Fairmont av, for Ch. Klingel. A 3 -sty brk store and dwg, at 22 Belmont av, for J. Baumgartner. A $21 / 2$-sty dwg, at 352 Sumner av, for J. S. Searing. A 2-sty dwg, at 181 Parker st, for Thomas Keho. Four 2-sty dwgs, $17 \times 50$ ea, on 8 th av, opposite Boyden st. A 3 -sty brk washhouse, $44 \times 56$, on Oxford st, bet Bowery and Ferry sts, for P. Ballantine \& Sons; archts, A. Pfund \& Sons. A 1 -sty brk boiler house, $50 \times 54$, on Ferry st, nr Oxford, same owner and archts. A 4 -sty brk ice house, $56 \times 156$, on Freeman st, nr Ferry, same owner and archts. A 5 -sty dwg. at 45 Bremen st, for $W$. C. Schrick. Two 2-sty fr dwgs, w s Hunterdon st, nr Waverly pl, for Arthur Devine. A 2 sty dwg, on Winthrop st, for Margt. Donds. A 3 -sty dwg, 25x45, cor 13th av and Hunterdon st, for J. Baumann. A 3-sty store and dwg on se c Bloomfield av and Garside st, for J. H. Hawes. A 2-sty dwg, at 263 Adam st, for John Kenney. A 2-sty dwg, $27 \times 36$, on Stone st,
nr Bloomfield av, for John Carr. A 3 -sty dwg, 40x42, on Kinney st, for Chase \& Wharton. A 2-sty dwg, 33x42.6, for S. S. Day. A 2 sty dwg, cor Summer and Verona avs, for P. Heppermann. A fr church, at 308-10 Bergen st, for German Reformed Church. Two 2-sty dwgs, on Chester av, for A. Manwell. A $21 / 2$-sty dwg, $23 \times 30$, at 266 Warren st. Two 2 -sty dwgs, at $791 / 2$ and 80 Ann st, for Sarah D. Osborne. A 3-sty factory, $57 \times 42$, on Central av, for Jas. Bowers. A 2-sty store and dwg, $44 \times 40$, on Bloomfield av and Garside st, for H. B. Doremus. Four 2 -sty dwgs on 18 th st, nr S. Orange av, for J. F. Fort. Three 3-sty dwgs, on Nelson pl, for J. H. Storm.
H. C. Klemm has the plans under way for a three-story store and flat, 26x 54, to be built at No. 293 Lafayette street, for Dealman Bros., to cost $\$ 5,000$; a two-story frame dwelling, on Schalk street, for Patrick Lee, to cost $\$ 2,000$, and a similar dwelling at No. 21 Wall street, for M. Helmsteader.
Newport, R. I.-Pierre Lorillard has sold "The Breakers," his wellknown ville and grounds at this place, to Cornelius Vanderbilt for $\$ 400,000$. Charles MacRae, of New York, was the broker.

## Contractors Notes.

Bids will be received until Friday, October 2, at 12 o'clock m., by the Commissioner of Public Works at 31 Chambers street, for laying watermains in 134th, 94th, 72d, 81st, 101st, 93d, 164th, 165th, 156th, Worth, Ash, Clinton and Gray streets, and in 11th, Anthony, Monroe and Sheridan avenues.

Proposals for estimates for the erection of three frame pavilions on North Brother Island, City and County of New York, will be received by the Com missioners of the Health Department, at their office, No. 301 Mott street until 2.30 o'clock P. M. of the 6th day of October, 1885.

## Special Notices.

That old-established house, Messrs. Robert Colgate \& Co., who have been in existence for nearly half a century, do about as large a business as any in the trade. This is not due merely to the well-known courtesy and accom. modating spirit of its members, but to the excellence of its goods. Their white lead, in particular, is said to be without a rival.

## BUILDING MATERIAL MARKET.

BRICKS.-About all the current line of reports are simply impossible to draw out anything really new this week. At times the supply appeared to be exces sive but would in some way work out of sight without leading to difficulty, and in turn there could now and
then be found a call quite equal to if not in excess of the offering, yet as a rule the quantity available and the offering, yet as a rule the quantity available and
the demand for it struck a fair balanco leaving the
market in substantially the same position as last week. market in substantially the same position as last week.
As near as any judgment can be formed from the prevailing condition of affairs, buyers are in the most in-
dependent mood. They do not hesitate to handle all dependent mood. They do not hesitate to hande and
the stock for which they can see immediate use and no doubt an occasional "cheap " cargo is laid away,
but there is an entire freedom from the least display of anxiety, and every effort to add to cost meets with prompt and successful resistance. Manufacturers,
however, exhibit signs of dissatisfaction, and while supplies, except here and there in individual cases, expressed intentions to resort to that measure are becom-
ing more common. Over quality we hear little complaint, the offering keeping up very well to the usual Fronts continue to be reported firm and selling close Fronts continue to
to supply on all first-class stock.
CEMENT.-On forei. n stock a considerable degree of irregularity continues to exist, and variable quotations are named, some of them remarkably low. Still, it is not difficult to find importers who have been latterly making some very good sales, and indeed there
are few brands of which the stock is entirely exhausted, and we know of cable orders sent out this week for steamer shipment. This and an advance in freigh
rates from abroad tends to steady up the position somewhat on what may be considered standard stock. somewhat on what maye
Unfortunately, howeve the old incubus of heavy
accumulations of doubtful grade remains and prevents any decided buoyancy. Domestic Portland is in good demand, and Rosendale of popular brand is going out
well at steady rates, but poor qualities dull. In short all cements, foreign and domestic, that sell themselves upon reputation, incline to a better market, but goods that have to be brought into notice are slow.
GLASS.-There is not much that can fairly be called new on the market for window glass. Everything seems to be in first rate form, and reports are of a cheerful character throughout, with the selling interest
readily and fully retainiug the advantage. Indeed ances in the way of ances shown buyers are gradually being withdrawn
favers show the list figures more rigidly adhered to. The
and greatest difficulty is to obtain sizes, and a great many
orders are of necessity delayed as neither the imorders are of necessity delayed as neither the im-
portation or the domestic production can at present make good the deficiency. Local calls commence to element. Plate, glass has met with a good call, the foreign selling close to offering, and domestic pro-

HARDWARE.-Business is "pretty good" according to the majority of reports and tending toward further increase if anything. The selection of goods also is of a more general character, and in that respect the market has made a gain that brings it into quite
seasonable shape. There is, however, room for still seasonable shape. There is, however, room for still
greater improvement as the caution of buyers prevents much investment in anticipation of future wants, and jobbers and dealers have yet to be filled. Manufacturers commence to show the influence of better trade
by working more in harmony and adhering closely to by working more in h
the regular price lists.
LATH.-There has been more business because there as a, larger supply, and this endorses the claim of
receivers as to their ability to dispose of stock. Indeed, with the progress of the season and reports that manufacturers in several instances have expressed a to hesitate much about investing, and some of the largest buyers have been among this week's customers.
The cost has remained very uniform, and upon the $\$ 2.20025$ tatest reported sales quotations remain a $\$ 2.20 @ 2.25$ per M for Eastern. It is probable that on
a concerted effort those figures might have been ex-
ceeded hut cost higher lest they open the door for the interior
product. Indeed, we understand that some . canal." lath have already come in, and it is intimated that this will account for claims of buyers who assert their
LIME. - The market is without quotable change and presents nothing of special interest this week, if we met met by a balancing demand, and no inconvenient
accumulation went over unsold. Prices as before all around.
LUMBER.-The promises of improvement in tone, if not generally felt, are certainly somewhat progres sive with a portion of the distributive trade, and the market as a whole is gaining. This, however, is seasonable and coming on time begets confidence and generates hope of a still better showing to follow. The various ramifications of the manufacturing interest offers quite a liberal proportion of the exhaust, but there is a great deal of stuff going in building con-
sumption and more will be wanted. Dealers seem to be able to meet all the calls made upon them without much difficulty as regards either quantity or assortment, but are not inberally stocked and in consequence
commence to tren up more frequently upon the commence to turn up more frequently upon the
wholesale market as buyers. A great many are fortiwholesale market as buyers. A great many are orti-
fied against growing wants by supplies expected for ward on previous engagements, especially so from interior points, but some good customers are left, and
conservative methods are likely to keep the market in conservative methods are likely to keep the market in
good form and place probably an average supply. good form and place probably an average supply.
At about all primary markets there is a tendency to At about all prima
strengthen values

## trengthen values Eastern Spruce

influences, and the been subject to no really new simply in natural order. The usual variations are being played upon the "diminished cut and indifferent shipment", tune, with, of course, an extra loud burst
whenever arrivals happen to run short, but the general impression appears to be that there will prove no scarcity of accumulation when fwinter sets in, and
there need be no important addition to cost. When there need be no important addition to cost. When
scant offerings and immediate wants of some buyers scant offerings and immediate wants of some buyers
stimulate bidding, dealers who take randoms to pile stimulate bitiding, deaters who take fequently withdraw temporily, and when in due time some little reaction takes place as competition is reduced, they again appear and absorb late on the general tone of quotations, the average standing at $\$ 14 @ 15$, but $\$ 15.50$ probably, a little more
frequently mentioned, and $\$ 13$ is inside for the poorest Randoms will show $\$ 16.50$, and we have heard even as high as $\$ 17$ in exceptional cases.
White Pine makes but little show, and is unquestionably complained of by many operators as dull, but as before noted a great deal of stock finds sale
on the various home outlets, and with the addition of such parcels as can be placed for export the distribution runs up pretty well. There is supply enougn to
meet all the requirements of the market and some to meet all the requirements of the market and some to spare as considerable stuff is now coming forward.
Differences of opinion exist over valuations, but Differences of opinion exist over valuations, but
buyers are unable to substantiate claims for buyers are unabe terms substantiase claims forst-class. goods. We quote at $\$ 15.50 @ 18.0$ for West India shipping boards;
$\$ 25 @ 29$ for South American do.; $\$ 12$ @15 for box boards and \$16@18 for extra do
Yellow Pine has such steadiness as a promised re-
duction in the product can give it, but lacks the vitalizing force of a direct general demand, and sellers have to do the principal portion of the work in negotiating
sibility of any present improvement in price, though
the declining tendency is evidently checked the declining tendency is evidently checked. We quote
Randoms, $\$ 1.50 @ 19.50$ per $M ;$ Specials, $\$ 19.50 @ 21$ do. Gren Floring Boards, $\$ 20 @ 22 ;$ Dry, do. do., \$23@26;
 f. o. b. at Gulf ports, $\$ 12 @ 14$ for rough and $\$ 19 @ 21$
for dressed. or dressed.
Hardwood
running uniform in condition carefuly selected and rumning uniform in condition, and that will apply to
almost auy leading grade. Dealers are still willing to
stock up stock up and the consumption is increasing, while on export orders a fair quantity can be placed. Selections for the latter outlook,however, are very carefully made less shipments. We quote at wholesale rates by care as follows : Walnut, $\$ 65 @ 110$ per M; white ash, $\$ 33 @$
42 do. $\mathbf{~ O a k}, \$ 30 @ 55$ do.; maple, $\$ 25 \AA 35$ do.; chestnut 42 do. o oak, $\$ 30 @ 55$ do. maple. $\$ 25 \dot{c}^{355}$ do.; chestnut, do.; elm, $\$ 20 @ 23$ do.; hickory, $\$ 45 @ 55$ do.
The second regular sale by the New York Lumber Auction Company on Tuesday last attracted a very good attendauce, and possibly of a more varied character than the first one, with results considered satisfactory on most of the offering.
The following is the detail of the sale from marked catalogue obtained direct from the company
Ash, 14 inch, narrow, 6,852 feet
Ash,
Ash. 112 inch, narrow, new, 8,212 feets, 2ds and culls, Ash. 1 inch, 1 ists, 2 ds and culls, 4,520
feet.
 Ash, $1 / 4 @ 11 / 2$ inch, 1sts and $\begin{aligned} & \text { des, } 6,88 \\ & \text { feht }\end{aligned}$ inch, ists, 2 ds and culls, 8,381 Ash, 1 inch, 1sts, 2 ds and culls, 8,381
feet,
Ash, 2 and 3 inch, 1sts, 2 ds and culis,
 Ash, 2 inch, 1 sts, 2 ds and culls, 3,841
feet.... Basswood, 1 inch, ists and 2 ds , 22, 23
feet feet ,
Cherry, $1 @ 1 / 4$ inch, 1sts, 2ds and
culls, 7,965 feet. $41 \% \ldots \%$
Cherry, assorted, $11 / 2$ to 6 inch, ists
and $2 \mathrm{ds}, 3,195$ feet.
Cherry, $11 / 2,2$ and $21 /$ inch, 1 sts, 2 ds
and culis, 4,034 feet....................
Oak, 1 inch, quartered, $9,0,0$ feet....

Walnut,, to $21 / 2$ inch, 1sts, 2 ds and
culls, $\gamma, 056$ feet.......

Walnut, 4 inch, ists and 2ds, $1,228 \mathrm{ft}$.
Walnut, 2 inch, ish, 1 sts , 2 ds and culls,
3,462 feet
3,462 feet
Walnut
3,543 feet inch, 1sts, ads and cuils,
Whitewood, 94 inch, 1sts. 2 ds and
culls, 8,959 feet.
Whitewood $5 / 8$ inch, 1sts and 2 ds ,
24,023 feet.
Whitewood, 2 inch, 1sts, 2 ds and
culls, 4,937 feet
Whitewood,
4 inch, ists and 2 ds,
3,464 feet.
whitewood, 1 lich, 2 ds and culls,
Whitewood, squares, 1sts, $4,03 \%$
feet $\ldots$..............................
Whit
wards, 1 Its and 2 ds, , 7,105 feet....
Whitewod, $11 / 2$ inch, 1 sts, 2ds and
Whitewood, $11 / 2$ inch, 1 sts, $2 d \mathrm{ds}$ and
culls, 10,42 feet $\ldots . . . . . . . .$.
Whitewood, 4 inch, ists and $2 d \mathrm{~s}$,
Whitewood,
7,831 feet,
Rosewood veneers, 9,991 feet
Cherry veneers, $1 / 1$ inch, 3,130 feet...

## GENERAL LUMBER NOTES.

## THE WEST.

We last week gave a brief extract from the remarks of President A. G. Van Schaick before the Lumber Manufacturer's Association of the Northwest. The following somewhat more extended clipping gives his points in better form:
A review of the lumber trade of the Northwest for
1885 to this time will show a decline in values of fully 15 per cent. below the prices of 1883 , and a reduction in the amount sold of 10 per cent. compared to 1881 .
With no idle saw mills, unless closed recentl but a moderate amount of night sawing; with a demand for lumber at wholesale unsstisfactory to manu-
facturers, which even low prices do not increase facturers, which even low prices do not increase,
candid men cannot deny that the supply has been candid men cannot deny that the supply has been
fully 25 per cent. too great to allow a price to prevail that would pay 6 per cent. upon capital employed, and easonable profit for the risks incidental to ry and If this is the true condition of the lumber trade a further reduction must be made in the annual supply
before the business will afford a reasonable profit unless the demand for lumber increases greatly during 1886, or the cost of production is reduced, or both. which good results may be secured:
1 -Reduce the cost of manufacturing lumber, which supply. supplied.
1885, and pile and carry at the saw mills any surplu above the legitimate demands of busines
ful, being absolutely under the control made successturers; and while the others are correct in theory the are not likely to succeed, as labor will naturally advance rather than decline, now that other branches
of western industry are recovering from the depresof western industry are recovering from the depres-
sion of the past, and the number of immigrants from sion of the past, and the number of
abroad has been greatly reduced.
Should the area of sale and consumption be enlarged, new saw mills will be built in the Northwest and an increased supply of Southern pine may be expected to meet in part the increased demand.
1886 will not increase materially, and that timber and logs will be no cheaper than at present, and the cost is a debatable question, however), we have a smaller supply of lumber, as the only certain remedy to re-

## Saginaw Valley.

Lumberman's Gazettes
Bay City, Mich, $\}$
The pleasant condition of the lumber trade in the Saginaw valley has not been disturbed by the Chicago its curtailment, and feels better and stronger for it There is not a great over-production here, and three fourths of the mills having adopted the 10 -hour sys-
tem the eut will be still further curtailed. Commistem the eut will be still further curtailed. Commission men, dealers and may they have all they can do, and we notice that some of our planing mills are running day and night in order to keep up with orders. The low rates are stimulating orders and shipments. Rates have been made as follows the past week: Buffalo, $\$ 21$ i more, $\$ 24$; Albany, $\$ 30$. These are not g
Sales have not been qu.te as numerous as last week ut a good amount has been sold at prices not varying rom those previously reported. Sales are 200,000 and $\$ 16$ and $\$ 35,1,000,000$ teet at $\$ 9, \$ 18$ and $\$ 38,450,000$ nd $\$ 3,300,000$ feet at $\$ 8, \$ 15$ and $\$ 35$, and a number of other sales at similar figures. A sale is noted at
Cheboygan at $\$ 8, \$ 16$ and $\$ 36$, and an offer of $\$ 15.50$ traight for another cargo.
Water freights have been somewhat advanced, preCity to Bulal and
Bay City to Buffalo and Tonawanda
Saginaw to Buffalo and Tonawanda
Bast Saginaw to Ohio ports.
cargo quotations.
Shipping culls
3-uppers.
$\$ 750 @ 1000$
$1400 @ 2000$
Bill stuff.
$3500 @ 4000$
$750 @ 900$
The Chicago Northwestern Lumberman says a very The result of meager offerings, higher freight rates and the increasing demand in the yards, is to stiffen quotable at $\$ 8.75$ sharp, with an upward tendency. he holders are now looking for the time to come quickly when thay can jog this class of stock up $\$ 9$, and hang there
There is a slight looking up in inch lumber. No. 2 sells at \$10 and upwards. The inch lumber that has to straight No. 2 , and has a large proportion of quality in it. We hear of a sale of No. 2 stock this week at There is much inquiry for strips, fencing appearing disposition also to buy only dry lumber when it can be obtained.
No. 1 boards and strips are also doing well, and are
selling at outside figures quoted this year. One sal was $\$ 19$ the this week at $\$ 18$ a thousand, and another Commission men speak of the increased dealin one. the market in Michigan hardwoods. One dealer been handled through the commission houses this season than ia any former one. The commission men
do not like hardwood, however, and pronounce th handling of it a disagreeable business. They will doubtless think in the same way unt
Quotations are as follows:
Dimension, short, green
No. 2 boards and strips. Nedium stock
$\$ 875 @ 900$
$1200 @ 1400$
$1000 @ 1150$
$1300 @ 1500$
$1600 @ 1800$

The demand for oak and ash from the agricultural implement and wagon factories continues it has not reached any large proportions. Ash boards are still not much wanted, about all that are sold going to the furniture makers, who take some black ash. But thore is no particular life in any line
Yellow pine is still in the dumps, and we are obliged to not, a still lower range on finishing lumber. Higher prices may sometimes be obtained, but only for choice

## lots.

## Lumberman and Manufacturer, <br> Minneapolis, Minn.

The volume of business is entirely satisfactory at
all points in the West. As to prices, the air is full of all points in the West. As to prices, the air is full of rumors of cutting prices, but a large portion of these
cases we flid without foundation. A few firms from which better things ought to be expected are doing the song and dance act once more on the remnants of
Nearly all lumber sold from this centre is sold a list. Present cargo rates at Chicago will not admit of
any such discount. Reports from St, n steady trade with moderate stocks is making the fraternity happy
The chief topic on all sides is the coming log crop. The recent advance in the prices of logs and lumber has certainly stimulated the $\log$ cutters to the exten streams. There will be vast amount less lours hand at the close of the year than last season, and from this fact it is argued that logs will bring a goo price next spring. If logs are not lower next spring lers and loggers who are forcing the market for chance to put in logs.

## ENGLAND.

The London Timber Trades' Journal says

## Liverpool.

During the past week a rare fleet of timber-laden several have arrived, notable amongst them being North America, and pitch pine timber from the South ern States. The timber docks are now full to their utmost capacity, and many vessels are waiting in the
river for their turns for discharging berths river for their turns for discharging berths. Under
these circumstauces there is no reason for that the market should show a downward tendency in nearly every branch, especially when no inconsiderable quantity is brought forward week by week for sale by public auction, and forced off in many cases practically without reserve. Of course much of this
is due to the fact that the cargors are principally consigned by the shipper for realization, and in the present state of the trade buyers gre by no means easy to find who will buy cargoes of 1,000 to 1,500 loads in
one line, so that really the consignee has no alter native left but to sell if possible in the way which i most likely to bring him the most satisfactory return and least risk
Walnutwood-American black comes forward in noderate quantities only, but still sufficient to mee the wants of the market. Common wood is difficult to prime logs are firmpres, but othe other hand very sold at 4 s . 7d and pood held. Medium quality has been American whitewood of prime quality has been sold at 2 s . 6 d . per foot, but common logs are realizing only about 1 s .6 d . to 1 s .9 d . per foot-i. e., from the ship's
Sales at auction of Californian sequoia, ex Chas. 3 s ., average 2 s . $63 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$. per ft
American walnut, ex Roman from Boston, 20 logs $(460 \mathrm{ft}),. 4 \mathrm{~s}$. îd. per ft
American
American walnut, ex Baltimore from Baltimore,
$3 \operatorname{logs}(104 \mathrm{ft}$.), 5 s .6 d , per ft $3 \operatorname{logs}$ ( 104 ft .), 5 s s. 6 d . per ft
6 logs ( 282 ft .), 5 s . 2 d , Guillermo from Baltimore, St. Domingo sabicu, ex Pavo per ft
3 logs ( 183 ft. .), 43 d d. per ft .
Sales at Glasgow of 400 logs American black walnut avg. depth at mid. (calliper) 22 in., sold at 3 s .2 d . to 6 s .
7 d . per cub. ft. string measure d. per cub. ft. string measure, avg. 4s. 2d. 66 in . avg , sold at $1 \mathrm{~s}, 7 \mathrm{~d}$ to 2 s . 6 d , per cub ft. strid measure, avg. about 1s. $111 / \mathrm{d}$ d. At London: American Black Walnut.-There was rather more demand at the auction this week, and
although prices were about the same, it looks as although prices were about the same, it looks as
though some little improvement is likely to show itself. By private contract, we hear some sales of importance have also been made.

NAILS.-Demand has been fluctuating somewhat and a portion of our dealers report less business, but the probabilities are that where iron nails drop off in sales their place is taken by steel and wire nails, both of which are in good favor. Production in the meantime goes on steadily and no actual scarcity of supplies seems to have occurred when calls developed. Quotations remain at $\$ 2.20 @ 2.30$ per keg for 18d. to $60 \mathrm{~d} .$, but the outside figure only on very small lots.
PAINTS AND OILS.-There is nothing positively now on the general market. Demand shows a number of irregular features and occasional hasty complaint is made over the condition of business, yet the more careful and conservative operators claim a really good volume of supplies quietly moving into consumption through ordinary channels. Stocks are not reduced to any serious extent, but there is no surplus of ing to admit that they secure few ferors on are will none that are really quotable. In odd lots costaite little ainount of stock goes out for export Linsee Oil finds very good demand at 44@46e. for Western
and $4 \hat{3}$ 48c. for City. Spirits Turpentine firmly held and, though Cor City, Spirits Turpentine firmly held what with their bids. Quoted 34@351/2 per galton according to quantity, delivery, etc.

PITCH AND TAR.-A good trade demand con tinues, and with some increase in the shipping order business has a generally satisfactory sort of toire About former rates are ruling steadily. We quot Pitch at $\$ 1.60 @ 1.85$ per bbl.; Tar, $\$ 1.80 @ 2.10$ do., according to quantity, quality and delivery.

## SALES OF THE WEEK

The following are the sales at the Real Estate Ex change and Auction Room for the week ending September 25 :

* Indicutes that the property described has been bid in for plaintiff's account:


# Carmine st, No. $\mathrm{F} 6, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}$, abt 125 e Varick st, 25x 62, two-story brick store and dwell'g. Dan <br> Shay..................................... $\$ 10,400$ <br> Downing st, No. $31.1 . \mathrm{ns}$ s, 25 e Bedford st, $25 \times 70$, three-story frame (brick front) building <br> Henry Jonts........... 7iin........iviai. 7,700 <br>  <br> three-story brick (Amt due $\$ 6,783$ ) 8,425 <br> 122d st, se cor 1st av, runs east 40 x south 35 x west 16 x northwest - to av, x north 10 to beginning, one-story brick building. Thos. O'Meara ........................... 550 

*123d st, No. 438, s s, 218.9 w Av A, 18.9x100 two-story frame dwell'g. Aaron S. Rob-

WM. b. LyNCH.
*128th st, No. 41, n s, 535 w 5th av, 20x99.11, three-story frame dwell'g.
Brown. (Amt due $\$ 9,914)$.

Total

| $\$ 37,875$ |
| :---: |
| $\$ 273,910$ |

## BROOKLYN, N. Y.

In the City of Brooklyn, Messrs. J. Cole, T. A. Ker rigan and Taylor \& Fox have made the following sales for the week ending September 24:
*Degraw st, $\mathbf{s} \mathrm{s}$, abt 280 e Nostrand av, abt 130 holm.....................................
$\$ 1,225$
Dodworth st, s e s, 155.4 s w Bushwick av, 25x Harris. Geo. Lt, m s. 80 w w Court st, runs north 100 x west 23.9 x north 99.10 to Baltic st, x west
75 x south 99.10 x east 53 x south 100 x east 75 X south 99.10 x eas
51.3. Theo. Berdell.
Newell st e s, 25 s Nassau av 14...........
Van Buren st, s s, 490 w Patchen av, 20 x 100 Van Buren st, s s, 510 w Patchen av, 20 x 100 .. $\}$
Cath. Marsden......................... Wilson st, No. 7 , abt $20 \times 100$, three-story brick North 3d st, northerly cor 5th st, $50 \times 97$. Henry *6th av, $n$ w cor Carrol st, 20 x 70, , four-story stone front flat. Margarette A. Jones......
$* 6$ th av, s s, 20 n Carroll st , 20x $\mathbf{i} 0$, four-story 6 th av, w s, 20 n Carroll st,
stone front flat. Same.

Total.
Corresponding week, 1884
$\$ 247,850$

## CONVEYANCES.

Wherever the letters Q. C. and C. a. G. occur, preceded by the name of the grantee they mean as follows 1 st-Q. C. is an abbreviation for Quit Claim deed the grantor is conveyed, omitting all covenants or war the gra
ranty.
$2 d-c$
$2 d-C . ~ a . ~ G . ~ m e a n s ~ a ~ d e e d ~ c o n t a i n i n g ~ C o v e n a n t ~$ against Grantor only, in which he covenants that he hath not done any act whereby the estate conveyed may
be impeached, charged or encumbered.

## NEIV YORK CITY.

September 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24
Broadway, e s, 64.8 s 130 th st, runs south 18.5 x east $16.3 \times$ north $2.6 \times$ east 55.9 x north 16 x Frederick W. Flannery to Elizabeth wife of Bartholomew Doyle. M. $\$ 800$. Sept. 23. $\$ 1,850$ Bowery, s w cor Great Jones st, 26.4x107.10x $25 \times 100$
Interior lot off rear of No. 344 Bowery, beginning 90.8 w of Bowery and about 25 s Great Jones st, $25 \times 25$.
Grand st, n s, 125 w Attorney st. $25 \times 100$ 14 th st, s s, 225 e 9 th av, $25 \times 103.3$; also 4 inch strip with party wall.
4th st, s s, 200 e 9th av, runs south 103.1 x east 25 x north 57.1 x west 0.4 x north 46 x Dest 24.8
Delancey st, n w cor Lewis st, 25 x 100 .
D'Arcy Lake, of Corder, Lafayette Co., Mo
Chrystie Nt, No. 176. All title. Sept. 16. 37
Chrystie st, No. 176 . Bill of sale of furniture and fixtures of store and lease of premises.
Clinton st, No. 150, e s, 150 n Grand st, $25 \times 100$, three-story frame tenem't and three-story brick rear tenem't. Louis Tekulski to Morris Rosendorff. Mort. $\$ 7,000$ and taxes 1885. Rosendorft. Mort. $\$ 7,000$ and taxes 1885 . 13,150
Sept, 23 .
Clinton st, No. 146 , e s, 75 s Broome st, $26.4 \times 100$, two-story brick building and six-story brick
rear tenem't Edward Harris to Joseph. Mort. $\$ 8,000$ Aug 31 Cherry st, No. 156. $1-5$ share. Also all title of grantor in estate real and personal be queathed to him by 1 homas Norton, dec'd to trusts, \&c. Sept, 23 .
ame property. Share.
grantor in estate real and personal be-
queathed to him by Thomas Norton, dec'd.
Thomas G. Norton to Daniel L. Cain. Sub.
to trusts, \&c. Sept. 23.
Lme property. Share as above, \&c. Daniel
L. Cain to Mary T, Norton. Sub. to trusts,
\&c. Sept. 24.
 be impeached.

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$\qquad$

[^3]150
$\qquad$
\&c. Sept. 24.
$\square$


Emerson st, $n$ e cor Post av, 101x100.
Post av, n s, 200 e Emerson st, runs north 160 $x$ east $25 x$ south 156.6 to 10 th av, $x$ west 6.1 to Post av, $\mathbf{x}$ west 20 .
along street $92 \times$ x $\mathbf{x}$ south av, runs northwest along street $92 x$ southwest $59.6 \times$ south 59.6
to $\mathrm{Sherman} \mathrm{av}, \mathrm{x}$ east 75.5 to 10th av, x to Sherman av,
northwest 31.10 .
Sherman av, s. s, 25 e Isham st, $50 \times 110.5$, to 10th av, x61x 145.5
10th av, east cor 208th st, $99.11 \times 100$ Harriet E. Kerr to Mary L. Kerr, St. Andrews, Quebec, Can. May 2
story brick tenem't. Peter Kerner to three story brick Sept. 21.
Mulberry st, No. 132, es, 75 n Hester st, $25 \times 50$, 40 three-story frame building with store Caroline Conley, Mary wife of John Mohan, William Conley and James McLaughlin, legatoes Ann Conley, to Joseph Dellert. $1 / 2$ part. mers., axes and assessmts. MeGear and ano. exrs. Ann Connolly, to Joseph Dellert. part. June 5, 1873.
Madison st, No. 203, n s, abt 60 e Rutgers st, runs east to engine house, x north 30 x northwest $3.6 \times$ north $12.6 \times$ west $18.4 \times$ south 46.3 , bounded on rear by alley, three-story frame building. John Greenan, of Donn, Ireland, to John Holloway, Brooklyn. Mort. \$1,000, Sept. 23.
Same property. William J. Greenan to same.
Mort. $\$ 1,000$. Sept. 23.
Morton st, No. 25, n s, 87.8 e Bedford st, 18.8 x
81.3, three story brick dwell'g. Julia Haff, vidow, William E., Alexander, Mary W Agnes B. and Franklin R. Haff to
Stevens. Re-recorded. Mar. 24.
Perry st, No. $48, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}, 50$ e 4 th st, $25 \times 95$, five-story brick flat. Forman Whitney, referee to Anna J. Bennett. July 23.

Stanton st, No. 340, n w cor Mangin st, 19.11 x 70, four-story brick building. Joseph D, Baker to Sarah J. wife of Martin L. Ricker-
son. Mort. 85,000 . Sept. 19. th st, No. $647, \mathrm{n}$, 134.6 w Av C, $19.9 \times 97$, four-
story front and four-story rear brick tenem'ts. Mary Griffin, Dresden, Saxony, to Erwin P. H. Martin. Aug. 21.

9 th st, No. 58, s s, 152.7 e 6th av, 16.8 x 93.11 , four-story stone front dwell'g. Carrie R. wife of Charles L. Watson, Oakland, Cal., to Mary C. Blanck. Mort. $\$ 6,000$. Aug. 29. 12,500 12 th st, No. $644, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}, 183 \mathrm{w}$ Av C, $16.8 \times 103.8$,
four-story brick build'g. William B. Rogers to Charlotte Fromann. Sept. 24.
12th st, s s, 245.6 w Av B, 25x103.3. Release dower. Ann M. Knelles, fwidow, to Lena Boehner, Lizzi, Lena, George H. and Louis H. Bohner. Sept. 8

13th st, No. 251, n n s, 25 e Greenwich av, 25x
103.3 , three-story 103.3, three-story frame (brick front) building and four-story rear brick building. Geoffroy R. Bourke and ano., exrs. Mar
to Hugh McGinty.

17 th st, Nos. 452 and 454 , s s, 100 e 10th av, 50 x 92 , two and three-story frame buildings and dolph Gugrenheimer to John P ${ }^{\text {Gech }}$ dolph Guggenheimer to
Mort. $\$ 14,000$. Sept. 21 .
26 th st, No. $553, \mathrm{n}$ s, 150 e 11 th av, $25 \times 98.9$, fourstory brick tenem't and store. Ada M. Glidden, widow, Toms River, N. J., to Jerusha A. Glidden. Mort. $\$ 1,560$. May 7 . 86 nom story brick build'g and two-story brick rear build'g. Letitia McMurtry, widow, to John McMurtry. $1 / 2$ part. June 25.
28 , four-story brick e Lexington av, 19.0x Griswold, widow, to Matilda L. Schoonmaker Mort. $\$ 5,000$. Aug. 17.
39 th st, No. $520, \mathrm{~s}$ s, 300 w 10th av, $25 \times 98.9$,
ive-story brick tenem t and store.
th st, No. $524, \mathrm{~s}$ s, 350 w 10 th av , 25x98.9,
five-story brick tenem't.
John Hein to Samuel Weil. Mort. $\$ 18,000$. Sept. 18.
45th st, No. 431, us s, 375 w 9th av, 25 s 100.5 , fivestory brick flat. Treumund T. Reinhardt to George Peppler. Mort. \$12,00م. Sept. 15. 24,000
46 th st, No. $448, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}, 175$ e 10 th av, $25 \times 100.5$, five-
story brick flat. Maralens olas Joost to Philipp Schneider. Sept 14, 18,500
46th st, No. 450, s s, 150 e 10th av, $25 \times 100.5$, five-story bric
47th st, No. 179, n e cor 7th av, 20x60.4x20x-, three-story stone front dwell'g. Abraham V. H. Knox, and Maria R. Van Vechten. Sept. ${ }_{17}^{\mathrm{H} .}$
52 d , st, No. $510, \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mathrm{w}$ 10th av, $31.8 \times 100.5$,
two-story frame building and one-story frame

Erear building. Elsworth L. Striker to Mi52 d st, s s, 125 w 10 th av, $6.8 \times 100.5$. James $A$. Striker to same. All title. C. a. G. Sept.
Same property. Elsworth L. Striker, exr, J. M. L. Striker, to same. All title. Sept. 22 . nom 53d st, No. 62, s s, 178 e 6 th av, $21 \times 100.5$, fourstory brick dwell'g. Aaron H. and Julius wife of Henry Blath and Clara Bloom, widow, to Louisa R. wife of Jose Menendrz. Sept. 17 .
Same property. A. H. and Julius Schutz, exts. M. Schutz, to Louisa R. wife of Jose Menendez. Sept. 17.
58 th st, No. $445, \mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 126.5 \mathrm{w}$ Av A, $20 \times 100.4$, four-story brick dwell'g. Francis M. Meade, Julia A. Vesey and Mary A. Mulligan to Ellen M. Cowen. 1.5 part. Sept. 22. nom
$59 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{No} .218, \mathrm{~s}$ s, 230 e 3 d av, 25x 100.1 , three-
 rear building. James Naley to Joseph F Nealy. Sept. 22
Same property. Joseph F. Neaiy to Bridget A. wife of James Naley. Sept. 22. 25 no sath st, No. $226, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{s},, 28 \mathrm{w} 2 \mathrm{av}$, 25 s 100.4 , two-
story brick build'g. Mary E. Farrell, widow, and John Reilly to Anna wife of Thomas Kine. All title. Sub. to all liens. May 9 .
100 Nos. $530-544$, s s , 17 e e 1 th av, 125x 100.5 , five five-story brick flats; Nos. 536 and
538 with stores. Foreclos. Sidney J. Cowen toljHenry Lipman. Sept. 17 . 10,000 68th st, No. $26, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}, 41 \mathrm{w}$ Madison av, $18 \times 100.5$ four-story stone front dwell'g. William T. Colbron to William E. Wheelock. Mort. 814,000 . Sept. 18 . 45,50 story stone front dwell'g. Adolph A. Franke to Robert Froese 0 th st, n s, 425 w 9 th av, $100 \times 100.5$, vacant. Ferdinand Forsch to Owen Donohue. Aug. 25.
zoth st. Party wall agreement. William P. Earle with Owen Donohue. Aug. 28. nom 4th st, No. 335, n s, 325 e 2 d av, 25 x 102.2 , fourstory brick dwell'g. Elizabeth Brock, heir
F. Brock, to Sarah Brock, widow. All title. F. Brock, to Sarah Brock, widow. All title. Sept. 19.
78th st, No. $247, \mathrm{n}$ s, 194.4 w 2 d av, $13.10 \times 102.2$, three-story brick dwell'g. Peter Sheridan to Edward Reilly. Sept. 2
3 d st, n e eor Madison av, $25 \times 102.2$, vacant. Jacob Ruppert to Juhn Weber. Aug. 2, 1883.
90 th st, s s, 100 e 9 th av, $75 \times 100.8$, vacant. Frederick K. Keller to Herman Hoefer and Sept. 10 .
90 th st, $n$ s, 100 e 9 th av, $150 \times 100.8$, vacant James H. Coleman to George A. Thomas. Sept. 23. Life Ins. Co., New York, to George A. Thomas. Aug. 12. 18.00 90 th st, 8 s, 200 w 2 d av, $100 \times 100.8$, vacant. Sub. to mort Sept 2 Sub. to m. Sept. 22. 32,000 me, ${ }^{\text {B }}$, 260 A. Bogert to Jonas Weil and Bernhard Mayer. Sept. 24.
103 d st, No. $217, \mathrm{n}$ s, 280 e 3d av, $25 \times 100.11$, five story brick flat and store. Jonas Weil and Bernhard Mayer to Samuel Weil. Mort. $\$ 14,000$. Sept. 10.

25,000
Same property. Samuel Weil to Margaret wife of John Hein. Mort. $\$ 14,000$. September 104 th st, $n$ s, 140 e New av, $50 \times 100.11$, vacant. 105 th st, s s, 140 e New av, $50 \times 100.11$, vacant Maurice Moore to Nelson M. Whipple. Aug.
104 th st, s s, 230 w 4th av, $25 \times 100.10$, four-story stone front flat. John H. Summerhayes to James D. Dalton. All liens. Q. Q. Apr. 16. nom 09th st, No. $169, n \mathrm{~s}, 173.9$ e 4th av, $18.9 \times 100.11$, three-story brick dwell'g and two-story frame
rear building. Archibald Mitchell, Jr, to Narah O. Mitchell. Sept. 19. 15,000 111th st, No. $245, \mathrm{n}$ s, 74 w 2 d av, $26 \times 75.7$, fourstory brick tenem't. Mathilde wife of Theodore Von Ellert to Hannah M. Hand. September 21. three-story stone front dwell'g. Caroline wife of Columbus Sprotto to Catherine Barry Morts. $\$ 7,500$. Sept. 21. 11,000 17 th st, No. $405, \mathrm{n}$ s, 94 e 1 st av, $16.8 \times 100.11$, four-story brick dwell'g. John Schwegler to Patrick Daly. Sept. 19. story stone front dwell'g. $13 \times 100.11$, three Addison P. Smith to Robert Underhill, Yonkers. Morts. $\$ 9,500$. Sept. 17.
126 th st, No. $127, \mathrm{n}$ s, 535 w 3 d av, $12.6 \times 99.11$, three-story brick dwell'g. Abbie H. Wightman wife of Frederick B. to James S. Wightman. Release dower. Sept. 16.
Same property. James S. Wightman to Mary A. Davis. Sept. 19.

127 th st, No. 72, s s, 140 w 4th av, $25 \times 99.11$,
three-story frame dwell'g and stable three-story frame dwell'g and stable. Fran cis Geis to William C. Boyd. Mort. \$5,000.
Sept. 19. 127th st, No
127 th st, No. 142 , s s, 275 e 7 th av, $15 \times 99.11$, threestory stone front dwell'g. Melvina $\mathbf{P}$. wife Mort. $\$ 10,000$. See 6 th av. Sept. 17 . 15,000 127th st, No. 134, s s, 337.6 e 7 th av, $15.10 \times 99.11$, three-story stone front dwell'g. Benjamin ney Mort \$6500 Sept?
129th st, No. 28, s s, 335 e 5 th av, $25 \times 99.11$, fowo-
story brick dwell'g. John H. Bellamy to La vinia B. Hayward. M. 87,500 . Sept. $19.10,250$ three-story stone front dwell'r, James S , Wightman to Sarah H. Whitlock. Mort. 87,000. Sept. 19 . 13,500 32 st , Nos. 231-245, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 275 \mathrm{w}$ av, 125.6x 99.11, eight three-story stone front dwellgs lsaac Siens 156 th st, s s, 4255 Grand Boulevard, 50x99.11. Release mort. Mary E. Miller, New Wind Sept. 16
1 ith st, centre line, runs north to an angle which is a little south of 215 th st, $x$ west $40 x$ north to centre 215th st, x west to a point which would be the intersection of centre line of 14th av, $x$ south along said centre of 14th av, to a line which would be the centre of 214th st, $x \in$ to beginning, contains 4713-1,000 acres, excepting any part that may be included in a deed from S . Thompson to I . and M . Dyckman, two-story dwellg. Foreclos. Chas.
E. Lydecker to Isidor Straus.
30,000 E. Lydecker to Isidor Straus. A. Nos. 306 and 308 , s e cor 19th st, $42 \times 90$, wv and thwry tory brick build, an st Mary av and Dristin O'Connor and ano exrs 'Thomas I O'Con nor Aug 21 , 15,000 Lexington av, Nos. 71 and 73, e s, 49.4 s 26 th st, $49.4 \times 100$, two four-story brick dwell'gs. Issac Prince to Austin Gibbins, Mort. $\$ 30,000$ New av, first west of 8 th av, n w cor 145 th st , l $99.11 \times 100$, vacant.
145th st, n s, 100 wN New av, 73x99.11, vacant. Michael H . Cashman to Edmund Comn, J s 76 th st, $25 \times 100$, fiv story brick flat and store. Peter Jaeger to Elka Marx. Mort. $\$ 13,000$. Sept. 21. 26,000 1st av, s e cor 122 st, runs east 100 x south cant. Cornelia Austin to William Austio All liens. May 29.

## 1st av, s w cor 92 d st, $50.8 \times 100$, vacant.

92 d st. s s, 100 w 1 st av, 25 jx 100.8 . vacant.
William C. Renwick, et al., exrs. W. R. Ren
wick to Emeline and Elizabeth Johnston.
Sept. 21 . 12 d st, runs east 40 x south 19,000
st av, s e cor 125
st av, s e cor 122 d st, runs east 40 x south 35 x
west 16 x northwest to 1 st av, x north 10 , onewest 16 x northwest to 1 st av, x north 10 , one-
story brick building. Foreclos. Louis M. story brick building; Foreclos. Louis M.
Doscher to Thomas O'Meara. Sent. 23 . $2 \mathrm{dav}, \mathrm{No} .1558$, es, 20 s 81 stst, 17 x 77 , four-story stone front store and tenem't. Susanna wife of Lorenz Burghardt to Richard Bishop and 2 d av, e s, 75.5 n 103 d st. 25 x 74.7 , vacant. John D. Karst, Jr., to William Bernard. Mort. $\$ 8,000$. Sept. 21 . 14,500 3 d av, Nos. $1860-1864, \mathrm{~s}$ w oor 103 d st. $75.8 \times 102.6$, three flve-story brick flats with stores. Thomas Maguire to Joseph J. Carberry. September 18. 4th av, Nos. 1467 and 1469, e s, 64.8 s 85 d st, 37.6 x100, two four-story stone front flats. John B. Squier to Mary M. Crank. Morts. $\$ 28,000$. 4th av, No. 1641. es, 36.5 n 91 st st, $16 \times 70$, threestory stone front dwell'g. Contract, party ivering. Susan wife of John Sullivan to Lil lie E. wife of Horace D. Sherrill. Sept. 18 6th av, No. 2265, w s, 46.11 n 130 th st, $25.8 \times 90$, three-story brick dwell'g. William H. De Forrest to Melvina P. wife of Robert M. Cugle. Mort. $\$ 13,000$. Sea 127 th st. Sept. $21.20,000$ Sth av, ws, 50 s 133 dst , 49, $11 \times 100$, two five-story brick flats and stores. Contract. Peter McCormack to William W. Egbert, Montclair, N.
J. Sept. 21. 8th av, wept. 39.11 n 140th st, 60 x 90 , three three story brick stores and dwell'gs. Patrick J O'Brien to Amelia Bader. Sept. 15. 24,50 9 th av, se cor 66 th st, $100.5 \times 100$, vacant.
John T. Daly to James Flanagan. Morts. $\$ 62,000$. Re recorded. Gct. 21, 1873. 68,500 9 th av, n w cor 68th st, 100.5x 100, vacant. St. McKean Hospital to John Borkel and 44.000 1 th av, Nos. 740 and 742, e s, 25.1 n 52 d st 6. 11 to centre old Hoppers lane, x southea. along centre line $60.9 x$ south 52 d st, No 573 , n s 60 e 11 th av, runs nort 816 to centre Hoppers lane, $x$ southeast along lane $20.3 \times$ south 78.4 to 52 d st, x west 20, four-story brick building.
Herman H. Ausderoh to Anna A. wife of John
 st, $\mathbf{x}$ west to high water mark, x south to 58th st, $x$ east to beginning, with land under water Me., vacant. The Union Stock Yard and Market Co. to Joseph Eastman. Sept. 18. Interior lot, 222 e Madison av and 98.9 n 33 d st, runs east 34.6 x south $4.6 \times$ west 34.6 x north 4.9. Bryan Lawrence to Mary Rogers.
Sept. 18. MISCELLANEOUS.
Certificate of incorporation of the Congrega tion Anschi Libwit
General release. Hebrew Benevolent Orphan Asylum, New York. consid. $\$ 1,000$; The Mount Sinai Hosoital, consid. $\$ 1,000$, and Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, consid $\$ 500$, to Aaron H. and Julius Schutz, exrs

General release, legacies, \&c. Julius Schutz, individ., consid. $\$ 5,000$, and Aaron H. and Julius Schutz, trustees, consid. $\$ 36,000$, for benefit of minor children, to A. H. and J. Schutz, as exrs. of Mayer Schutz. Sept. 24.
Last will and testament of Warren Harriot, Last will and testament of Warres.
dec'd and 24th WarDS.
Lyman pl, s e cor Freeman st, 50x93.11. Release mort. Lyman Tiffany and ano., exrs. and trustees Charlotte L. Fox, to Lyman Tiffany, individ. Sept. 19.
Rockfield st, n s, 900 e Marion av, $25 \times 100$. Wil-
liam S. and Charles W. Opdyke to Elizabeth $\operatorname{liam}_{\text {wife }}$ S. and Charles W. Opdyke to Elizabeth wife of Clement H . Wainwrigbt. Sept. 10.350
Rogers pl, w s, 283.10 n Westchester av, 73.4 x Rogers $\mathrm{pl}, \mathrm{w} \mathrm{s}$, 283.10 n Westchester av, 73.4x
$100 \mathrm{x} 72.4 \times 100$. Release mort. Lyman and H . 100x ${ }^{\text {D. Tiffiany and ano., trustees Mary P. Tucker, }}$ D. Tiffany and ano., trustesg. Mary
to Herman Wronkow. Aug. 12 .

Summit st, n s, 439.3 w Williamsbridge road, $25 x 100$. James E. Miller, Syracuse, N. Y. ${ }_{3}$,
to A nnie Sutcliffe. Washington st, lot 27 map of property Eliz. Ashe, Morrisania, $25 \times 102$. Thomas Green to Thomas De Grasse. Sept. 8 . ${ }^{\text {The }}{ }^{45}$ Re-recorded. Q. C. Sept. 3, 1868 . non Washington st, lot 26 map of property of Eliz. Ashe, Morrisania, I. to William J. Pragnell.
Sept. 8.
d pl, n , 350 w Grove av, $100 \times 100$. John L. Lindheim, exr. and trustee Moses
to Abraham B. Frank. Sept. 16 .
same property. Hannah wife of and Moses Oppenheimer, San Antonio, Texas, Max and Louis Lindheim and Helen J. Lindheim and Sarah wife of Abraham B. Frank to same. July 21.
138th st, ne s, 46.3 s e Mott av, runs north 88.4 x east 35 x north 125 x east 66 to New York
$\&$ Harlem R. R., x south 233 to 138th st, x northwest 73.5 . Release mort. Frederick W. Bampton to Mary Hopkins. Sept. 18, 2,000
148th st, n s, 300 w Courtlandt av, 50x106,6. 148th st, n. s, 300 w Courtlandt av, 50 x 106.6 .
John Weisbrod, usually called J. Disbrow, of Columbus, Ga., to Cyrillus Nitsch. Aug. 1.1

151st st, n s, 375 w Courtlandt av, $25 \times 116.6 \mathrm{x}$ 25x116.5. John Winter to Herman Herold and Annie M. his wife. Sept. 19.
152d st, n s, 425 e Courtlandt av, $25 \times 100, \mathrm{~h} \& 1$. John Frees to Xavier Schafer. Sept. 17. 1,67
Franklin av, n w s, part lot 131 map MorrisFranklin av, n w s, part lot 131 map Morris-
ania, $9 \times 95 \mathrm{x} 99$. Theodora Ernst to N. D. Lawania, $\mathrm{xx9x95}$.
Same property. Release mort. Lucy R. Com-
fort to Theodora Ernst. Sept. 5 .
Grant av, w s, south $1 /$ of $\operatorname{lot} 215$ map of East.
Grant av, w s, south 115 of lot 215 map of East Tremont, runs north $33 x$ west $150 x$ south
along Southern Boulevard 35 , $x$ east 140 , with 42 foot right of way, \&c. Sarah A. Reid to Walter C. Reid. July 22 . Grant av, w s, north $1 / 2$ lot 215 map East Tremont, $33 x 150$.
mont, $\varepsilon 0.5 \times 150.5 \times 94 \times 150$, with 42 foot right of way
Sarah A. Reid to Annabella C. Ford. July 22 .
Morris av, $\mathbf{n}$ cor Van Stall st, $46 \times 100 \times 54 \times 100.2$, hs \& ls. Bryan Gaffney to Joseph Gaffney. Mort. $\$ 5,000$. Sept. 19.
Prospect av, n w s, lot 47 map Woodstock, 120
$\times 350$. Margaret M , Anna Wehner. 1/8 part. C. a. G. Sept. 21. non Railroad av, e s. part of lot 59 map Upper Morrisania, $54 \times 150$. Foreclos. Silas D. Gifford to Thomas Thwaite, Yonkers. July 7 .
Strong av, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 16.6$ e Tinton av 2,700
20.6 Strong av, ns s, 16.6 e Tinton av, $20.6 \times$ abt 83 .
Release mort. $R$. Clarence Dorsett to John W. Derker. Sept. 10 .

Same property. John W. Decker to Stefano Civiletti. Mort. $\$ 1,250$. Sept. 17. mack to John W. Decker. Sept. 17.1150 Stebbins av, e s, 413.4 n 165th st, 25 x . 54.1 x 25.4 x 150 Release mort. Maria A. Pell, Brooklyn,
to Lyman Tiffany. Sept. 15 . Westester av, x177. Henry K. Du Bois, of De Land, Florida,
Frances E. and James H. Du Bois, heirs K. Du Bois, and Mary H. Du Bois, widow, to Dumuel G. Douglass. Sept. 4.
Same property. Release mort. George C. Glacius to Francis E., James H. and Mary H., West Farms to Hunts Point
Erdenbrechers land, runs east 5 rods to adj. C. West Farms creek, x north following creek $21 /$ rods, $x$ west 5 rods $x$ south $21 /$ rods, 24 th Ward. Joseph Horridge to Edward K. Sherwood. C. a. G. Sept. 16.
${ }_{125} \mathrm{ar}$, Mars, s . s from junction Devoe st, 25 x to John J. Leddy. Donobue. formerly Leddy, 3d av, w s 75 s 169 th st, $128 \times 10 \mathrm{x} 130 \times 95$. William N. Lewis, Sarah F. Kelsey, Euretta L.
Clocke and Charlotte S . Helberd to John Eichler. Sept. 21.
Lots $351,352,353,354.355$ and 356 map West Morrisania, part W. H. Morris farm. Harvey Kennedy to William F. Shirley. Contract. 1/2 part. Oct. 1, 1884.
F. Shirley to Henry Rosever.

Same property Assign. no Rosever to Louis Rosenfeld.
Plot ou boundary bet. A. Denike and land late of Eliza Hunt and Mary A. Hunt at point 435
R northwest of road rom West Farms to Hunts Point, 159x138x173.6x40.6x82.6, beifng Mare. Alexander V. Davidson, Dherifr, to Mary R. ${ }_{10}$

## LEASEHOLD CONVEYANCES.

Chatham st, No. 150. Saloon. Andrew Petersen to Michael O'Connell. Assign lease. nom
Houston st, No. 413 East. Assign. short leases. Houston st, No. 413 East. Assign. short leases. Frank Freidank to Christian Kunold. Fram
Lewis st, w s, 100 n Rivington st, $25 \times 100$. Frank Lewis st, w s, 100 n Rivington st, $25 \times 100$. Frank
Rcosevelt to Charles G. Bitz. 21 years, from Rcosevelt to Charles G. Bitz. 21
Sept. 2, 1885, per year, 4th st, s s, 263.4 w Av C, 24.8x96.2. Assign. lease Rosalie Cohen to Ignaz Waizmann and Margaretha his wife 22 d st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s},$,125 e llth av, $50 \times 88.8$. Mary C. wife of John D. Ogden to Alfred W. Budlong.
21
23 d st, s s, 125 e 11 th av $50 \times 98.8$, 23 st, s s, 125 e 11 th av, 50 x 98.8 . William T.
Moore to Alfred W. Budlong 21 years, from Sept. 1, 1885. per year, taxes, \&ce, and 900 23 d st, Nos. 6 and 7 E ., store and basement 23d st, Nos, 6 and 7 El, store and basement. H . Capen. 43 d st, No. $64, \mathrm{~s}$ s, 125 e 6 th av, $20.8 \times 100.5$. Glorvina R. Hoffman, widow, to Richard P. taxes, \&c., and 9 th av to 10 th av, 85 th st to 86 th st, lots 16 32 block $174,22 \mathrm{~d}$ Ward. The Mayor, \&c., New
York, to W. B. Ludlow. Tax lease for taxes 1869 and 1870.100 years. 1 Same property. Assign lease. Wm. B. Lud-
low to Joseph C. Pinckney. Same property. Charles C. Pinckney exr. J.
C. Pinckney to Mary C. Ludlow. Same property. Assign lease. Mary C. Lud-
low to George Hoadley. 10th av, w s, 2.1 n 47 th st, $25.1 \times 100$. Assign. lease. Peter Schaeffler to John M. Canda and
John P. Kane.
20,00

## KINGS COUNTY.

September 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24.
Butler st, n s, 90 w 5th av, $20 \mathrm{x} 144.8 \times 20 \times 144.9$. Partition. George B. Abbott to Max T. Prichaelson.
Bartlett st, n s, 225 w Throop av, 25x100, h \& 1 . Christian Gunkel to John E. Heitmann and Lucia bis Bond st, w s, 20 n Douglass st, $20 \times 50$. Partition.
Bernard J.' York to Mary Butler st, sw cor East 29th st, $42.9 \times 100 \times 45.5$ 100
Nostrand av, se cor Grant st, 670.4 to Vernon av, $x 5.11$ to Franklin st, x671.6 to Grant st, x 5.6 , Flatbush.
John Lefferts and ano., exrs. and trustees Boerum st, n s, 597.9 e Bushwick av, 25x50.8x 525 25.1x52.5. Marvin Cross, Sherlock Austin and John H. Ireland to Elizabetha and Heinrich A. Mahla
Boerum st, n s, 274.4 w White st, 25x43.8x25.1x 41.11. Marvin Cross, Sherlock Austin and John H. Ireland to Anton Gahz and Victoria
his wife. Cedar $29 \times 5$.6. Henry Katzmann to Jacob Goedtel. Mort. \$6,000.
Chestnut st, w s, 800 n 4 th st, $25 \times 150$, New Lots. Sarah M. wife of Samuel Rowe, Portland, Me., to Jacob Clute and Elizabeth his wife, joint tenants.
Chestnut st, w s, 675 n 4 th st, 25 x 150 , East New York. Elizabeth wife of Jacob Clute to Francis Flynn and Ellen J. his wife. Mort. $\$ 500$.
Columbia st, w s, 100 n Union st, $21 \times 80$. Abra- 950
ham Grenabaum to Louis Dreyfuss. nom
Same property. Louis Dreyfuss to Julia Grana-
Crown st, s s, 175 w Franklin av, 47.10 x 167.2 x $67.2 \times 25 \times 100$ Sidney V. Lowell to Bernard
Burke and Catharine his wife Burke and Catharine his wife.
Conselyea st, s s, 250 w Lorimer st, 25 x 75 . JosConselyea $\mathrm{st}, \mathrm{s} \mathrm{s}, 250 \mathrm{w}$ Lorimer st, 25 x 75 . Jos-
eph P. Cuthbert to Augustus Sandblown.
3,000 Clinton st, No. 27, e s, 188.2 n Pierrepont st, 25x 100.3x24.11x100.6. Leila B. wife of and Clarence H. Scrymser, New York, to Martin D. ence H. Scymser, New Iork, to Martin 11,
Tyrrell. Mort. $\$ 7,000$. Cumberland st, e s, 210.3 s Park av, $17 \times 100$ Amelia C. Mole, Philadelphia, Pa., to Margaret A. and Catharine F. O'Connor. 4,500 Douglass st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 130 \mathrm{w} 5$ th av, 20x 100 . Partition. George B. Abbott to Edward F, FletchDouglass Annie his wife.
Dougerg B, A, Partition. Duryea st, se s, 250 n e Broadway, $125 \times 100$. James Christopher to Mary W. Trowbridge. Mort. $\$ 1,875$. $\quad 6$, 00
 B. Emerson and Oscar V. Smith, Portsmouth Va., to Christopher P. Skelton. $\quad 1,60$ Debevoise st, ns, 100 e Humboldt st, $25 \times 100$, $h$

Decatur st, n s, 450 w Patchen av, $50 \times 100$. Julius B. Davenport to Elizabeth Phelan. 3,000 Diamond st, n s, $1,202.1$ e Main st, $100 \times 200$, Flatbush. George H. Stone to Henry Martin. Mort. \$1,800.
Devoe st, n s, abt 155 e Judge st, $25 \times 100$. Frank Schaefer to Xaver Schoch. $\quad$ no Ellery st, n s, $\begin{gathered}\text { sity of Brooklyn to Caspar Volhard and }\end{gathered}$ Charles Rissler. Q. C. Caspar Volhard and uiton 今, s, Isaac H. Herbert to Emeline R. Herbert. Freeman st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 300$ e Manhattan av, late Union av, $25 \times 100$, h\&l. Harrison Gordon to Adam

Franklin st, e s, 110 s Oak st, 20x70. Elizabeth Fay.
Gerry st, n s, 275 e Harrison av, $25 \times 100, \mathrm{~h}$ \& 1 . Caspar Volhard to Henry C. McBrair, of Laspar
Gold st, w s, 97 n Tillary st, runs north 102,11 x west 70 x north 60 x west 10 x north 25 west 23 x south 22 x west 25 x south 68 x east 26.6 x south 96 x east abt 26.1 x south 25 east 25 x north 22 x east 50 . Adelaide E . wife of Alfred Van Derwerken to The Hop kins \& Dickinson Manufacturing Co. 11,000
 Kansas, to Nancy B. Wheeler. Q. C. 90 Same property. Nancy B. Wheeler to George S. Wheeler. Q. C. . Willoughby av, 24.4 x Graham st, e s, 386 s Willoughby av, 24.4 x
182.10 to Kent av. George S . Wheeler to Thomas F. Harrington. Grove st, $5 \mathrm{~s}, 185 \mathrm{w}$ Hamburg av, $100 \times 100$. Justus Schoenewald to Henry spengler. 3,00 Halsey st, n s. 160.10 e Reid av, $17.10 x 100$ Frederick, John and Frederick, Jr., Dhuy, to
Fredericka Zehner. Fredericka Zehner.
Same property. Mary T. Fox to James ConnolHalsey st, n s, 160.10 e Reid av, $17.10 \times 100 \mathrm{nom}$ Halsey st, ns s, 160.10 e Reid av, 17.10x100. Contract. John, Frederick and Frederick, Jr., Dmb, to Fredericka Ze Margart, C , Margaret A. Adom Tiolmann to Harman st, $n \mathrm{w}, 260 \mathrm{~s}$ w Central ay 20x100, h \& 1. James Gascoine to Emil Kieser
Harman st, $\mathrm{nws}, 240 \mathrm{~s} w$ Central ov val. consic \& 1 Jomes Gascoine to Jacob K. Eberle and Mary L. his wife.
Harman st, $n$ w $\mathrm{s}, 20 \mathrm{~s}$ w Contral av nom \& l. James Gascoine to John Ernst. val. consid Hancock st, s s, 360 e Nostrand ev, $22 \times 100$ James D. Lynch, New York, to Robert W Gleason.
Hart st, s s, 40 e Nostrand av 20 x 75 , h \& Thomas E. Greenland to Sherlock Austin Mort. $\$ 3,500$. Thomas J Moore and John G. Price to Georg W. Githens. Mort. $\$ 3,500$,

6,000
Heyward st, s s, 148.6 w Marcy av, 18.6x100.

Louisa wife of Henry Grasman to Frank A. Wollensak, Mort. $\$ 3,500$
Hart st, s s, 60 e Nostrand av, 20x75, h \& 1
Thomas E. Greenland to Charles E. HarHerkimer st, s ө cor Stone av, $25 \times 100$. Henry Klingenstein, New York, to Philip Straus. 400 Herkimer st, n s, 250 e Buffalo av, 25x100. Fore clos. Walter G. Rooney to Anna Burr, Mt. Kisco, N. Y.
Hoyt st, e s, $38.2 \mathrm{n} 2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{st}, 19.1 \times 82.6 \times 19 \times 81.8$. h \& 1. John Ordronaux, Roslyn, L. I., to Ellen Collins. C. a. G. Rockaway av, $78.8 \times 100$, hs $\&$ ls. Charles E. Cozzens and William $H$ Barton to Francis J. McMahon. Mort.
$\$ 11,500$. Ie property. Elizabeth W. Aldrich. New and William H
Hull st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 262.6$ e Saratoga av, $17.6 \times 100, \mathrm{~h}$
Hull st, n s, 297 e Saratoga av, $53 \times 100$, hs \& 1 s .
Hull st, n s, 66.8 w Hopkinson av, $16.8 \times 100$,
hul st
Louis H
Adams.
Huntingto
Hunus canal st, n e cor Smith st, 420 to Gow anus canal, x $232.6 \times 4759 \times 225.6$. Eugene R Mort. $\$ 20,000$. 50,0
Jackson st, s s, 200 e Leonard st, 25x 100 , h \& John Hein to Samuel Weil. Mort. $\$ 1,000$. 3,00 Jefferson st, s s, 647 e Throop av $18 \times 100$. William V. Studdiford to Patrick Nolan. $\quad 4,900$ Same property Geore H Granniss
liam V. Studdiford. Release mort.
Jefferson st, w s, 206.10 n Atlantic av, 25x100
East New York. Edward F. Linton to Edward Callaghan and Kate his wife.
Same property. Sarah, Catharine and William Stoothoff, and Arabella O. Waters to Edward Linton. Release mort.
Kosciuskost, n s, 300 w Stuyvesant av, $14.6 \times 100$. Wilhelmina D. wife of Gustav Zimmermann to Bridget Donohue. Mort. $\$ 1,800$.
Little st, 68 from United States st, runs east 55 x north 21.8 x west to Little st, x south to beginning. William P. Carroll to Catharine
Carroll.
nom
Lincoln
118.8 . Pl, n s, 100 e 5 th
av,
, 19 x
x 122.8 x 50.7 x win Leach.
Magnolia st, s e s, 200 n e Knickerbocker av, st, x southwest 25 x northwest 100 almeth st, x southwest 25 x northwest 100 x south-
west 25 x northwest 100 . Andrew J. Moses to John H. Scheidt and Louis B. Schuler. 1,400
Macon st, Nos. 210 and 212, brown stone houses sub. to morts. $\$ 8,50$. Emma L. Turner av New York City. Sub to Morts. 80.500 and interest due, also tates for 1883 and 188 Macon th 340 Throop ar 30 100 b \& Josephine wife of William Herod to Mary
${ }_{\mathrm{E}}$ Josepife of \$4,000.
Maujer st, n s, 100 w Ewen st, 100x100. Maria Fleckenstein and ano., exrs. M. Fleckstein to Oscar Neubert. Mort, $\$ 13,000$.

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Same property. Release dower. Maria Fleckstein, widow, to same.
Prospect st, $n$ e cor Sherman st, $50 \times 100$, Flatbush. Catharine Hegeman to Soren Han sen.
President st, n s, 192.8 w Hoyt st, 16x98, h \& l. Joseph P. McInenly to Sarah A. White. Mort. $\$ 2,500$.
Pacific st, n s, 197 e Smith st, runs east 14 f x north 100 x west 11 x south 10 x west 3 x south 90. Fannie M. wife of and Benjamin G. Oppenheim, to William A. Darling, President Murray Hill Bank. Mort. $\$ 3,500$. nom Quincy st, s s, 204 w Reid av, $18 \times 100$. Samuel W. Post to Henry C., de Rivera. Mort.
8,000
$8, \$ 50$. Richardso
Richardson st, s s, 163.6 w Lorimer st, $11.6 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{x}$ -, small gore. Caroline S. Herring, widow F. Ayres. Fichardson
Richardson st, s s, 163.6 w Lorimer st, $11.6 \mathrm{x}-\mathbf{x}$ Thomas O'Reilly. Ayres, Morristown, N. J., to 50 A wife of Joseph Todd to Mary A wife of A. wimes Kelly.

Skillman st, e s, 100 n Lafayette av, $19.4 \times 100$, h \& 1. Joseph Waters, New York, to Sarah M. Taylor, widow. Q. C
Somers st, n e cor Rockaway av, $51.9 \times 100, \mathrm{~h} \&$ 1. George R. Brown to John Kenna. 16,000 Same property. Release mort. Elizabeth W. Sackett st, n s, 199.6 w 5th av, $7.6 \times 100$. James D. Lynch, New York, to Joseph Morris. exch Sandford st, w s, 201.6 n Myrtle av, $18.9 \times 100$, \& 1. Frank A. Wollensack to Louisa wife of Henry Grasman. Mort. \$2,500.
Schermerhorn st, n s, 78.3 w Wmith st, 20x--x $20 x 53.11$. Millidge D. Messinger to Henry S.
Johnson. Johnson.
Shaffer st, e s, 175 n Bushwick av, $16.8 \times 100$, h l. Maria wife of Joseph Hopkins, Sr., to AnStagg st, s s, 300 w W aterbury st, 25x100. Mary Stagg st, s s, 300 w W aterbury st, $25 \times 100$. Mary
S. wife of Charles R. Baker, formerly Mary S. wife of Charles R. Baker, formerly Mary
S. Schenck, heir Chas. Schenck, to Magdalena wife of Jacob Schneider. 1,100 Stagg st, n s, 55.4 e Waterbury st, $25 \times 100.1 \times$ mann. pl No, 136. Release contract C \&c Jane R McKinley and Louis Town send to William A. Husted.
Sumpter st, s s, 120 w Rockaway av, runs south $10 . \mathrm{x}$ west 20.4 x north - x west 0.2 x - to Sumpter st, $x$ east 20.6. Albert Woodruff to Julius E. and Hugo M. Hintze. Taxes, as sessmts, \&c., from 1881.
Suydam st, n w s, 292,11 s w Wyckoff av, 50 x 100. Ann E. Crouse, widow, to Agnes wife of S. M. Steven.

Stauhope st, n w s, 271.7 s w Wyckofl av, 25 x 100. James A. Bills to Adolph Sussman. nom Tillary st, n s, 64.9 w Jackson st, 20x50.5. Adam Walker to Patrick Dooley.
Union st, n s, 258.11 e 5th av, 16.8x95. Wilbur T. Calvert to Charles A. Kimball, Crawford, N. J. Assessmts, \&c.

Van Buren st, s s, 466.8 w Sumner av, $19.2 \times 100$ h \& l. Patrick Concannon to Fanny wife of Henry Hutchison, New York. M. \$3,500. 6,400 1. Philip Steingotter to William Grimm and Maria his wife joint
Warria his wife, joint tenants. 6,000

Winthrop st, s s, 2,386.6 e Flatbush av $40-109,6$
Flatbush. Ebenezer Cox to George W. Lush.
Woodbine st, ses, 275 n e Central av, $25 \times 100$. Elizabeth L, wife of George F, Booth to Alice wife of Isidore Fie.
Wilson st, n w s, 190 s w W ythe av, $30 \times 100$, \& 1. Edward E. Wells to John H. McCoy. 5,75 South $2 d$ st, $n$ s, 121.5 w 11 th st, runs north 104 x west 8.9 x southwest to point 85.8 n of South $2 d$ st, $x$ south 85.8 to South $2 d$ st, x east 25, h \& 1. Elise Meyer to Andreas Spenkuch and Margaretha his wife, joint tenants, New York. Mort. \$2,500.
4 th pl, n s, 128 w Clinton st, $20 \times 133.5$. Michael Miller to Albert A. Scales.
South 4th st, n e s, 50 n w 12th st, $25 \times 95.2$.
South 5 th st, n e s, 175 se 11 th st, $25 \times 1 / 2$ block. Mary De Angelis to James Gardner. Release.

4th st, east cor North 14th st, $100 \times 100$. Fore-
close. Charles B. Farley to Michael Newman.
North 4th st, s s, lot 33 map made by D. Ewen in Aug., 1827 , $25 \times 60$. Harvey Maugam, Jr.,
to John B. Grimes and Anna E. Grimes. Mort. $\$ 1,000$.
5 th st, west cor North 14th st, 100 x 88.6 x 100 x miah V. Meserole
7 th st, s w cor North 7th st, $25 \times 100$. Nancy B. Wheeler to Armand and Jules Wolff and Nathan Meyer.
8th st, s s, 307.10 e 6th av, $60 \times 100$. Jane M., Frark J. and Henry R. Goodnow, exrs. A. F. Contains nominal release dower from Jane M. Goodnow, widow. 4,500 8th st, $n$ s, 95.9 e 4th av, $110 \times 100$. Julia $G$ Jerome, widow, New Y
11 th st, s s, 197.10 w 5th ar, 100 c 100 . Sophie Parker, Oulton.
Same property. Release mort. Asa W. Parker to same

12th st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 155.4$ e 7th av, $5^{n} \times 100$, hs \& ls. isabella wife of William Brown to Jane M. Goodnow. Morts. $\$ 9,100$
14th st, n s, 289.6 e tht av, $16.8 \times 100, \mathrm{~h}$ \& 1 . Mary wife of Francis Ramsey to John A. Anderson. Mort. $\$ 1,000$.
17 th st, n e s, 240 s e 6th av, $17.6 \times 80$. Mary B. Dorlon, widow, Philadelphia, Pa., to Carl Fiehn.
31st st, s w s, 100 s e 4th av, $25 \times 100.2$. Michael
Owens to Elizabeth wife Owens to Elizabeth wife of John E. Owens. Mort. $\$ 400$.
Atlantic av, n s, 198 w Hicks st, runs west 20.6 x north $70 \times$ east $8.6 \times$ southeast - x south 58.4 , store. Catharine S. and Annie T. Houghton and Nellie M. wife of and George L. Abbott to Frederick W. Lieder and Helen his
wife. wife.
Atlantic av, n w cor Stone av, 98 x 75 . Darius Same property. The Brooklyn Mill and Lumbar Co to Darius C. Davison. Release from mechanic's lien. 100
Atlantic av, s s, 391.8 e Ulica av, $16.8 \times 100$, h \& Eally A. wife of Thomas S. Denike to Bushwick av, n w cor Palmetto st, $16.8 \times 80, \mathrm{~h}$ \& 1. Charles H. Pearsall to William A. Fitch. Q. C.

Same property. William A. Fitch to Lucy C. wife of Charles H. Pearsall. Q. C. ${ }^{\text {no }}$ Bushwich av, s w s, 396 s e Greene av, 22.6 x 240
to Central pl, x 24 x northeast 120 x northto Central pl, x 24 x northeast 120 X northwest 4.2 x northeast 120. Cbarles Krick to
Charles Maurer. Bedford av, es, 40 s Lafayette av, 20x60. Annie R. Frazier to M. Howell Topping. Morts., taxes, \&c. 1874 .
Butler av, e s, 100 s Division av, $25 \times 100$, New Butler av, es, 100 s Division av, $25 x 100$, New
Lots. J. W yckoff Vansiclen to Christian C. Lots. J. Wyckoff Vansiclen
Abel. Central av, north cor Himrod st, $50 \times 100$, hs \&
ls. Robert S. Seberry to Margaret A. Mcls . Robert S. Seberry to Margaret 7 . 700
Cormick. Carlton av,
Garrett W. S, 481.5 s Fulton st, $19.6 \times 140$.
Smith to Edwin M. Cary. Mort. $\$ 2,500$.
Same property. Edwin M. Cary to Cornelia A. Smith. Mort. $\$ 2,500$.
Clason av, wette av, $15 \times 145 \mathrm{n}$. n . John Jacques to Richard Powell, Westbury, Clinton av, w s, 44 n Greeue av, $24,2 \times 120$. Consent to release of mort. Caroline W. Townsend to Seaman's Bank for Savings, City New York.
Clinton $\mathrm{gv}, \mathrm{w}$ s, 44 n Greene ov, $24.2 \times 120$.
Jana R. McKinley, widow, Elizabeth, N. J. Caroline W. wife of Louis Townsend, Richmond Hill, L. I., and Regina wife of Matthias Snyder, Elizabeth, N. J., to Willliam A. Husted.

Same property. Release mort. The Seamen's Bank for Savings, City New York, to Jane R. McKinley, widow.

Same property. Release mort. Caroline W. wife of Louis Townsend to same.
Duryea av, n w cor Williamson av, $50 \times 1 \mathrm{c} 0$, East New York. Frank C. Lang, trustee of assigned estate of John G. Williamson, to Mary wife of Michael Flannigan. nom Evergreen av, william J Encland to Mar E $2 \times 85$, h \& 1 . William J. England to Mary E. wife of Robert R. Everest. Mort. $\$ 2,500$.
Franklin av, es, 93 s Gates av, runs east 74.10 x south 27 x west 14.10 x north 10 x west 60 to avenue, x north $17, \mathrm{~h} \& 1$ Henry Keale, Flushing av, s s, 25 e Bremen st, 25x 81.7 . James F. Gillen to Barbara Schmidt, New York. Mort. $\$ 3,000$.
Gates av, se cor Franklin av, $74 \times 93$, Release mort. Charles E. Rogers to E. Ellery Anderson, Frederick H. Man and Henry Keale, son,
Jr.
Graha
Graham av, w s, 75 s Stagg st, $25 \times 100, \mathrm{~h}$ \& 1 . John Pabst and Elizabeth Pabst to Juliana Knorzer. Mort. $\$ 5,500$.
Gravesend av, n w cor 86th st, $92 \times 150 \mathrm{x} 175$, Gravesend. James L. Voorhies to Herman Thimig.
Hudson av, w s, 50.8 s Concord st, $37.7 \times 89 \times 37.1$ x 83, hs \& ls. Henry S. Draper and William B. Draper and Susan A. his wife to James L

Dougherty. C. a. G.
Knickerbocker av, w cor Jefferson st, $75 \times 100$
Knickerbocker av, w cor Jefferson st, $75 \times 100$.
Theodore F. Jackson to Wilhelm Mayer and Theodore F. Jackson to
Mary his wife. Lafayette av, s s, 60 w St. James pl, 20x100, h \& 1. Henry G. Stetson, New York, and ano., exrs. R. Swain, to Theresa M. wite or Daniel
R. Bowker.
Same property. Francis McC. Swain, an heir of R. Swain, to same. Q. C. nom Same property. Edward A. Swain, au heir of
R. Swain, to same. Q. C.
Lexington av, n s, 100 e Bedford av, 250x100. Robert L. Carpenter to Thomas H. Robbins. Morts. $\$ 48,750$.
Lafayette av, s s, 445 w Sumner av, 20x 100 , h \&

1. Isaac Smith to George M. Smith. 5,400

Lafayette av, n w cor Steuben st, $125 \times 85.3$. to Paul C. Grening. 14,300
Marcy av, w s, 47.10 s Lynch st, $26 \times 80.8$, h \& Margaret wife of and Nicholas Mulyihill Marcy av, s w cor Middleton st, 200 to Gwinnett st, x80.8. Sarah Onderdonk to Jacob Bossert. 10,500
Same property. Release mort. Horatio G.
Onderdonk to Sarah Onderdonk.

Marcy av, n s, 80 w Middleton st, 20x85. Fore clos. Cbarles B. Farley to The Dime SavMarcy av, n s, 10 l w Middleton st, 20x85. Foreclos. Same to same. $\quad 2,500$ Marcy av, w s, 60 n Hopkins st, $20 \times 82 \times 25.6 \mathrm{x}$
66.2. Edward Ford to Elizabeth Hill Elizabeth Hill Hill. nom of Edward Ford.
Montauk av, e s, 137.6 n Liberty av, $18.9 \times 100$ New Lots. Elizabeth Horton, individ. and extrx. W. B. Horton, to Walter E. Smith. 1,100 Montauk av, es, 118.9 n Liberty av, 18.9x100,
East New York. Mar ia E. Rapelje, Newtown, East New York. Max ia E. Rapel je, Newtown,
L. I., to Walter E. Smith. 1878. Nostrand av, w s, 25 n Butler st, $82.10 \times 100 \times 83.2$ and Irustees J. McKinney, to Patrick J, Ken edy. 490 edy.
ostrand av, e s, 100 s Monroe st, 20x80, h \& 1.
Foreclos. Joseph W. Carroll to Howard F Turner. Mort. $\$ 7,500$. 325 Park av, s s, 125 e Marcy av, $20 \times 100$. Isidor Zimmermann and Mary A. his wife to Andrew Weber and Julia his wife, New York, joint tenants. 3,350 Putnam av, s s, 115 e Tompkis av, 20x10. dharles Conn, and Mary E. C. Brew ster.
Prospect av, s s, 200 w 5 th av, $100 \times 80.2$. Asa W. Parker, Hempstead, L. I., to Daniel Doody. Putnam av, n s, 195 e Tompkins av, $20 \times 10$, h \& 1. Albion K. Buckley and Frederick Hornby
to Mary E. wife of George L. Weed. Mort. 86,200.
Reid av, w s, 144 s Jefferson st, runs southwest to w s of old road or lane, known as Reid lane and Lefferts $a v, x$ south $6 x$ northeast to Reid av, x north 6
Reid av, w s, 150 s Jefferson st, runs southcock st, x east to Reid ave, x north 50.
cock st, $x$ east to Reid av, x north 50 .
Release judgmt. Mary R. Phelps, admrx.
Clement and Edward J O'Flyn. Clement and Edward J. O'Flyn.
Reid av, s w cor Quincy st, $100 \times 75$. James Gas-
coine to Samuel W. Post. Morts. $\$ 11,500$ 12,000
Reid av, $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{s}}$, 20 n Halsey st, $58 \times 80$. Release
mort. Cecelia A. Dougherty formerly Rice.
Sackman av e s, 125 s (?) Blake av, $50 \times 100$, New
Lots. Jacob W. Erregger to Christoph Gess-
mann. $n$ s, 125 e Buffalo av, $25 \times 1279$
John J. Drake to Ferdinand F. Volckening. 275
sumner av, s w cor Hart st, 20x82. Christopher
C. Luck, Albany, N. Y., to John Lutjen. Mort. $\$ 4,000$.
Marie E. wife of Frederick M. Trimm to $\&$ ls. liam Herod. Morts. $\$ 3,500$

7,500 James W. Stewart to Christina st, $19.3 \times 81$. Mort. $\$ 4,000$. 10,000 Tompkins av, n e cor Putnam av, $100 \times 195$. Joseph C. Hoagland to Paul C. Grening. 20,000 Tompkins av, No. 308, w s, 61.6 s Quiney st, 19.3 Frank A. Howson. Mart $\$ 6,500$ wife 10,000 Frank A. Howson. Mort. 10 . 10,000 an Cott av, i s. 58.1 e Eckford st, $27.2 \times 99.4 \mathrm{x}$ liam Dielmann. Christian Van Pelt av, n s, 101.4 e Graham av, $26.2 \times 95 \mathrm{x}$ an Pelt av, n s, 101.4 e Graham av, 26.2x90x
$21.2 \times 41.4 \times 19.7 \times 52.11$. William C. Traphagan, New York, to Henry Precht. 700 Vernon av, s s. 190 e Marcy av, 20x100, h \& 1. Patrick Sheridan to Sarah D. Vandervoort. Mort. $\$ 4,500$. 90 x east 20 x north 10 x east 20 x north 80 to Willoughby av, $x$ west 40. Asa W. Parker, Hempstead, L. I., to Daniel Doody. C. a.
dav, es, extends from 7th to 6th st, $200 \times 120.9$. Julia G. Jerome, widow, New York, to D. Allen's Sons, composed of Isaac L. and Theodore B. Allen.
th av, n e cor 8th st, $100 \times 95.9 \times 100 \times 99.9$. Julia G. Jerome, widow, to John Loughlin. 2,225 th av, w s, 105 n Butler st, $39.11 \times 90 \times 399 \times 90$. Partition.
Stewart.

19 s St Johns pl 80x100 Portition George B. Abbott to William Irvine. 3,840 5 th av, n e cor Lincoln pl, 40x100. Partition. 5 th av, se cor Sterling pl, 20x100, Partition. Same to Sarah Wolff
5th av, és, 20 s Sterling pl, $40 \times 100$.
Sterling pl, s s, 100 e 5 th av, 16.7 x 100 .
Partition. Same to John H. Schroder. 2,890 5 th av, s e cor St. Johns pl, 20x100.
5 th av, s e cor Lincoln pl, runs east 102.10 to centre of old road, x southwest $37 \times$ north 16 x southwest 71.6 to 5 th av, x north 26.5 . 5 th av, w s, 25 n Butler st, 20 x 90 5th av, n w cor Douglass st, 20x90
Partition. George B. Abbott to Thomas B.
Jackson.
5th av, $n$ w cor Butler st, 25x90. Partition.
George B. Abbott to Joseph Marhoffer. 3,150 5th av, east cor Sterling pl, 105.2 x southeast to centre of old Gowanus road, at point 72.8 s e 5 th av and 94.7 s w Park pl, x south 107.4 to Sterling $\mathrm{pl}, \mathrm{x}$ northwest 93.10.
St. Johns pl, nes, 100 s e 5 th av, $69.9 \times 101.3 \mathrm{x}$
$53.7 \times 100$.
5 th av, ses, 20 s w St. Johns pl, $19 \times 100$
5 th av, ses, 79 s w St. Johns pl, $40 \times 100$
St. Johns pl, s w s, 100 s e 5 the av, $78.8 \times 123.7 \mathrm{x}$
$50.7 \times 120$.
 9,500
$x^{2}$
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George B. Abbott to Cornelius E. Donnellon. Partition.
5th av, w s, 40 s Butler st, 20x90. Partition. D. Smith.
th av, se 10 th 1079 x 695 . 9. Daniel Doody and wife to Francis J. McMahon. All liens.
Same propert Francis 22,000 Doody. All liens.
6 th av, s w cor Prospect av, runs south 162,000 west $80 \times$ north 70 x west 20 x north $90.4 \times$ east 100. Alice M. Jennings, Saratoga Springs, to Frank E. Darrow. C. a. G. consid omitted $140.7 \times 695.9$. Kate C. Henderson et al., exrs. and trustees I. Henderson, to Daniel Doody.
th av $n$ ecor 12th ct $60.3 \times 59.9 \times 595 \times 88$, 44,000 M. Goodnow, widow and with others, exrs. A F. Goodnow, to Isabella Brown exct
th av ses, 25 n e 16th st, 25x97,10. Thomas H. Mallon to Thomas Donohue

Same property. Thomas Donohue to Wilhelmina D. Zinmermann. Mort. \$650. 1,500 Alley way in block bet Dock st an
Front st, n s, 161 e Dock st, $66.3 \times 121 \times 67.10 \times$ 122.7.

James P. Babcock, heir Henry C. Babcock to Martha R.. Elizabeth A. and Susan A. Babcock, New York. C. a. G. Mort. \$12,000. Contains nominal release
cline B. Babcock, widow. Nom ǐ. R., abt three acres, Gravesend. Martha J. Lott and Sarah E. Bennett, heirs J. H. Van Cleef, to Benjamin F. Stephens. Q. C. nom
Same p.operty. Sarah J. Van Cleef, committee title.
Same property. Sarah J. wife of Richard Van Cleer, lunatic, to same. Release dower. nom Interior lot, 45.2 s Devoe st and 259.10 w Olive st, runs south 31.3 x west 15.2 x north $25 \times$ northeast 16.5. Henry Kneip to Anna J. Schreiber
Interior lot, 76.5 s of Devoe st and 250 w Olive st, runs west $9.10 \times$ south $48.6 \times$ east $9.10 \times$ north 45.6. Anna J. Schreiber, widow, and sole devisee of J. G. Schreiber, to Henry Kneip.
nterior lot, 182 w 5 th av and 100 n Sackett st, runs west $17.6 \times$ north $55.2 \times$ east $-x$ south 66.8. Joseph Morris to James D. Lynch, New and
Bro under water adj lands of grantee on Brooklyn shore of East River. People
of New York to Henry E. Pierrepont.
Land under water New York Bay adjers paten f way upland Willians. Beard. letters patent
ots 17 and 18 map Hannah Cooper estate 18th Ward and Newtown. Partition. David Bar nett to Charlotte Jordan.
Plot on Coney Island at east boundary of Prospect Park \& Coney Island R. R. Co., 3,185 sq Prospect Park \& Coney Island R. R. C. a G.
to shore at Sheepshead Bey, w S, anj Cummings land, 50 x -, Sheepshead Bay. Jacobus S. Voorhies to A
New York. 1883 .

Same property. August Young and Pauline his wife to August Young, Jr. non Declaration of John P. C. Mohr that he is the grantor in certain conveyances.
A. Hendrickson to Last ward Hendrickson.
with and testament of Elizabeth Hewitt Release probate of same.
ond parties of sec na pat by John Wowenhoven from al., exrs. J. W. Kouwenhoven, to John $H$. al., exrs.
and Bernardus $\dot{W}$. Kouwenhoven, Kouwhoven.

## WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.

## 3-inclusive.

## eastchester.

Coffin, Marietta and George G.-William G. Clark, lot No. 150 on w s $2 d$ av at Mt. Vernon.
Sanders, James P., ref. Father Matthews Benefit Society et al. - Robert I. Bellew and ano., lot No. 27 on ss Main st, 150 w White Plains road.
Eppel, Katherina and George-John Clarey, lot No. 151 on s s Matilda st, $50 \times 100$; also lot Skidmore, Maria L.-Henry Esser, lot No. 28 Skidmore, Maria L.-Henry Esser, lot No. 1030 Davis, Burr-James Fallen, lot No. 65 on n w s Greenwich st.
mamaroneck
McCahill, Thomas J.-Wm. M. Davidson, $n$ e cor Larchmont av and Linden av, 29,945, 4,193

## NEW ROCHELLE

Campin, Michael-Christian Rieger, e s road leading from New Rochelle to White Plains adj John Gerner, abt $21 / 2$ acres
cor Leland av and Centre av Ferguson, $n$ w
selin Columbus O'D - Frej
tract on Paverport ar adj Titus mili oster Ferguson, George-Caroline S. Teffit lot No 3 ou s w s Centre av, adj A, B, Miller, 50 x ou s
140.

Scofield, William H.-George W. Baxter, s s Centre st, adj Wm. Anderson, on City Island, $50 \times 110$

## westchester,

Elliott, George and William-Michael Brennan lot No. 138 on w s Post road, 500 s 2 d st.
Haire, Elizabeth-Anna M. Shiel, lot No. 30a es Eliott av, 250 n Elizabeth st, 50x 125. 300

## white plains.

Marvin, Emma L., et al., by Wm. Romer, ref -William P. Fiero, lot on e s Broadway, Haley, John-John J. Haley, lot on $n$ s Hamil ton av, adj. Harlem Railroad
yonkers.
Madden, James-Anne $S$. Shesler, 1
Herriot st, 50 e Jackson st, 25 x 10
Herriot st, 50 e Jackson st, 25x 107 . on 1,000 Skinner, Halcyon-John Sherwood, lots Nos. 151 and 152 on w s Seymour st, each $25 \times 100$. 2,200 Hubbard, Murray-Frederick Lichtenberger, lot No. 227 on ss Croton terrace, 25x9 Stilwell, Benjamin W.-Carl W. Paul, loti No. 409 on w s Nepperhan av. urman, George C.-Alonzo P. Hazard, tract on $n$ s Guion st, adj. John F. Garrison. 5,00 Lester, Catharine and Charles-Dglia A. Fied-

## MORTGAGES

NoTr.-The arrangement of this list is as follows: The first name is that of the mortgagor, the next that
of the mortgagee. The description of the follows, then the date of the mortgage, the tine for which it was given, and the amount. The general aates used as headings are the dates when the mort
gage was handed into the Register's oflice to be recorred
Whien
name of a street in these "P.M." occur, preceded by the that it is a Purchase Money Mortgage, and for fuller particulars see the list of transfers under the corre sponding date.

## NEW YORK CITY.

Septeuber 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24.
Averill, Permelia M. D., wife of Horatio F., to Mary J. Warwick. 76 th st, n s, 95 e Madison Arnold, Adeline C., wife of John W. $\$ 1,000$ Thomasvile, Ga., to Laura C. Crane. 30th ${ }_{1}$ st, No. 114, s s, 180 e 4th av, 20x98.9. July 7,
oyd, Harkness, to The Germania Life Ins Co. St. Nicholas pl (9th av), w s, 133.10 s las av, x north $x$ east to beginning ex cepting portion taken for Aqueduct; except ing also a strip 4.6 wide. Sept. 23 , due Nov Bennett, William, to The Emigrant Indusgas Bank, New York, 7th n w cor 31 st st, $25 \times 60$. Sept. 18,1 year. 12,000 Borkel, John, and William McKean to The St. St. Vincent's Hospital. 9th av, 6sth st. P. Burke, Ellen, wife of Patrick J., to The Emigrant industrial savings Bank, New York Sullivan st, se cor Broome st, runs east 72 x
south 32 x west 2 x south 10 x west 70 to Sullisouth $32 x$ west $2 x$ south $10 x$ west 70 to SulliBader, Amelia, to John Sloane, exr. and trustee D. Sloane. 8th av, w s, 39.11 n 140th st. P. M. Sept. 15,1 year or sooner.
Brennan, Margaret A., wife of and Michael, to
Elizabeth Rankin. 30th st, n s, 100 e 10th 1886. Crohn, Leah, to Jacob Webster. 79th. st, n , 225 e 2 d av, $25 \times 102.2$. Sept. 7, 1 year. 2,00 Civiletti, Stefano, to John W. Decker. Strong Clauson, Frederick, to James A. Mullin. Lind av, s e s, 365 n e Devoe st, $50 \times 225$. Sept. 18,
note.
Cook, Regina. wife of Fraucis, to Francis C. Devlin, trustee Mary Halpin, dec'd. 62d st, ${ }_{5}^{\mathrm{n}} 5 \mathrm{~F}$, 200 e 10 th av, $25 \times 100.4$. Sept. 19, 2 years,
Daly, David, to The Emigrant Industrial SAVINGS BANK, New York. Willis av, w s,
50 n 143 d st, 50 x 106 . Sept. 18 , 1 year. ${ }_{2}, 500$ Daly. Patrick, to John Schwegler. 117th st. Dayton 6,50 liam M. Ivins. 124 th st, No. $9, \mathrm{u}, 138$ w 5 th av, $24 \times 100.10$. Aug. 10 , due in 1886, 41 \% 8,000 Donnelly, Mary A., to Susan Crooker, East Bridgeport, Conn. Pontiac st, s e cor Robbins av, runs east 105 x south 50 x west 44 x north 25 x west 61 to Robbins av, x north 25 Sept. 17, 3 years.
Dux, Jacob and August, to The Franklin Savings Bank, New York. 156th st, s s, 425 Grand Boulevard, 3 lots, each 16.8x99.11. morts., each $\$ 4,000$. Sept. 18, 1 year, $5 \%$. 12,00 Day, Charles J., to Elizabeth S. Clark, Cooperstown, N. Y. 18th st, s s, 175 w 8th av, 25x92;
17th st, n s, 175 w 8th av, 25x92. Sept. 19, 5 17th st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 175 \mathrm{w}$ th av, 25x92. Sept. 19,5
years, $41 / 2, \%$ \%.
Decker, John P., to Randolph Guggenheimer. Decker, John P, to Randolph Guggenheimer.
17 th st, s s. 100 e 10 th av. P. M. Sept. 21 , due Feb. 1, 1886.
Same to same. 17th st, s s, 100 e 10 th av. Sub. to morts. $\$ 14,000$. Sept.'21, due Jan. 1, 1886 Donohue, Owen, to Ferdinand Forsch. 70th st, n E 2425 w 9 th av. P. M. Aug. 25, due May
1,1886 .

Same to same. Same property. Building loan. Aug. 25, due May 1, 1886. Downey, Alexander, to Jacob I. Housman,
Northfield, S. I. 27 th st, ns 60 w 6th av 20 x $83.5 ; 6$ th av, w $8,114.1 \mathrm{~s} 28$ th st, $20 \times 60$. Sept. Duggan, Thomas H. to The Hannis Distilling Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 1st av, No. 965. Store lease. Sept. 18, demand.

1,500
Ebbets, James T., to Gertrude T. Waters. Broad st, No. 41, also No. 473 Greenwich st. All title. Sub. to mort. $\$ 300$. Sept. 21,1 year.
French, Louis, to Henrietta Sigler. Chatham st, e s, 113.2 n Frankfort st, runs south 113.10 to Frankfort st, x east $136.3 \times$ north 107.3 x 23,1 month, $5 \%$. Fonner, James E., New York, and Sarah E wife of John R. Lowther, Brookiyn, to Wi $100 \times 100$ sub to morts. $\$ 63,600$. Sen av, due Dec. 20,1885 morts. $\$ 63,600$. Sept. 15, Fink, John W., to William K. Eccles, guard. of Frances A. Eccles and Alice J. Eccles and trustee for Margt. V. Eccles. St. Nicholas pl , s e cor 150 th st, $74.11 \times 100$. Sept. 16, due Jl, s e eor $3,1890,5 \%$. St, 8,000 Frawley, Mary, to Mary Mackmannemy. Forrest av, w s, 50 south of lane or public road
$25 \times 100$ to lane or public road years, to lane or public road. Sept. 18, Graham, Sarah E., to Julia A. Lockwood, New${ }_{\text {x } 70}^{\text {ark, N. J. Deven st, n s, } 18 \text {, due Oct } 100 \mathrm{w} \text { Ogden av, } 25}$ Gorman, Anthony, to The Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, New York. 13th st, s s, 108 e 2 d av , $25 \times 103.3$. Sept. 21, 1 year. 6,0co n , John C., to William T. Graff. 155th st
w 10 th av 10 th av, $100 \mathrm{x} 100 ; 156$ th st, s s, 550 Graham, John, to The Germania Life Ins.
Co., New York. Madison av, se cor 76th st
00,00 Giese, Frederick, to Charlotte Eickhoff. 1533d st, s s, 180 e Courtlandt av, 20x100. Sept. 23 , Hodge, Richard, to Daniel McGriffen, Green wich, Conn. Compkins st, w s, 180 s Riving Hoefer, Herman, and William E. D. Vinc,50 to Frederick K. Keller. av, $75 \times 100.8$. P. M. Sub. to mort. $\$ 4,000$ Sept. 10, due Aug. 1, 1886, 5 \%. 12,000 Halloway, John, to Mary C. Mead, Mansfield Onio. 32d st, No. 341, n s, 166.8 w 1st av, 16. Hayward, Lavinia B., wife of and Charles S to John H. Bellamy. 129th st, s s, 335 e 5 th Henni, Charles, sole devisee J. G. Henni, August and Mary M. Bergener. Av B, w August and Mary M. Bergener. Av B, w
19.3 n 13 th st, $26.8 \times 65$. Sept. 22, due Jan. $1889,5 \%$ s, 4,00
Hill, Jane, wife of Robert A., formerly Wilson and Ellen Johnson, widow, to THE Bower e 3 d av, $15 \times 100.10$. Sept 23,1 year, $5 \%$. 1,00 Hathoı n, Sophronia B., widow, Woodlawn, field Kingsbridge N Y lots 215 and 21 parcel 29 map of 399 lots of F K Will property, \&c., $40 \times 100$. Sept. 5,3 years. 550 Haviland, John $H_{i,}$ to Ann J. wife of Peter Curran. 41st st, No. 462, s s, 83 e 10th av, 18 x9s. Sept. 18, 4 years. Weil. 103d st. P. M. Fept 18, installs, 4,000 Hamilton, George J., to Nicholas F. Palmer, trustee Frances B. Hegeman, dec d. 72 d st No. 446, s s, 220 e 10th av, 20x 102.2. Sept. 19, due Sept. $21,1888,5 \%$. No 444 s s 240 e 0 , 20x102.2 Sept. 19, due Sept. 21, 1882 $5 \%$.
Same

$$
\text { me to same. } 72 \mathrm{~d} \text { st, No. } 440, \text { s s, } 280 \text { e } 10,00
$$

20x102.2. Sept. 19, due Sept. 21, 1888,
Same to same. 72 d st, No. 448 , s s, 200 e 10th
av, 20x102.2. Sept. 19, due Sept. 21, 1888,
Same to same. 72 d st, No. 442, s s, 260 e 10 th
5 \%.
Hand, Hannah H., to The Emigrant Indes解 Trial Savings Bank, New York. 111th st.
P. M. Sept. 21, 1 year. Herold, Herman and Anna M. his wife, toWendelin Schoenhardt. 151 st st, $\mathrm{ns}, 315 \mathrm{w}$ Court landt
years, av, $25 \times 116.6 \times 25 \times 116.5$. Sept. $19,3,00$
Hughes, Anthony A., to Elizabeth F. Chamber lin. Sheriff st, Nos. 63 and 65 . w s, 100 s Johnson, Margaret A., wife of Joseph, to Thomas R. A. and William H. Hall, of William Halls' Sons. Morris av, n w cor 149th st, runs west 200 x north 100 x east 100 x sout 53.4 x east 100 to Morris av, x south 46.8 . Judd, Silas C., to Mary Flanagan. Broadway, es, abt 77.10 s 55 th st, $25.10 \times 80.3 \times 25 \times 77.10$. Lease. Sept. 21, installs. 2,00 Josepb, Samuel, to Thomas F. Keating. Hes ter st, se er Ludlow st, $41.11 \times 50.7 \times 41.8 \mathrm{x}$
51.3 . Sept. 16, due Sept. $1,1890,5 \%$. 18,000 ones, Catharine L. O'C, wife of and Mason R., to Martha J. wife of William H. Taylor. Secures debt of Mason R. Jones, who is solely liable Vesey st, piers at foot of, also bulkhead in front est st, with water
entitled, \&c.; also Chambers st, No. 120, ss, 25 x 22, 1885,5 years, 5 , No. $50, \mathrm{~ns}$, $25 \times 100$. Johnston, Emeline, wif 9 of William H. and Elizabeth wife of Ricbard E. Johnston to George Kingsland. 1st av, s w cor $99 t \mathrm{th}$ st, $25.8 \times 77$. Sept. 24,5 years, $5 \%$.
Same to same. 1 stav, w
\%7.
Sept. 24,5 years, 5
Same to same, as trustees for Walter F. Kingsland. 1 st av, w s, 50.8 s 89 th st, 25 x 77 . Sept. 24,5 years, $5 \%$
Same to same. 1st av, w s, 75.8 s 89 th st, $25 \times 77$. Sept. 24, 5 years, $5 \%$.
Johnston, Emeline and Elizabeth, to William C. Renwick et al., exrs. W. R. Renwick. 1st av, s w cor 92 d st. P. M. Sept. 23,1 year, or
Sooner.
Kelley, Jane A., wife of John D., to Charles T. Corwin, Brooklyn. 2d av, ne cor 27 th st, 24.9 Kerner. Jacob, 1, 5 years.
Kerner, Jacob. to Paul Goepel, guard. of Olga 23, 5 years, $5 \%$.
Kahrs, Jacob, to August Horrmann, Stapleton, .I. $\mathrm{Av}_{\mathrm{A}}, \mathrm{n} w$ cor 71 st st, $29.4 \times 75$, omisKane, Michael, to Hugh Doherty. 39th st, n s, 140.4 w 2 d av, 28 x 98.9 . Sept. 17, 5 years,

Kornarens, John, to Henry Hillebrandt. 1st | av, es, 64.4 |
| :--- |
| Oct. 1,1888 . |

2 d av, s w cor 103 d st, $25.9 \times 105$. Sept. 17,
3 months. McAuliffe, The Me, Timothy, and Henry G. Gabay to $36:$ w Thav, $25 \times 103.3$. Sept. 23,1 yr, $5 \%$ st, 20,000 Same to same. 16th st, s s, 387 w 7th av, 25 x 103.3. Sept. 23, 1 year, $5 \%$.
Menendez, Linsa R., wife of Jose, to Aaron ${ }^{20,000} \mathrm{H}$. and J. Schutz, exr. M. Schutz. 53 d st. P
M. Sept. 17, due Sept. 24,1888 , or installs Merritt, William J., to Joshua S. and Nathan
Peek and Robert C. Martin.
75th st, ss, 160 Peek and Robert C. Martin. 75th st, s s, 160 e 11th av, 20x102.2. Suib. to mort. $\$ 11,000$. Sept. 22, demand.
Minnerly, Albert, to Jane M. Aspinwall and ano..exrs. J. L. Aspinwall. 132 d st, n s, 337 w 7 th av. P. M. Sept. 24 , due Oct. 1,1888,
$5 \%$,
 M. Sept. 24 , due Oct. $1,1888,5 \%$.
Same to Fisher A. Baker, Yonkers. 132d st, n s, 306 w 7th av. P. M. Sept. 24, due Oct. 1 ,
Minnerly, Albert, to Fisher A. Baker, trustee. $132 d$ st, $n \mathrm{~s}$, 291 w 7 th av. P. M. Sept. 24 due Oct. $1,1888,5 \%$. 8,50 7 th av. P. M. Sept. 24, 3 years, $5 \%$. 9,000 Same to same. $132 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 400.6 \mathrm{w} 7 \mathrm{th}$ av. P . Mame Sept. 24, 3 years, $5 \%$. trustees P Mol ler, dec'd. 132 d st, n s , 275 w 7 th av. P. M. Sept. 24, 3 years, 5 ¢. $\quad 9,00$ Same to Charles A. Peabody, Jr. 132d st, n
352 w 7 th av. P. M. Sept. 24, due Oct. $1888,5 \%$. 9.00 Nostrand, Mary A., wife of Elbert, to Mary T Foster, et al., trustees Mary S. Gin. 60th st, n S, 315 e 3d av, 20x100.5. Sept. 22, due Nov. 1,0 olt, George, to The Irving Savings Inst. 149th st, n s, 125 e Courtland av, $25 \times 100$. Sept.
Oesterling, Henry, to The Mutual Life Ins. Co., New York. 6th av, No. 86t, e s, 23.5 s 49th st, 22x6j. Sept. 23, 1 year, 5 \%. 3,000 Peffers, Abbie M., to Francis T. Luqueer, trustee for Anna wife of Edgar A. Strang, of Montrose, N. Y. 85th st, s s, 823 w 4th av, 16.8x10 to Cornelia Suydam. 85th st, ss, $98,11,000$ Same to Cornelia suydam. 50 st st, $\mathrm{s} \mathrm{s}, 98.11 \mathrm{~W}$ Peter, Joseph, to Frederick Winkler. 163d st, s ws s, southeast $1 / 2$ lot 28 map North Melrose, 25 Philp, James, to Ogden K. Linabury. 74 th st, 17,1 year. Price, Mary J., wife of James K., to The TrePrint Building and Loan Assoc. Warren st, s
mont 25 e Monroe av, 25x100. Aug. 6 , installs. 2,000 Provost, John H. and Catharine T, installs. F . T. Horn. 132 d st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 150 \mathrm{w} 6$ th av, 25 x 99.11 July 15,5 years, $41 / 2 \%$ gold, 4,750 same to William D An same property. Pike, Ellen M., widow, to John A. Lewis et al., exrs. and trustees B. B. Sherman. 87 th st, $\mathrm{s}, 75 \mathrm{w} 3 \mathrm{~d}$ av, runs south 79.11 x west 40 x northwest to point 134.6 w 3 d av, x north 53.8 to 87 th st, x. east 59.6. Sept. 17, due Oct. 1, Reardon, Catharine F., to Andrew Luke. 112th st, n s, 170 e 1st av, $25 \times 100.10$. Sept. 23,
Rossi, Louis, to George C. Currier. 10th av, n e cor 30 th st, $75 \times 100$. Sub. to morts. $\$ 65,030$. Sept. 15, 4 months.
Ransom, William H. and Nannie G., to Angeline M. Barrett, widow. 133d st, No. 253, $\mathbf{n}$ Sept. 23,5 years, or sooner. Mort. $\$ 8,000,00$ Reilly, Edward, to Peter Sheridan. 78th st. Schwarzler. Joseph, to Julius Lipman. 10th av, Schwarzler. Joseph, to ulius Lipman. 10th ar, n w cor $37 \mathrm{th}, 74.1 \times 100$. Sept. 15 , demand. 33,000 Sayers, David, to Emma L. Shaw. Lafayet: av, east cor Talmadge st, $65 \times 1(0$. Sept. 21, 1 year
Schneider, Henry, to Magdalena M. wife of Nicholas Joost.
P. M. Sept. 14,5 th st, s s, 150 ears or sooner $5 \%$ th av, Same to same. 46 th st, s s, 175 e 10 th av. P. M. Sept. 14, 5 years or sooner, $5 \%$. 11,500 INs. Co. 90 th st, s s, 100 w 2 d av, $25 \times 100.8$. Sept. 15, 3 years, $5 \%$. 14,000 Same to same. 90 th st, s s, 125 w 2 d av, 25 x 100.8. Sept. 15,3 years, $5 \%$. 14,000 Stern, Louis, to John Frank et al., exrs. L. S. Frank. Madison st, No. 175, n s, 226.4 e Pike St, 20x 100 . Sept. 22, 3 years, $5 \%$. Rockfield st 12,000 n s, 325 e Marion av, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 19, 1 year.
Steed, Mary J., widow, Morrisania, to Harriet Balcom. 3d av, e s, part lot 140 map Morrisania, near 167 th st, $34.8 \times 110 \times 34.8 \times 106$. Sub. to mort. $\$ 1,500$. Sept. 17, 3 years. Stocky Fmin Ci, 1,000 dolph Guggenheimer. 130th st, n s, 198 e 5 th av, $16 x 99.11$. Sept. 17,5 years, $41 / \frac{2}{2} \%$. 4,500 chmmes F. Lyman, trustee Eliz. Rapelye dec'd dames 1. $5 \%$ st, n s, 26 e Av C, $18 \times 48$. Sept. 23, 5 years, ${ }_{3}$ Sweeney, James, to Francis M. Jencks. 117th st, $8 \mathrm{~s}, 373$ e Av A, 50 x 100.11 . Sub. to morts.
$\$ 15,200$. Sept. 22 , demand.
1,500 Thomson, Mary W., Brooklyn, to Edwin Baldwin and Ale Blackmar. 9th av, o s. 20.9 n 29th st, $21.1 \times 70$. Mar. 25, due July 1,
1885.

Thurston, Franklin A., to James Floy, Eliza85. Sept. 17, demand. Thomas, George A., to James H. Coleman. Sub st, 1 s, 100 e gt Se 15 Same to The Mutual Lufe Ivs Co. New York. Same property. Aug. 12, 1 year Tilden, Milano C., to John J. Habrich Pearl st, Nos. 252-278, e s, bet Fulton st and Burling slip, $\quad$ part; also all title in estate of Wil liam Tilden, dec'd. Sept. 22, demand 2,639 Same to John Ross. Same property. Sept. 24, 50 demand.
Ulmer, Emma, wife of and Melchior, to El ward
smita. 1stav, No. $405, \mathrm{w}$ s, 40.3 s 24 th st, 19,5 Underhill, Robert, Yonkers, N. Y., to Phebe Smith. $1 \angle 2 d$ st, $n \mathrm{~s}, 262.6 \mathrm{w} 7$ th av, $13 \times 10011$ Sept. 18, 1 year.
Wagner, Philip, to Julius Goldman. 9th 3,500 450 e 2 d av, $25 \times 89.11$. 10 . 9 th $\mathrm{st}, \mathrm{s}$ s,
Wainwright, Elizabeth, to John Bussing 15,000 Jefferson av, n s, 190 w Williamsbridge road Whipple Sept. 1 , due une 21,1889 , installs. 400 cures debt of N. M. Whipple and Albert C. Squier. 104th st, n s, 140 e New av, 16.8 x 100.5. 2 d mort. Sept. 8, 1 year.

4,750
property. P. M. Aug 23 , Sabove. Same Same to same. Secures debt as above 10,33 st, n s, 156.8 e New av, $16.8 \times 100.5$. P. M. Aug. 23, 1 year. 3,333 Same to same. Secures debt of N. M. Whipple and Albert C. Squ Same to same Secures debt as above 104th st, n s, 173.4 e New av, $16.8 \times 100.5$. P. M. Aug. 23, 1 year.
Same to same. Secures debt as above Same property. 2 d mort. Bept. 8, 1 year. 4,750 Same to same. Secures debt as above. 105th st, s s, 173.4 e New av, $16.8 \times 100.5$. P. M. Aug 23, 1 year
Same to same. Secures debt as above. Same property. 2 d mort. Sept. 8, 1 year. 4,750 above. 105th
 Same to same. Secures debt as above. Same property. 2 d mort. Sept. 8,1 year. 4,750 st s same. Sect.es debt as above. 105th Aug 1 . Same to same. Secures debt as abore. Same property. $2 d$ mort. Sept. 8, 1 year. 4,750
 year. oods, John, to James, John and George Daily. Morse av. n ws, part lot 91 map Mor
risania,
$20.9 \times 63 \times 79.6 \times 20.9 \times 149$. Sept. 12,5 years. Samuel O., Rockville Centre, L. I to
Wright, Sam John Ross 131stst, s 205 w 6th $2 \mathrm{~V}, 75 \mathrm{t}$ $99.11 ; 130$ th st, n \& , 2225 5 w 6th av, 75 x 99.11 Sept. 16, 2 months. 4,000
Welch, Henry, to Michael H. Haggerty et al., Young Charles, to Edward F year. 1,000 w s, 63.3 n 11 th av, $30 \times 90.6$. Sept. 19, due

## KINGS COUNTY.

September 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24.
Beardsley, Abraham C., to Theodore D. Dimon. Broadway, nes, 60 n w Van Buren st, 20x90. Sept. 17, 2 years. $\$ 600$ Bennett, Sarah E., wife of Cornelius, to Fannie st, 2.ja 00 . Sept. 15, due Sept. 1, 1888. Main Blythe, George, to Augusta $H$. Wyand. 38 th st, Broderick ed av, 25x100.2. Sept. 18,5 yrs. 750 st, $\mathbf{s} \mathbf{s}, 80$ e Let, widow, to John Dill. Quincy south 50 x east 25 n north 75 to Quincy st, x west 20 . Sept. 16, due July 1, 1888.
Buchheit, Maria, widow, to Jacob Zimmeratharine st, $25 x 10$ Aug. 29, due Sept. 1, 1888.
Bauer, Paul, to Jacob P 2,000 at division bet old lot 10 pert. Atlantic Ocean north to Surf av $x$ and oid lot 15, runs pect Park \& Coney Island A , of the Prospect Park \& Coney Island R. R. Co., x south map of common to beginnirg, being lot 10 Island const 11 yol Coney Benham, James M., to Abraham F. Hazen, as trustee Remsen 100 . Secure performance of aree, Sept. 21. 20,000 Boswell, Joseph and Jane his wife, to Albert L.
Meyer. Rochester av, ne cor Union st, 75x $120 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{x} 137.3$. Sept. 19 , due Jan. 1, 1887. 300
Beaver, Joseph, to Harriet J. wife of Isaac J.
Van Amburgh. Manhattan av, es, 50 n Du-
pont st, $25 \times 100$. July 1, 5 years, $5 \%$. 3,000
硅
dleton st to Gwinnet; st, 20x80.8. P. M. Sept.
Bowker, Theres wife of Daniel R., to John R
Ackerman. Lafayette av. P. M. Sept. 2 due Nov, 1, 1888, $51 / 2 \%$.
Brandenberg, John A., to The Germania Sav
ings Bank, Kings Co., Van Brunt st, south-
rly cor Dikeman st, 50 < 65 . Sept. 24, 1 year

Goodnow. 8th st, s s, 307, 10 e 6th av, $60 \times 100$. Sept. 23, 2 years, $5 \%$ \%. $\begin{gathered}2,00 \\ \text { Carpenter, Robert L., to William A. Colling- }\end{gathered}$ wood, Islip, L. I. 'Lexington av, n s, 100 e Bedford av, 50×100. Sept. 15, due January 1. 1886.

Carroll, Peter, to J. Lott Nostrand, guard. Alfred Busener. Bay 13th st, w s, 100 n Bath av, $100 \times 168.4$. June 20, 1885,5 years
ochrane, James W., to The Greenpoint Savings Bank.
av, $25 \times 100$.
Gept. 19,1 year.
Cooke, Katharine, wife of Charles E , 200 Cooke, Katharine, wife of Charles E., to Eleanor
B. wife of W. Ryerson Kissam. Lefferts pl, n s, 192.11 e Clason av, $17.9 \times 125$. Sept. 19, demand.
Cordray, Cecelia R., wife of and William G., to 21, n s, 182.10 e
Hoyt st, $16.8 \times 81 \times 16.8 \times 80.2$. Sept. 17, 1 year, $5 \%$. Coxhead, Thomas, and Joel E. Skidmore, to Laura A. Griggs. 14 th st, n s, $197.10 \mathrm{w} \quad 1,800$
av, 100x100. Sept. 1, 1 year. Doody, Daniel. to Kate C. Henderson et al., exrs. and trustees Isaac Henderson. 6th av, ${ }_{42,000}$ st. P. M. Aug.
Darrow, Albert W., to Louis Akin. Hall st, ${ }^{4}$ s, 65 s De Kalb av, $18.6 \times 50$. $1 / 2$ part. Sept. 22, 2 months.
Dielmann, William, to Christian Johnson. Van Cott av. P. M. Sept. 18, due Sept. 19, 1888, 5\%.
Donohue, Thomas, to Thomas H. Mallon. 7th av. P. M. Sept. 14,2 years.
Donlon, Mary A., to Henry Witte. 8th st, n s , 420.9 e 3 d av, 3 lots, each, $16.8 \times 200$ to 7 th st. 3 morts., each, $\$ 3,500$. Sept. 21,3 years. 10,500 Dougherty, James L., to Horatio S. Stewart.
Hudson av, Nos. 234 and 236 w s, 50.8 s ConHudson av, Nos. 234 and 236 , w s, 50.8 s Concord st, $37.7 \times 89 \times 37.1 \times 83$. Aug. 19, due Nov. 21, 1885.
Castman, Hepsa D., wife of and William W W, to Marie E. Jacobson. Dean st, s s, 120 w Kingston av, $40 \times 100$. Sept. 18, due Oct. 1, 1886, installs.
Edgerton, Julia W., wife of and Oliver ${ }^{\text {P., to }}$
The Williamsburgh Sarings Bank The Williamsburgh Savings Bank. Greene
 Eding, Margaretha, to Margaretha Brieg. Sumpter st, n s, 5 w Saratoga av, $25 \times 100$.
Sept. 14, due Jan. $1,1889,5 \%$. Ernst, John, to The German Savings Bank, Brooklyn. Harmau st, n w s, 220 sw . Central Eschenbach, Anna D., wife of and Alexander, to The Williamsburgh Savings Bank. George st, n w s, $100 \mathrm{~s} \mathbf{w}$ Knickerbocker av, 25x12 7.9 to Flushing av, x27.8x115.6. Sept. 19, 1 year, $5 \%$. Melchior, and Barbara his wife to Peter Fritz and Elisabetha his wife Debevoise st. Peldman, Philip, to Leopold Barth. Johnson av, n s, 100 e Humboldt st, $25 \times 100$. July 1 ,
Fiehn, Carl, to John H. Northup, Sandy Hill, N. Y. 17 th st. P. M. Sept. 19, 3 years. 1,600 New York Savings Bank. Duryea av, n w cor Williamson av, $50 \times 100$. Sept. 22, 1 yr. 1,000 Fowler, Annie Y., wife of and David H., to
George F. Gregory, trustee Willard Gregory, dec'd. Pacific st, n s, 55 e Franklin av, runs north 45.10 x northeast 5.5 x north $51.10 \times$ east 20 x south 100 to Pacific st, x west 25 .
 cor Pacific st, 19.6x68.10x45.10x55. Sept. 21, due Sept. 23, 1888.
Gahz, Anton, to Marvin Cross, Sherlock Austin and John $H$. Ireland.
Gilpin, Blanche, to Caroline M. Jones. Dean st, $8 \mathrm{~s}, 175$ e Hoyt st, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 10 , due Jan. 10, 1886.
Githens, George M., to Thomas J. Moore and $J o h n ~ G . ~ P r i c e . ~ H a r t ~ s t . ~ P . ~ M . ~ S e p t . ~ 21, ~$
years, $5 \%$ Gloucester, James N., to James N. Gloucester, S. 215 yery 5 ,

Grasmann, Ferdinand, to Mary S. Baker. Stagg st. Ping, Paul C., to George C. Robinson. Lafayette av, n w cor Steuben st, 150 x 95 x south 85.3. Aug. 21, due Oct. 1, 1888, $5 \%$. 60,000 south 8.3 . Aug. 21 , due Oct. $1,1888,5 \% .60,000$ P. M.' Sept. 21, 5 years, $5 \%$ \%. Clinton 4,000 Garnet st. P. M. Sept 14 vears.
Grasman, Louisa, wife of and Henry, to Elizabeth Binns and ano., exrs. James Binns. Hart years, $5 \%$.
Grening, Paul C., to Joseph C. Hoagland. Putnam av, Tompkins av. P. M., and building

Hardy, Georgiana F., to Frederick A. Stohlmann. Wyykoff st, s s, 281.2 w 5 th av, $\underset{5,000}{20 \mathrm{x}}$. Sept. 17,5 years, $5 \%$. Hansen, Soren, to Catharine Hegeman. Pros| pect st, Sherman st. P. M. Sept. 15, 3 years, |
| :--- |
| $5 \%$. |
| 1,500 |

Hart, Richard P., to Ruth Powell. Sumner av, s e cor
$5 \%$ Lexington av, 20 x 85 . Sept. 2, $2 \underset{3,676}{ }$ years,
3,
Heitmann, John E., to Henry Heitmann. Bartlett st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}$,
due Oct. $1,1885 \mathrm{w}^{2}$ Throop av, $25 \times 100$. Sept. ${ }_{2,000}$
Herbert, Emeline R., widow, to Elizabeth W.


Harrington, Thomas Fi, to Louisa Baxter, widow. Kent av. P. M. Sept. 21, 3 years, Heffernan, William, to Daniel O'Connell. Union st, $n$ e cor Lott st, $50 \times 108.11 \times 50 \times 108.1$. Sept. 18, due Sept. 1, 1888.
Hill, Eliza O., Rockville Centre, to Emma R. Tappen. 8th st, n s, 95.9 e 4 th av, $110 \times 100$. Sept. 12, due Sept. 18 , to William 2,00 Hintze, Julius E. and Hugo M., to Williaro A Kissam and ano., exrs. Benjamin T. Kissam, Sr. Sumpter st. P. M. Sept. 18, 5 years. 1,205 to Sarah M. Mygatt and ano., trustees J. A.' Robertson, dec'd. St. Marks pl, s s, 160 e Kingston av, runs soute $150.7 \times$ east $40 \times$ south 100 to Prospect pl, x east $20 \times$ north 250.7 to St. Marks pl, $x$ west 60 . Sept. 23, due May 1 , 1890.

Johr, Mary, wife of Adolph, to Lucy A. Van${ }_{54.2 \mathrm{x}} \mathrm{3d} 1 \times 55$ st, No. 222, e s, 78.4 s Grand st, 21 x Jones, Julia A., to Albert V. B. Voorhees. Bay 17 th st, $w \mathrm{~s}, 600 \mathrm{~s} 86$ th st, $50 \times 96.8$. Aug. 1 due April 1, 1888.
Kerr, James, to Lewis R. Case, Peconic, Quincy st, s $8,241.8$ w Marcy av, $16.8 \times 100$ Sept. 1, 3 years, $5 \%$.
Same to same. Quincy st, s s. 225 w Marcy av. $16.8 \times 100$. Sept. 1, 3 years, $5 \%$.
Kieser, Emil, to The Williamsburgh Savings Bank. Harmon st, $n \mathrm{ws}$, 260 s w Central av. 20x100. Sept. 22, 1 year, $5 \%$.
Kieser, Emil, to George Covert, Newtown, 2,000 I. Harman st, $\mathrm{n} w \mathrm{~s}, 260 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{w}$ Central av, 20 x ${ }_{5}^{100}$. Sub. to mort. $\$ 2,000$. Sept. 22, installs.
Klencke, Nellie G., wife of Adolph, to Eliza J. 1,150 Lee, Windsor Locks, Conn. De Kalb av, s a cor Fort Greene pl, $54 \times 98.10 \times 33.5 \times 106.7$. Aug. 12,3 years.
Kenedy, Patrick J., to John Lefferts. Nostrand av, Butler st, East 29th st, Grand st. P. M. July 29,3 years.
Kenna, John, to Susan E. Sammis, Huntington $\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{L} .1 . & \text { Somers } \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{n} \text { s, } 36 \text { e Rockaway av, } \\ \text { x } 100 \text {. } & 2,500 \\ 2,5 e p t . ~ & 18,3 \text { years. }\end{array}$ x100. Sept. 18, 3 years.
Same to Angeline A. Davis, Huntington, L. ${ }^{2,500}$
I. Somt 18 se, n e cor Rockaway av, $20.3 \times 100$. Same to Adelaide M. Davis, Huntington, L. I. Somers st, $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{s}, 20.3$ e Rockaway av, 15.9x100. sept. 18,3 years. $W$ Alrich New 2,500 Same to Elizabeth W. Aldrich, New York. Somers
Sept. 18,1 year. Karr, Mark S., to Samuel H. Vandewater. Jefferson st, s s, 240 e Throop av, $16.8 \times 100$. Aug. 11, due Aug. 1, 1886. lein, Theresia, wife of and Joseph, to The st, easterly cor George st, $25 \times 100$. Sept, 18 due Dec. 1, 1886, $5 \%$. Koos, Charles A., to Laura S. Baker, East Orange, N. J. Tompkins av, w s, 41.8 s Kosciusko st, $16.8 \times 100$. Sept. 22 , due Oct. 1, Lieder, Frederick W. and Helen his wife, to Amory Houghton, Jr., Corning, N. Y. Atyonic Mor. P. M. to Ann Adair Robert Adair. Lincoln pl, 5th av. P. M sept. 23, 1 year.
Lusk, William C., to Mary V. W. Mills. Monroe st, s s, 165 w Nostrand av, runs south 100 $x$ west $24 \times$ north $50.1 \times$ northeast $4 \times$ north 49.6 to Monroe st, x east 20.2. Sept. 17, 1 Lutz, Magdalena, wife of John A., to Henrietta Haege. Sumpter st, n s, 225 w Ralph av, 50x 100. Sept. 15, due Jan. 1, 1887. Lott, Gertrude, to The East New York Saving
Bank. Eldert av, e s, 550 s Cozine st, $25 \times 100$ Bank. Eldert av, e s, 550 s Cozine st, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 15, 1 year.
Lush, George W.
st. P. M. Sept. 19, due Sept. 21, 1886 . Mahla, Elisabetha, and Heinrich A., to Marvin Cross, Sherlock Austin and John H. Ireland Boerum st. P. M. Sept 18, 5 years, $5 \%$. 1,650 Maryatt, Walter E., to Charles Tatham, 100 Sev, 10 s. 225 n e Bushwich av, 112.6x Maurer, Charles, to Charles Krick. Bushwick av or Boulevard, s w s, 396 s e Greene av, 22.6 x 240 to Central pl, x northwest $24 \times$ northeast 120 x northwest $4.2 \times$ northeast 120 . Sept. 17 , McBrair, Henry C., to Caspar Volhard. Gerry st. P.'M. Sept.' 15,1 year, $5 \%$. 2,900 Machian, Angus, to the Greenpoint Savings Sept. 18, 1 year. 1,000 McCormick, Margaret A., to Annie M. Seberry. Central av, Himrod st. P. M. Aug. 24, McCoy, John H., to The Williamsburgh Savings Bank. Wilson st, n w s. 205 s w W ythe Same to same. Weptilson st, n w s, 190 s w Wythe 1,500 av, $15 \times 100$. Sept. 1, 1 year, $5 \%$. Harriott to Susan S' Mrank, and James C. Harriot to ns , 20 w Stone av , $16.8 \times 100$. Sept. 15, due Sept. 1, 1888.
Same to same. Sumpter st, n s, 36.8 w Stone st, $16.8 \times 100$. Sept. 15, due Sept. 1, 1888 . 1,500 Same to Charles T. Stewart. Sumpter st, n s , 53.4 w Stone av, 16.8x100. Sept. 15, due Sept. ${ }_{1,500} 1,1888$. Same to same. Sumpter st, n s, 70 w Stone av, 16.8x100. Sept. 15, due Sept. 1, $1888 . \quad 1,500$ Same to Louis D. Giroux. Sumpter st, n s, 1, 1888 .

Same to same. Sumpter st, n s, 103.4 w Stone McM, $16.8 \times 100$. Sept. 15, due Sept. 1, 1888 . 1,50 McMahon, Francis J., to Sophie G. Parker. 10th st, s e cor 6th av, 695.9 to 7th av, x140.7x 695.9x137. Sept. 23, demand. 22,00 Marhoefer, Charles, to Maria Buchheit, widow
Maujer st, n s, 25 e Waterbury st, $25 \times 100$ Maujer st, n s, 25 e Waterbury st, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 18, 3 years
Matthew, Josiah J. and Margaret L, to W,00 liam Williamson. Putnam av, n s, Nostrand av, 25x 100 . Sept. 24, due Dec. 24
Mayer, Wilhelm, to Theod 500
Mayer, Wilhelm, to Theodore F. Jackson. Kt, $75 \times 100$. P. M. Sept. 16, 1 year.
2,
2. McMahon, Francis J., to Gilliam Schenck. Hull st, s s, 146.4 e Rockaway av, 2 lots, each years. 2 morts., each $\$ 2.500$. Sept. 24,3
Same to Louisa Haviland. Hull st, s s, 209 e Rockaway av, 16x100. Sept. 24, 3 years. 2,500 Same to same. Hull st, s s, 177.8 e Rockaway av, 2 lots, each $15.8 \times 100$. 2 morts., each $\$ 2,500$. Sept. 24, 3 years. 5,000 Nolan, Patrick, to John McLoughlin, as trustee George G. Elton. Jefferson st. P. M. Sept. 18, due Oct. 1, 1888.
Same to Samuel H. Vandewater. Same property. Sub.
Oct. $1,1886$.
Ohlhorst, Rosina wife Henry to Alvin
Jaeger. 12th st, s s, 468.10 w 4 th av, 18 x 100 .
Sept. 22, due Oct. 1, 1888, $5 \%$. 1,400
Julton, Sampson B., to The General Synou of the Reformed Church in America. 11th st, s $\mathrm{s}, 197.10 \mathrm{w}$ th av, 6 lots, each $16.8 \times 100.6$ morts., each $\$ 4, n 00$. Sept. 23,3 years. 24,000 Same to Asa W. Parker, Hempstead, L. I. 11th st, s s, 197.10 w 5 th av, $100 \times 100$. Sept. ${ }_{6,000}^{23,}$
demand. demand
O'Reilly, Bridget, wife of and Francis, to Mary B. Walker. Norman av, s s, 100 e Newel st, 25x93. Sept. 23, due Oct. 1, 1890 .
Ostmann. Elizabeth Ostmann, Elizabeth, to The German Savings Bank, Brooklyn.
Lynch st, 222 x 100 .
Sept. 16 , due Dec Lynch st, 22x100. Sept. 16, due Dec. 1, 1886,
Post, Samuel W., to James Gascoine. Quincy st, Reid av. P. M. Sept. 24, months. 8,000 Palmer, Elizabeth, to The Brooklyn Mill \& Lus=100. Set 17 , Pan . Nept. 17, 1 year
Phelan, Elizabeth, wife of and James, to Julius t. P. M. Sept. 17 , Pond, Almeda M., wife of and Chester H., to Pond, Ame Sev., pl, w s, 110.4 s Hancock st, $16 \times 100$. Sept. 18 , Pickert, Willis A. and Albert to Morton Den yse. Evergreen av s s 50,5 e Palmetto st $25.3 \times 89.3 \times 25 \times 85.8$. Sept. 19,4 years. $\quad 1,400$ Quimby, Eliza, to Clarence Tucker et al., trustees George $W$. Tucker, dec'd. Penn st, n s, Rudlof Hary to Freeman Clarkson. Vanderbilt st, n S, 400 e 18th st, $50 \times 150$. Sept. 17 due Jan. 2, 1888
Russell, Susanna E C, wife of Walter C to
 cock st, n s, 100 w Nostrand av, $20 \times 100$ Sept. 19, due Nov. 1, 1888, $5 \%$.
Schmidt, Barbara, to James F. Gillen. Flush
ing av. P. M. Sept. 17, due Oct. 1, 1887
Sayre, David A., to Simonson M. and Catharine
A. Suydam, Oystor Bay, L. I. Quincy st,
s, 116 w Marcy av, 16x100. Sept. 16, due Sept
1, 1888, 5 \%.
Schwarz, Matheus, and Babetta his wife, to
Charles Doerschuch.
Lorimer st, 25x75. Sept. 17, 3 years. 1,000 Schroeder, Barbara, wife of and George $H_{\text {., }}$ to Thomas Read. Clermont av. P. M. Sept.
8, installs., without int.
8, installs, without int.
Smith, Walter E., to Elizabeth Horton, exr
Wm. B. Horton. Montauk av. P. M. Sept
Wm. B. Horton. Montauk av. P. M. Sept.
7, due Jan. 1, 1889 . 7, due Jan. 1, 1889.
Swartwout, Mary L, to Theodore Burgmyer Clarkson st, s s, 1275 e Main st, 25x200. Sept.
15, due Sept. 1, 1888 . Straub, Catharine, wife of and George, to The Williamsburgh Savings Bank. Marcy av, w $\mathrm{s}, 25 \mathrm{~s}$ Ellery st, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 22,1 year, Stewart, Horatio S., to Patrick H. McL 2,700 lin 5th $P$ M MeLaughTreubig, Francis, to Jacob Zimmer st, s s, 449.9 e Bushwick av, 50x87.6. Sept. 11, 5 years, $5 \%$. 4,000 Townrow, Sarah C., wife of and Frederick W., to Harriet D. Denyse. Division av, n s,
263.1 e 4 th st, $22 \times 102 \times 22.2 \times 103$. Sept. 17,3 yesrs, Taylor, William, to Roswell Eldridge, as Town Treasurer of Hempstead, L. I. York st, s e cor Hudson av, 25x100. Sept. 18, due Nov. 1 The German Evangelical Aid Society, Brook lyn, to The Williamsburgh Savings Bank Fairfax st, n w $\mathrm{s}, 200 \mathrm{n}$ e Broadway, runs northwest 100 x northeast to Bushwick av, dheast 100 to Fairfax st, X southwest 350
Tilford, Catharine, to The Brooklyn Saving
Bank. North Oxfordst, $5,312.3 \mathrm{~s}$ Park $25 \times 100$. Sept. 17,1 year, $5 \%$.
Taylor, Sarah M., widow, to James S. Barclay, st, es, 100 n Lafayette av, 19.4x100. Sept. 19,3 years, $5 \%$.
Volhard, Caspar, and Charles Rissler to Otto Huber. Ellery st,
95.5 s,
Sept. 19 , due Sept. $1,1890,5$

Webb, Mary E., to John F. Dingee. Warren st. P. M. Sept. 19 , due Sept. $22,1888,5$. kins av, $n$ w cor Hopkins st, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 21,5 years, $5 \%$ Michel. Park av. P. M. Sept. 22 , to Jacob Walsh, Mary J., wife of and Jeremiah W., to The Williamsburgh Savings Bank. Manhat$\tan$ av, ws, 100 n Huron st, $25 \times 100$. Sept. 24, 1 year, 5 \%.
Wenman, Emily L. E., widow, to Sally A. Denike. Atlantic av, s.s, 391.8 e Utica av, 16.8 x
100 . Sept. 1, installs.
ind

## MORTGAGES --- ASSIGNMENTS

## NEW YORK CITY.

September 18 to 24-Inclusive.
Anderson, William O., to William O. Anderson, exr. Jane Anderson.
Baremore, Henry R., Elizabeth, N. J., to Kate B. Belloni.
Same to same.
Sernard, Benja
Boyd, William C., to Charles H. Toun an ano., trustees for Mary E. Whittelsey. William H. Hall.
Mitchell, dec'd, to Charles F. A. New mann.
Dayton, Charles W., trustee G. A. Conover, dec'd, to The United States Trust Co. 5 assignments of morts.
Dodge, Frances A., to Susan Crooker, East Bridgeport, Conn.
Forsch, Ferdinand, to Randolph Guggenheimer.
Gasteyger, Ernst A., to Charles W. Olpp.
Hopper, Rosalie De W., to William H.
Bailey, Tompkinsville, S. I., and ano., Bailey, Tompkinsvill
trustees Grace Law.
Jaggar, Anna L.' Cincinnati, Ohio, to Henry A. and H. L. Bogert, guards. of Lenbuscher, Catharina, to Caroline D. Dessauer.
Lindeniueyr, John, to Elizabeth Schwarz walder.
Same to same.
Lingelbach, Heinrich, to Moritz J. Hirsch
bein.
Lawrance, Francis C., exr. Eleanor E. Wilmerding, to Louis E. Wilmerding.
Meyer, Arthur L., to John N. Hayward. to Frank G. A. Thompson, exr. Adelaide Thompson, dec'd.
Spies, Henry, to Maria L. Pringle, Louisianna.
Sherwood, Robert, exr. T. J. O'Connor.
Smith, Theophilus G., to Mary A. Gibbins. The Irving Savings Inst. to Henry Stil man.
Thorne, Jonathan, to Samuel Thorne.
Townley, Mary E., to George H. Ross.
Taylor, Martha J., , wife of William H., to
Sanuel L. M. Barlow. Uihleinue, Peter J., to The Citizens' Savings Bank, New York.
consid.
Gallo, Santiago J., Vallo, Santiago J., to Suzanne Poussard.
Watson, Sarah, Whitestone, L. I., Watson, Sarah, Whitestone, L. I Williams, Edgar, and ano., exrs. L. Freeman, to Minerva Congdon, Catskill, N. Y.
Wilmerding, Louis E.,
Thorne, Newport, R. I.

## KINGS COUNTY.

## September 18 to 24-Inclusive.

Aldrich, Elizabeth W., to Sarah Strang,
widow.
Widow.
Bauer, Paul, to Jacob Ruppert.
Boyd, Sarah A., to Harold L. Crane
Bicknell, Henrietta, to Sophia B. and Hen-
rieta bicknell
Brouwer, Theophilus A., trustee for An-
drew Patterson, to T. A. Brouwer, trus tee for Charlotte A. Suydam. Burley, Frances E., Stamford
Ann Meech, Groton, Conn. Card, Mary E., admrx. A. P. W. Kinnan, to Myer Masten, as trustee for Peter Cook, Harriet B., admrx. C. Smith, to Arabella H . Miller.
Davenport, Julius B, to William Harkness,
Debevoise, James, to Isaac Debevoise deker, John and Christiana, his wife, to Charles J. Hobe.
Dickinson, Annie, to Helen D. Burnett.
Eastman, Lydia M., et al., Exrs. Henry W. Eastman, to William M. Van Anden. Eisemann, Ernest J., to David Springsteen. Guthy, Theresa E., to Jesse B. Lung.
Halsey, John R., trustee, to Louis W. Towt.
Ingraham, Richard, to Gertrude J. wife of Fred. Ingraham.
York City to M., as Chamberlain of New
Ireland, Maria A., extrx of Sarah Mc George, to Mary E. Recard.
Jackson, Thomas B., to Silas Ludlam,

Jones, Susan A., to Ella R. Blaisdell, extrx. A. Fisher:

Kelland, John A., Montrose, Mo., to Helen W. Ditmis, Jamaica, L. I.

Krous, Barbara, to Lippman Renzenstein. Kalbfleisch, Charles H., et al., exrs Martin Kalbfleisch, to Franklin H. Kalbfleisch. Same to same.
Same to same
Same to Albert M. Kalbfleisch.
Same to Elizabcth W. Robinson.
Same to Helen M. Thursby.
Same to same
Same to same
Kamwenhoven, John H., et al., exrs John W. Kouwenhoven, to Jane A. Vanderveer. Same to same
Lung, Jesse B., to The Brooklyn Mill and Lumber Co
Loomis, John S., to Lenora G. Day. Lung, Jesse B.,
Molloy, Catharine, to Louis Bossert.
Meserole, Archibald K., and Wılliam H
and Lewis Walker, of A. K. Meserole \&
Co., to Archibald K. Meserole. Schell and ano., exrs George F. Merklee.
Raymond, Kate, wife James E., to Eli C
Gray, as guard. of Reuben Gray.
Stoothoff, W yckoff, and ano., exrs. W. C.
Stoothoff, to Sarah W. Stoothoff.
Same to Henry S. Stoothoff.
Seaman, Alfred and Elbert D., to James E.
Smith.
Strong, Thomas S., to Eweretta C. McVic kar
Woodward, Katharine H., to Sherman W
Knevals, exr. and trustee Hemierte J
Warner.
Warner.

## CHATTELS.

Note.-The first name, alphabetically arranged, is that of the Mortgagor, or party who gives
gage. The " $R$ " means Renewal Mortgage.

## NEW YORK CITY.

September 18 to 24-inclusive.

## SALOON FIXTURES.

Bauer, C. 168 Suftolk... P. Doelger. ${ }_{\text {Botjer, H. M. }}$ (R) Botjer, H. M. F. 1641 Brodway....J. Deitze. ${ }_{(R)}$
Bord, H. 109 1st av. J. Eichler.
Collahan, J. Co.
Carle, J. F. 29 E. Houston ...G. Ehret, Cassin, W. 6001, Grand Jiane Henry.
Cole, S. ...Brunswick Baike C. Co. Billiard Table.
Connors, T. 702 Greenwich....I. Sommers \& Co.
Dreher, M. \& L
227
E. 3d....M. Seitz.
Dreher, F . 154 Forsyth.....ernheimer \& $S$.
Duggan, T . H. 965 1st av....Hannis Distilling
Duggan, T. H. 965 1st av....Hannis Distilling tilling Co.
Durando, S. ${ }^{2397} 2 \mathrm{~d}$ av ...F. Oppermann, Jr)
Ehrhardt. G. 2338 1st av .... H. Elias.
Feigenspan, C. J. 132 Allen..... M. Seitz
Flaner, H. Hi 127 Greenwich av...... Ehret. (R) Fussner, L. 109 Louis...... Dorthea Bermes. Galarneau, J. 211 West....J. Black. Restaurant Gavagan, E. 702 Greenwich .... Margaret ConGrampp, E. M. 526 E. 12th.. Williamsburgh Brewing Co.
Hackett,
$H$ . 89 Christopher....Bernheimer \& $S$. Hopfengartner, J. 1050 1st av ...Bernheimer \& Heckmann, G. 293 Av C.... Brunswick Balke C.
Co. Pool Table. Heim, C.
Hofmann
Ottielie
304 E... J. \& A. Doelger.
49th Hofmann, Ottielie. 304 E . 19th ...P. Doelger (R)
 Kauterel.' Bar Fixtures, Furniture, \&ce.
Kemper, C. 84 Pitt....G. Bechtel.
Klemeke,
10262 d av.... H. Elias.
 Kaufman, H. W. 50 Greenwich ....F. \& M Kunold, C. 413 E. Houston,...F. Freidank.
Furniture, Restaurant Fixtures, \&c. Furniture, Restaurant Fixtures, \&cc.
Lane Bros. $\boldsymbol{r} 48$ 10th av.... Bernheimer \& S Lane Bros. T48 10th av...Bernheimer \& S. Looram, B. Luango, S. 76 Mulberry .... G. Bechtel.
Lutye, N. 132 Spring. H. H. Heert.
McDermott, M. J. 1435 Broadway....L. S. Meri-
 Mennig, G. 504 E . 12th.... F. Oppermann, Jr. (R) Munz, L. 513 10th av....M. Seitz.
MeManus, J. 219 E. $73 \mathrm{~d} . . . \mathrm{J} . \mathrm{J}$. Reilly.
 Nicolai, L. Jr. 506 sth av ....G. Ehret.
O'Neill, J. P. 7573 dav (R) Otto \& Hillmann. 154 Church... E. H. \& A. F.
 ONeill, J.P.
Pinsdorf, F. Fot Hester....H. Clausen \& Son
Brewing Co. Brewing Coi 1th av ...Long Insland Brew-
Petlit, Kate. 791 . ${ }^{\text {ery }}$. Redington \& Gick. 1347 Broadway... U. S. Standard Billiard Co. Pool Tables.

 Reilly, Josephine A. 91 South....A. C. Morgan,
 HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Asher, Henrietta. 451 6th av.... O'Farrell \& H. Anderson, Mary A. 52 W. 24th....S. Knapp. Archambault, A. 25 E .85 th ...J. Silberstein. $\quad 160$ Blume, G. 4 Roosevelt....Mary Lynch 218 Bodine, H. W. 57 E. 76th J. W. Mason \& Co 4, 168 Brennan, T. and Amelia. 157 W . 13th.... Margaret Allen. Bauman, J. 2077 Bronx ...G. Reubel.
Bell, Elizabeth. 322 W. 12th....O'Farrell \& H.
118 Bennett, Margaret A. 161 E. 115th....L. BauBlanchard, J. S. 432 W. 53d.... Epstein, K. $\&$ Co.
Bourinot, Mrs. L.

liams $4_{08}$ W. 23d.... Martha W. WilBrown, Elizabeth. 117 W. 31st.... Fanny Phip- 100 pany (L. Baumann et al., by assign.) (R) 1,500 | Brown, Lauretta J. 20 E 9th.....E. Condon. |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Brooks, Lucy. } 123 \text { W. } 27 \text { th....Epstein, K. \& Co. } \\ \text { Carmichael, Annie S. } 7 \text { W. 31st....A. E. \& W. F. }\end{array}$ | Carmichael, Annie S. 7 W. 31st....A. E. \& W. F. Barnes.

Casper, Mollie. 121 W. 32d.... Epstein, K. \& Co. Christie, W. 1547 Park av....H. Spies.
Crowell, J. M. $104 \mathrm{~W} .42 \mathrm{~d} . . . \mathrm{W}$. Atkinson.
Carpenter, Margaret E. Carpenter, Margaret E. 759 Greenwich....J.
Browning.
Cormier, F. 308 E. 120th.... R. J. Brown. Piano Cormier, F. 308 E. 120 th....R. J. Brown. Piano.
Cotchett, Mary J. $230 \mathrm{E}$. . 9 th ... L. Z. Murray.

De Lavalette, A. M. 536 th av. S. Knapp. De Lavalette, A. M. 536 5th av... S. Knapp. | Carpets. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dias \& Gervaise. $121 \mathrm{~W} .32 \mathrm{~d} . .$. Mollie Casper. | $\mathbf{3 , 1 8 4}$ |
| , 800 |  | Dalton, Mary. 60 Spring....H. S. Eisler. Dittrich, H. A. 216 E. 10 th... W. R. Winslow.

Dudley, Margaret H. 152 W. 20th....R. C. CasSame...ssame.
Ehrenberg, Jenny. 316 E. 62d.... Fell \& Van Ness.
Flach, J. 222 E. 70th.... H. Spies.
Geddies, Susie. 517 W. 29th....H. Greenstone. Geddies, Susie. 517 W. $29 t h . . . H$. Greenstone.
Gardner, Patience M. $150 \mathrm{~W} .53 \mathrm{~d} \quad . . \mathrm{R}$. C. Geer, Barbara. 420 E. 86th...H. Spies.
Goff, C. S. 159 W. 44 h. ..S. Knapp. Carpets. Goggin. Bridget. City....J. Early. A. P. Wennerstrom.
Guilfoyle, W. 144th st and 10th av. ..R. M Hauf, R. 186 Orchard....A. Hahn. Piano. Helm, Jennie. 101 W .55 th . .T. Van Raden. Hunt, Mrs. D. 182 W. 2ht... Delehanty \& MeG. Hart, E I. S. 185 th av.... E. M. Young.
Henriques, Rosette C. 240 E. $72 \mathrm{~d} . . . \mathrm{H}$. Spies.
$(\mathbf{R})$ Hoffman, A. F. and Frances. 433 W. 35th. Epstein, K \& Co.
Holste, W. 333 9th av P. Massoth. Holste, W. P. Massoth.
Hughes, Sarah. 1781 Broadway B. C. Cashin.
Hussey, E. F. 113 W . 58 th .... R. C. Cashin Hussey, E. F.
Hussey, G. W.
1222 W .17 . 17 th.......N. Y. Furniture Ives, Lillie. 221 W. 40th....J. F. Manges.
Julius, Amanda. 206 th av....R. M. Walters. Piano.
Johnson, C. 28 Norfolk ...Epstein, K \& Co. (R)
Kilbourne, E. J. 315 E. 72 d.... W. M. Russeli.
 Lathers, W. Jr. 157 E. 76 th....R. M. Walters.
Piano.
Lang, A. E., \& Co. 1560 Broadway....S. Knapp. Lang, A. E., \& Co. 1560 Broadway....S. Knapp. Manning, D. M.
hanty \& McG. Port Richmond, S. I ... DeleMaake, Agatha and A. H. 41 W. 29th.... WorthMeyer, Amy. 51 W .50 th....A. Baumann. Meyer, Amy. 51 W. 50 th....A. Baumann.
Meyers, Fanny. 1466 2d av....Epstein, K. \& Co.
Monahan, E. J. 142 W. 33d ... O'Farrell \& H. Monahan, E. J. 142 W. 33d ...O Farrell \& H.
Mandelbaum, Fanny. City...J. F. Manges Mandelbaum, Fanny. City....J. F. Manges.
Moffat, Sarah A. 30 W.
9721 K. \& Co.
K. Numan, Mary. ${ }^{1801 / 2}$ Allen ...E. Levi. Occa, J.
Ormsby, Mary L. 6th ...H. S. Eisler.
O. W.
War Ormsy, Mary L. \& Weed, by assign.) ${ }_{\text {Ward (Cooper }}$ (R)
Osmond, W. H. 230 F. 35th....R. M. Walters. Piano.
Phillips, Mrs. 7 Ridge.... H. S. Eisler.
Pierine, J. 242 W. 12....Delehanty \& Mc Pierine, J. 242 W. $12 \ldots . .$. Delehanty \& McG.
Posner, J. D. 204 E. 73d....Epstein, K. \& Co Posner, J. D. $204 \mathrm{E} .73 \mathrm{~d} . .$. . Epstein, K. \& Co. Roach, P.
Roeloffs, J.
Fnot E. 82d.....W. W. E. Wheelock \& Ryan, Maggie. 221 E. 44th. .. Cowperthwait \&
Co. (Aug. 18, 1884). Ryer, D. V. 355 3d av....H. S. Eisler.
Rapp, Catherine. 1131 3dav....W. E. Wheelock Rider, Louise B. 150 E. 48th ...A. Carr.

Sheffield, N. M....G. C. Flint \& Co.
Sullivan, Nora. 180710 th av.... T. Stacom.
Saunders, W. J.
368 Canal....T. E. Lyons. Saunders, M. M. 143 E .120 th ...... L. Cassel
Schaffer, Maria.
 Shannon, G. $210 \mathrm{E} .87 \mathrm{th} . . \mathrm{H}$. Greenstone.
Slaughter. A. M. and C. T.
$230 \mathrm{~W} .24 \mathrm{th} . . .$. Garson. Piano.
Skinner, Barbara. 57 W. 30th ...J. M. Oakford. Sternheimer, A. 9 W .125 th ....Sadie Ullman. Wallace, J. A. 1 iri E. 107th....S Knapp. CarWaring, Maria. 137 W .42 d .....Mary Waterman Whiting, W. M. 177th st and Prospect av....M. (R) Yost, F. and A. 335 W. 125th....S. Knapp. Car-

## miscellaneous

Augsburg, Laura. 683 Water...S. D. Rosen thal. Grocery Fixtures, Horse, Wagon, \&ce Printing Press \& Mfg. Co. Press.
Angers, J. L. 11 Ludlow...J. Chanowitz. Ma-
chines, \&ic. 619 3d av....H. Liebermann. BarBedell \& Bro. City ....C. C. Child. Cutter.
Bernheim, S . $1 \pm 2$ Centre … A. Heyman Machines, Fixtures, \&c.
raden, R. 363 W. 42d. $^{2}$. J. Cunningham's Son \&eile, Co. Carriage. $1: 2 i$ E. Bergman. Fixt. ${ }^{(R)}$ Bakery Fixtures $11 / 2$ 10th av....1. Bickhart Blodgett, W. C.... Hincks \& Johnson. Horses, Brady, E. J. 4373 d av.... Elizabeth Fagan. Printing Fixtures.
Bromm, G. 324 W. . C. Stein. Horses,
rown, D. 155 West Broadway ... Vanderburgh Wells \& Co. Printing Fixtures.
Brow, W. L... G. Dawkins. Horses, \&c
Covert, Geo. City... J. G. Allport. Canal Boat,
Covert, Addie E. City....J. G. Allport. Canal ick \& Geiernsey 223 6th av....Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Doty, P. C. 63 University pl.....Mosler, Bowen
\& Co. Safe. Earle. E. M. .Mafe. 235 th av... W. H. Earle. Horses, Ehrenberg, L. 223 Delancey ....H.Weber. Horse,
Wagon, \&c.
Elias Jennie C. 825 and 8591/2 Broadway....L. B.
Clark. Jewelry Fixtures, Furniture, \&c. Fy. P. 1200 gd av .... Margt. McCullough

Gloucester, C. N. 168 West Broadway....G. F Elliott. Fixtures and Furniture.
Grotecloss, J. H. 46 W .1 . 1 .h... E. D. Hadley, H. H. 125 th st and 8 d av ....F. M. Weiler. Press.
Same. 1164 North 3 d av ....Same. Press.
Sarris, $H$. W. 1105 Norih ad av....G. Schwenk Horses, Wagons, \&c.
Heinrich, F. 10 th av, bet 160th and 161st st.
Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Haight, C. H. 127 3d av ... Marvin Safe Co
Hall, G. P. \& Son. 157 Fulton ....C. G. Sentis. Photographic Gallery.
eller, H. 406 and $^{4} 46 \mathrm{~W}$. 4

Bakery, \&c.
Hendrick, L. P. 172 E. 123d....D. B. Dunham.
Carriages.
Cohnston, W. 130 E. 126th....F. C. Mallahau.
Horses, Trucks, $\approx \mathrm{c}$.
indergan, J. 379 Madison.... Nuffer \& Lippe.
Cleinschmidid, L. 12 Whitehall....P. Westphal.
Barber Fixtures.
Fixures, \&c.
Forestier, H. A. A. 23 Park pl....F. M. B.
Le Forestier. Fixtures.
H. Suhr....Grocery Fixtures, Horse, Wagon, \&c.
Dambin, J. A. 107 Lawrence... Donigan \& Neil ${ }^{\text {son. J. C. }} 415$ W. $33 \mathrm{~d} \ldots$ W. B. Wills, agt Milik Fixtures, \&c Safe, J. 564 Grand....A. Riemann. Confec tionery Fixtures.
201
E. 4th... Theresie Rehak Milk Fixtures.
chaelis, S. 118 Delancey....J. Weiss. Barber Fixtures ${ }_{2456}$ ie av .... B. Mayer. Butcher ires, L. W. 7 W. 14th and 51 and 57 Christopher....W. McKee. Horses, \&c.
Mayforth,
J.
C.
307
Sth . Martha Mayforth. Horse, Wagon. Fixicures, ©c. Engine, Machines, \&c
IcIntyre, P. City ....E. Prial. Truck
Hiller, w. 171 West Houston....Archer Mfg Co. Barber Fixtures
Noweli, W. D. 150 S. 5 th av....C. C. Shepherd. Dichois. J. 148 Chatham ... Archer Mfg. Co Barber Fixtures. Hearse.
Neill, $W$. City. ...S. Levon. Horse $\underset{\text { (R) }}{\text { and }}$ Wagon. Blecker....G. Goetz and ano (R) Pister or Fister, F. J., \& Co. 37 E. 13th.... Mosler, Bowen \& Co. Safe.
istan Back. . 142 Maiden lane.... National Meter Co. Fixtures, Lathes, \&c.
Palummeri, V. 419 Barber Fixtures. 3 d ...C. E. Munson. Pfaender, $\mathrm{F}^{148}$ Leonard .... C. Humann. Butcher Fixtures
Rosenberger
B. Barber Fixtures.
bovitz, S. 114 Delancey ....B. Schaffel. Grobovitz, S. 114 D
cery Fixtures.
Saake, E. .
Assoc.
Confectionery Fixtures.

## $\stackrel{219}{219}$

chaare, Elizabeth. 63 Prince....W. Becker Shefflin, D. 114 E. 106th.... Maria Moss. Horse and Hearse.
Simonson, O.
51
Bleecker....B. Cahen. MaStruck, C. W. Ierth st and 8th av... C. Hurst. Swartwout, F. G. 157 E. 125th....Marvin Safe Shefflin, D. 112 E 106th....J. Cunningham's Son Thomson, E. T. 554 W. 35th... W. \& D. Lawson. Tritt \& Co 19 Wallabout Market, Brooklyn.... Valentine, J. H. 172 W. 123d... P. J. Owens. Van Gelderen. J. 85410 th av and 518 W. 56th st Van Wert, J. L. . . $3: 2$ W. 29 th
San Winkle, Rip. 52 Union square.... Marvin Weir, P. T. 1119 ist av....H. Killam Co. Car Zugner, L. L. 533 North 3 d av.....Nuffer \& Zeni, L. 274 Spring....E. B. Seaman. Bakery

## bills of sale.

Alger, B. 17 W. 44th.... Mary Alger. Laundry Firpbell, M. M.
Horse, Wagons, $\mathrm{\& c}^{337}$ E. $32 \mathrm{~d} . .$. J. H. Campbell Cassin, W. $6001 / 2$ Grand....Cath. H. Cassin Cowen, L. City,...C. M. Fulton. Furniture. Davidson, Enna D....Wood \& Knapp. Scow, \&c. Restaurant Fixtures. Ficken, J. D. 13822 d av .... Kate Ryan. Saloon
Henderson, Mary. 574 3d av...I. Weill. Fixtures.
Hohenstrater, E. F. 91 Broad st, New York, and 419 Union st, Brooklyn $\dddot{\text { Hohen }}$ Adeline
Hohenstrater. Fixtures.
Lewin,
F.
O.
Hes Prince .... Annie Lewin Horsses and Wagons.
Neumuller, Clara.
207
E. 106th... A. Georgi Furniture.
Patterson, Margaret.
350 W.
W.
11th....T. W. Roper, J. and Emma. 128 E. 117th.... Anna M A nderson. Furniture. ...J. Gaworski. Bar ber Fixtures.
osenfeld, Jenny. 380 Canal .... A. Frowein
Restaurant Fixtures. 9 Bayard....E. Marini
Dinser, Josephine. 25 E. 44th ...P. Kavanagh Furniture.
n. y. assignments of chattel mort gages. Ehrich, E., to F. Munch. (O. A. Brosshard, Aug. $\stackrel{3}{3,1885 .)}$ Merigold, L. S., to C. Schlesinger. (M. J. McDer mott, Sept. 21, 1885.)
ientge, C. F., to S. Moorehouse \& Co. (H. F

## KINGS COUNTY.

saloon fixtures.
Behrens, R. 477 Atlantic av....Rubsam \& Horr mann. Bongard, J. 655 th av....A. Immig.
Duffy, J. 84 Court st....Minnie Duffy (R) Duffy, J. ${ }^{\text {E }}$ Court Court...Minnie Duffy . Dressell, N. 153 Harrison av.... Eliz. Meltzer. Gaetzner, J. 147 Ewen st....Brunswick Balke Kennedy \& Miley. 3 Willoughby st....The Long Kennedy \& Miley. 3 Willoughby st....The Lon Kraeusel, Mary. 32 Grand st....W. Ulmer. Meincte, A. M. 200 St. Johns pl....J. Baer.
Billiard Takle and Piano. Billiard Table and Piano. av ... Cath. Mc-
McDonald, J. 395 Graham aver Miller, G. M. 758 and 760 th av....Geo. Zipp \& Mohr, F. C. 581 Broadway.... Budweiser Brewing Co. 81 Johnson av....Cath. Lipsies.
Proilly, J.,
Resephine A. 91 South st....Exr. Ge Reilly, Josephine A. 91 , South st....Exr. Geo Sommers. J. F. 6756 th av....C. H. Evans.
Schlueter, Chas.
342 Grand st....F. Munch. Waldmuller, J. P. 80 Union av... Rubsam \& Wolbert, A. 212 Franklin st. . . G. Ehret. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Bavier, Maria A. 462 Henry st .... Asa W. Tenney.
Browne, R. $\mathbf{~ E . ~} 32$ Smith st . T. F. Creegan. Brown, G. 86 Canton st... E. D. Pherps. (R) Clarke, T. 1129 Herkimer st....I. Mason. Casten, N. 14 Chauncey st.... F. W. Cox
Cox, C. N.
Diekinson, W. 370 Gates av ..I. Mason. Dickinson, W. 370 Gates av ...I. Mason.
Dwight L. R. $1371 / 2$ Washington av....Anderson Davenport, G. L. 271 Hooper st . A. J. Steers. ford.
Dooley, Gertrude and Albert G. 478 Carlton av Dooley, Gertrude a
_A. A. J. Steers.
Sost, H. 193 Floyd st. . P. Ott. Fuller, B. F. 10 St. Mark pl. ..M. W. Williams. Ferris, Chas. 121 15th st...I. Mason.
Finlay, Mrs. c. P. 491 Clason av....R. G. LockFirnbach, Maria L. and John C. Fulton st and

 lins,
Horan, Mary A.
ters, Piano 81 Cranberry st....R. M. WalHall. W.
Kraft, B. J. J. Clinton st....I. Mason.
H2 Stanhope st....I. Mason


0 Maurer, Mary. 27 Sumner av..... Mason. Ma
McKeon, Bessie. 119 Cumberland st....i. Ma MeNemee, Mrs. 950 Lexington av....I. Mason. Meinecke, A. M. 200 St. Johns pl... L. Kram.
Meincke, Mary M.
191

St. Johns pl...W. | Westervelt. |
| :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Meincke, Mary } \\ \text { Westervelt. }\end{array}$ |
| M. | 200 St . Johns pl....W. ${ }_{\text {(R) }}^{\text {H. }}$ Merry, J. 252 Steuben st. ...I. Mason. Murch, C. H. 16 Court st.... A. J. Steers Pendleton, Sarah J. 67 South 9th st....S. W. Ryno, L.

Sellick, H. 107 Magnolia st... I. Mason. (R) Spear, Eliz. G. 253 Grand st....M. Schulz \& Bro C. Blschoff.
Tangerman. T. T.
26 Timper. R. S. $1181 / 2 / 2$ Chauncey st...I. Mason. Tully, Cath. 254 Cumberland st....A. J. Stee
Weed, C. S. 276 South 2th st....Jacob Bros. miscellaneous.
Aschner, I. 3 Tillary st .... Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Betts, C.
.
H. 26 Court st ... Marvin Safe Co Brown \& Funk. 488 Fulton st .... Bramhall,
Deane \& Co. Range.
 Safe.
Braun, C. W. 154 Maujer st....Marvin Safe Co. Collyer, Frank. 816 Columbla st. . Campbell Coots, W. M. 26 Court st . . Marvin Safe Co. Corby, A. W. 967 Gates av .... Marvin Safe Co. Sartis, J. A. 28 Elm st... G. Werst. Waron.
Cooke, Samison \& Co. 194 Fulton st....F. R. Orr. Cooke, Samson \& Co. 194 Fulton st....... R. Orr.
Trusses, Poles, \&c.
258 Grand st.... Marvin Safe Co.
Safe
Dettroeller, Mary A. 607 Mytle av....J. Dono
hackman, J. P. 172 Paciffic st.... D. B. Dunham.
Horse and Coupe,
Hornborg, A. Near Wallabout bridge....E. Records. Kindling Wood Business.
Hudson, G. H... N. Langler. Coupe, \&c. Irving \& John....Saml. and Thos. Dean. DerIsrael, Louis...W. B. Davis. Coupe. Bruchner.
Kloiber, J. Cigar Store. Store.
Konter, E. A. 244 Boerum st.. .Marvin Safe Co. Le Forestier, H. A. A. 23 Park pl....F. M. B. Le Lempfert, H. 186 West st....C. Seifert. Machbers, w. W. H. W. H. Bell. Horse and
Wag. Martin, Eliz. 255 Hudson av.... W. B. Dunham Miller, Julius. 175 Clinton st....Archer Mfg. Co. Barber Shop.
Manheim, J...Troy Laundry Machinery Co.
Machinery,
McCormick, Thos. 205 Franklin st....Marvin MeGrath, M. 453 ist st.... Marvin Safe Co. Safe. Munemann, Geo. C. 199 Conover st....Marvin
Safe Co Safe. North 5th st...D.D. Dows. O'Brien, M. Ming Mrand av and Dean st....Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Potter, S. S.
16 Court st.... Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Quevedo, J. 1623 Fulton st....Marvin Safe Co, Reight, C. A. $97 \%$ Gates av....Marvin Safe Co. Remshardt, L. 865 Central av....Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Riley, Wm. J.
Waranklin av ...Marvin Safe Robbins, F. 837 Pacific st and 812 Fulton st.. D. Raynor. Horses. Wagons and Fixtures.
Rubino, v. 27 Atlantic av....A. Cesare. Barber' Shop. Cor. Union av and Dover st... Walker \& Bresnan. Presses, \&c. . W. Ruthmann. Horse, Wagons, \&c. Store.
Sands, H. L....F. H. Chase. Magical Apparatus, \&c. \& Bohn. Fixtures, \&c.
Sanford, w. S. At Grand Opera House....H.
Merry. schacher, W. 5193 d av....H. Ellmers. Fixtures.
Schroeder,
H.
. 143 Clason av.... H. Quense. Grocery Store.
Schinzel, A. W. ${ }^{2}$ Division av....Marvin Safe Segale, S. 291 Broadway.... Marvin Safe Co. Sutter \& Robbert. 23 Boerum pl....Marvin Safe Co. Safe.
Tyler,
F.
H. 1187 Fulton st....Marvin Safe Co. Watkins, F. W....Herring \& Co. Safe.
Weed, T. Cor Degraw and Clinton sts... A. W. Russell. Horse, Wagon, \&c.

## bills of sale.

Allen, B. W., \&Co., to Michael Teehan and Joseph Rohan. Saloon, 128 Smith st.
nkkley, William H., to Robinson Ramsden. Dry, Store, cor Stewart and Clark sts, Fort Drug Store, cor Stewart and Clark sts, Fort
Hamilton.
yle, Martin E., to B. W. Allen \& Co. Saloon, Doyle, Martin E., 182 sith st.
Karp, Carl $\mathbf{F}$. W. and Ida, to Peter J. Ohmeis. Karp, Carl F. W. and Ida, to Peter J. Ohmeis.
Beer Bottling Business, ,444 Atantic av.
Kryszkewiez, L, to Emilie Kryszkewicz. Candy, Kryszewicz, is to Ten Eyck st. Sheo Manufact-
Lang, Jacob, to Hannah Stern. Shoe Man ory, 13 Moore st.
Murphy, Philip, to Michael Teeban and Joseph
Rohan ${ }^{\text {Salon, }} 128$ Smith st,

Ramsden, Robinson, to Mary A. Blankley,
Drug Store, cor Stewart and Clark sts, Fort Drug store
Hamiton.

## JUDGMENTS.

In these lists of judgments the names alphabetically arranged, and which are first on each line, are those
of the judgment debtor. The letter (D) means judgment for deficiency. (*) means not summoned. (1) signifies that the first name is tictitious, real name being unknown. Judgments entered durring the iveek, and satistied before day of publication,
appear in this column but in list of Satisfied Judgappear.

## NEW YORK CITY.

## September

1 Atwood, Marie E.-Rosa Deutsch.. Arenberg, Rachei-Jacob Wolbach. 2 Alger, Byron-W. L. C. Glenny
$3_{* \text { Arbogast, George }}^{\text {Arbogast, John }}$ \}Stern \& Metzger
3 Arthur, Henry-Adolph Scheftel.
3 the same D. B. Fayerweather gie, Maria E.-Chas. Strauss
4 Arnot, Peter-John Merry
5 Aronberg, Rachel, sued as RosaJacob Berlinsky
5 Aronson, Bernhard-Wm. Bishop.. 19*Buchanan, Mary-Brussels Tapestry Co...
21 Brown, Augustus-W. W. Esty......
21 Battershall, Sanford W. - Henry Harberk.
*Backus, Mancer M. J. P. Kernoc 1 Backus, Henry L. Man," trustee. Dena Abels
21 Benne + t, Samuel T., impld-Dannat 21 Borden, Charles E.-G. W. Rogers 22 Blackman, Albert L. -C. C. Rice.. 22 Bloodgood, Elizabet Flemington.
22 Bloodgood, Isaac F.- the same... man, recvr
Banta, George A.-John Merry
22 Bischoff, Frederick-D. S. Yeoman
22 Bates, Louis

22 Bromell, William B. - John Ross..
22 Bogart, Orlando M. H. O. Heu
Brund, Richardes A. alias ; W
22 Brundage, James A., alias (W. J
Brown, Allen D. J. J Phillips.
22 Brown, Emmet A. G. W. Nichols
22 Barnum, John D.-G. W. Nichols
22 Burns, James
23 Bogart, Orlando M. Otto Heinze.
3 Bogart, Misard S. C. C. Murphy
23 Brown, 12 and Son Breving Co Son Brewing Co..
25 Burghardt, Henry-Julius Einstein
25 Bronson, Willett-G. F. Baker, exr
25 Bernhardt, Sarah-Henry Gaullieur
25 Byrnes, William J.-I. F. Wardell
18 Crosby, Maggie A.- Conlehan Bebjamin M. - Roye Wheel Co
Campbell, Bartley-A. E. W hyland.
${ }_{23}$ Contaeras, Peter-People of State N. Y.

Cannon, Simon-Harris Bluestone..
22 Clyde, William J.-Sam. Lobenthal.
Conner, William C. James
22 Conner, James P.
Wilmore
22 Childs, William R.-W. L. Tompkins.
23 Chapman, William S.-J. W. Davis.
4 Carlock, George - Matthew Dow4 Clinchy, William H. - National Butchers' \& Drovers' Bank of City New York.
4 Clark, Elijah D.-Wm. Archer...
5 Chabert, Eugene-J. L. Cavanagh
2) Clark, William-James Huggins
${ }^{19}$ Nuchworth, Jemes
19 Doyle, Patrick V. - Nich. Tiede mann
Deegan, Martin E.-Benj. Nathan.
D'Ancona, Abraham-David Green Downing William-W. H. Clarke. Dawson, John F.-J. H. Smith Decker, George-People of State of
 Daly, James C.-Jos. Husson Dimon, Ebenezer-Adolph Sheftel Davison, George T.-A. H. Doty Dalton, Patrick-Wm. Ryan 23 Dimon, Ebenezer - D. B. Fayer Dardis, Lizzie A.-Kate Ryan 24 Decker, John-W. S. Hines, ex 24 Dunn, Thomas-John Merry 24 Dinold, Joseph-J. C. G. Hupfel 24 Doolittle, Edwin--C. F. Lauer. Doughty, Samuel H.-T. T. Cnane.
25 Davis, Lucy W.-G. V. Watson
22 Everard, James-John Gray

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$\begin{array}{r}5,37005 \\ 1,14298 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 12298
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23 Ely, William F.-Henry Widdowson 21 Fleming, Walter M.-A. C. Chand 20 Flem.
Flemming, Patrick H.-Alex. Esch bach.
22 Flack, James A.. exr. of W. C. Con ner-James Wilmore...
${ }_{2}^{23 *}$ Fox, John P.-
4 Fulton, Emelia-T. M. Spelman.
25 Furcht, Frederick-Royer Wheel C
19 Gilligan, Thomas-George Grau
19 Gregory, Elizabeth-J. H. Gregory

1 Greer, Frederick H.-George Law
21 Grunhut, Bernard-F. P. Kenke, 21 Greer, Frederick H.-John Hancock Gre.........................costs 22 Grote, Dorethea-J. J. Malone $22 \nmid$ Glover, Mary-E. J. Wassman
22 Gerson, Jacob-M. L. Riechenbach 23 Garland, John A.-James Oliphant. 24 Gerstl, Siegfried-J. C. G. Hupfel
5 Garrison, Frederick-Chas. Gor mann
18 Hirsch, Herman-J. P. Kernochan, trustee.
19 Hawley, Oscar F.-David Whitney,
Helmich, Julius-John Rudd
19 Helmich, Julius-John Rudd......... Tube Works Co.
21 Hild, Charles-J. S. Kaliske
21 Hauseman, Charles H.-Purssell Co. 22 Herrick, Albert B.-E. B. Benjamin.
22 Herold, John G., Jr. - Leopold Beyer.
2 Hamersley, Thomas H. S.-F. S Price.
22 Hoffman, Richard-J. J. Malone
22 Holmes, Francis P. - Real Estate Record Assoc..
23 Hermann, Leopold-A. S. Stiefel..
23 Howell, William H.-J. N. Ober teuffer
23 Hubbard, Henry J.-G. E. Lewis..
24 Horton, William W.-A. C. Mor gan, exr
4 Hohe, Jacob-H. B. Wheatcroft
2. Healy, Hugh R.-L. A. W alker

25 Huttick, Charles-Adolph Gebhard
5 Hickman, Margaret-J. H. Hul
22 Irvine, Allan A.-Manchester \&
19 Kellogg, Charles M-Brussels Tapes
$21^{*}$ Kroger, Clemens A.-Henry Bauen dahl.
22 Kingsland, David B.-W. D. Lent.
$22 *$ Kroger, Clemens A.-Louis Schrieb
24 Knpetzky, Joseph-H. Clausen \& Son Brewing
2t Kenny, James T.-Nathan Lemlein 24 Koenig, Edward-J. C. G. Hupfel
25 *Kahn, David L.-T. B. Chase.
19 Leweck, Jacob-John Wyard
21 Lipsky, James-Julius Samuels. the same-Louis Goodman..
22 Lafarge, Jdward-H C. Pell
22 Lambert, Edward-H. Jr.-Gustave Wingert
23れLibby Albert O.-Edwin Fowler
24 Little, John W.-S. S. White Dental Mfg Co.
24 Lyons, Thomas-John Merry
25 Lewin, Frederick O. I Sol. Mehr
15 Mackey, Thomas J.-George Ruppel
18*Marcus, Solomon-J. P. Kernochan, trustee.
21 Mott, Abraham-Julius Samuels
1 the same-Louis Goodman
22 Marx, Adolph $\}$ Justin Wertheimer
*Marx, Jacob
22 Mahnken, Richard-Albert Lane.
22 Mulcaby, Mortimer J.-H. L. Fier son, Jr.
24 Menger, Louis R. - S. W. Mayer
*Marx, Kossuth
24*Marx, Adolphus Justus Heilbrunn Marx, Jaccb
\& Meyers, Henry-John Burlinson.
25 Miller, Edward J.-Michael Curley
25 Miles, William, individ. and as exr
25 Miles, Gilbert L.-J. M. Young.
25 Miles, Gilbert L.-J. M. Young..... 19 McLoughlin, Thomas-George Grau 19 McCarty, Maurice-Dannat \& Pell.
 22 McGrowan, Daniel-E. J.Wassman 24 McGillivray, Hugh-John Merr
19 Norton, Hart Z.-Ole Omsted
22 Nutting, Frederick J.-H. B. New hall Co
23 Newman, Henry-Emil Calman
23 Nusbaum, Moses M.-Isaac Frieden wold.
24 Nagle, Percival-W.C. Ilsley
25 Nichols, Joseph W. - Ninth Nat. Bank, City N.
Nevins, John F.
5 Nevins, William H.
Nevins, Jeter Foster, exrs Walton of Peter J. Nevins

20477
25 Nagle, Percival E.-Union Bottling 19 Ott, Charles-C...............................................
22 Osann, Bernhard-D. S. Yeoman ${ }_{24}^{22}$ Osann, Bernhard-Connor, Rose-T. B. Kerr....... 19 Peifer, Jacob, as Presdt. of St. Joseph's Verien, Melrose, New York -J ses Angericht...............cost 21 Paddock, William G.-C. F.
22 Penny, Hugh II.-J. H. Smith. 22 Poly, Adolph-E. R. Goodrich 22 Peixotto, Daniel L. M.-J. W. RichPryor, Henry Alden Solmans
22 Pryor, Jane Gorter George H.-Thos. Talbett Mfg. Co
23 Parkhurst, Gabriel H.-Tarrant \&
24 Peters, William R.-Antony Reisert 24 Pietrowski, Albert-J. C. G. Hupfel Pilkington, James-W. C. Ilsley... *Pease, Rosina
$25 *$ Pease, Frederick L., exrs. $\begin{aligned} & \text { D. N } \\ & \text { of Wman }\end{aligned}$ of Wm. J. Pease
Preston, James F.-J. H. Leeds, asPreston,
signee.
25 Pilkington, James-Union Bottling

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19 Rau, Margareta John Fuchsius
Rich, W. Dalriple-A. J. Moore
19 Rich, W. Dalrifle-A. J. Noore .... nosik.
22 Reynolds, Andrew U. T T. N. Mot
2. Reynolds, Charles E. Butley \& John-

Richter, Paul- Evans \& Post.
23 Rapp, Charles-G. F. Dalton, as-
23 Rice, Edward E.-Vreeland \& Van
25 Rogers, Joseph C. - Ninth Nat. Bank,
$25+$ Richardson, J. C., of 21 E .14 th stDoane \& Wilkington Mfg. Co.
19 Schuster, Susman-H. W. Blair

21 Stehr, Henry W. - Henry Bauendahl.
21 Summerhayes, John H.-Fred. Gib lin.
21 Sobel, Henry - Jos. Slatin..
22, Shaw, John-E. J. W assman
22 Satterlee, John J. Nith
22 Steneck, John R.-J. W. Richard
son.

22 Stehr, Henry W.-Louis Schreiber..
22 Steifelman, Bernard-Catherine Bal-
cour............................
Shynman, Jacob G. 1 Neil MeCal
23 Shynman Samuel if lum........
23 Stevens, John W.-Nason Mifg.
25 Steward, D. Jackson-Myron Par chreier, Arthur \} J. I.. Mayer
25 Schreier, Eugene \} J. N. May Silliman, S. Augustus-Ninth Nat Bank of City N. Y
25 Saunders, Stiles M.-Royer Wheel
Co...........................................amian-
of Wm. Meyer
25 Schaft, Henry E.-Richard Edwards
21 Smith, Herbert F.-Lizzie M. Bur-
22 Smith, Fred. E.-.......................
22 Smith, James H. $\}$ J. D. Griffin
23 Smith, John W.-W. G. Brewer.
23 Smith, John W.-W. G. Brewer..
24 Smith, Henry L.-Anna M. Mille
19 Travis, Egbert B.-Brussels Tapes
19 Thorp, Patrick--M. L. Bachmann.
19 Turl, Samuel R.-H. L. Pierson, Jr
23 Tarl, Samuel R.-H. L. Pierson, Jr.
23 the same - Robert Lawson..
24 Totton, Joseph M. - Fred. Beier meister .........................
24*Taylor, Charles W.-Standard Yard
25 Thompson, Willis-D. E. Macgowan 25 Tucker, Edward S.-J. S. Lambeth,
25 Tremberger, Marie-Louis Reiss
18 The Shugg Lithographoid Printing Sept. 19) Noble Metal Mining Co................................
19 The Fryer Noble Metal Mining Co.
21 The Mayor, Aldermen, \&c.-John Morgan. Andrew Leupol
22 The Mayor, Aldermen, \&c.-R. A Withous, individ. and as trustee
22 Leve \& Alden Printing Co.-G. J
Collins.................................
22 G. W. Hall......................................
chine Co.-C. S. Sweetland......

25 The Howe Machine Co.-J. A. Som-
 21 Whitaker, William H.-Henry HarWeck. ............................ 22 Wilcox, Alanson M.-H. O. Heumann...
$\qquad$
30,7
7,448 59
5,399 20
Washburn, Henry L.-Tiffany \&

23 W illiams, Harry B-D. W. Clark.
94 Witty, Mary E.-Homer Wagon Co.
$\left.24 \begin{array}{c}\text { Wallach, Abraham } \\ \text { Wallach, Edward }\end{array}\right\}$ Emil Greeff
$24+$ Wheelock, W. A. B., 118 Maiden lane-W m. Henderson.....
${ }_{25}^{4}$ Warner, Phebe-G. B. Hunt......... Yard Co.
25 Warren, William S.-Fred. Pfluger.
${ }_{25}$ Winans, Charles T.-D. J. Porter...

## KINGS COUNTY.

September
21 Bennett, Samuel T.-W. H. Dannat
21 Battershall, Sanford W.-H. Harbeck.
21 Brown, Wiliam E.-M..............................
23 Burnett, Phoebe S.-F. C. Joslin....
23 Brandtberg, Robert E.-A. Smith
23 Brophy, Joseph-E. B. Bartlett.
if Brouer, Paul-D. Brin S.
is Curtis, Samuel-C. A. Bjorkman
${ }_{23}^{18}$ Curtis, Samuel-Almira R.-F. A. Bjorkman
23 Cardaire, Diendonne and Marius
R. Crooks........................

21 Duckworth, James and Walter
23 David, Viola-W. H. Downing
${ }_{22}^{23}$ Duffy, Pailip-J. Landauer.
22 Egan, Patrick-L. Peguiron.
23 Flick, Otis C.-J. Johnson...
21 Grainger, John E. I.-H. Harbeck.
21 Green, George G.- S. J. Weaver
23 Graul, Charles-H. A. Peck...
19 Hawley, Uscar F-D. Whitney
19 Holton, Nathaniel G. S. R. Trim-
21 Homan, George L. Gaman, Richard G.-Natl Tube W orks Co.
21 Hughes, John B.-M. N. Packard
21 Harburger, Mary-E. Eisemann
22 Helme (exr. of), Eliza A.-American Tract soc. and ano
43 Hoffma, Wiliam J.-L. Peguiron
33 Herman, Richard-J. J. Malone
23 Heroessy, James-1. R. Sheffield
24 Heads, Wr.j John G.-L. Beyer
18 Johnsen, Rasmus-B. Camphell
19 Jordan, William F.-L. H. Baldwi
23 Jackson, Mary Ann-M. Badger and others.
18 Kreegh, John ©. F.-................. Karcher
22 Kilduff, Patrick D.-.............. 22 Levine, Morris-J. Cohen.
22 Lipsky. James-J. Samuels.
the same $-L$ L. Goodman
Lyons, Bernard-L. Peguiron.... 18 Mann, Edward C. J. Craft.
18 Mangels, Otto W.-M. Stitch......... ton.
19 McCarthy, Maurice - W. H. Dannat 21 Morris, Mary Jane-W. H. Thomas 21 Morl, Maria Ann-J. C. Wenzenbur-
ger................................
22 Mott, Abranam-J. Samuels.
22 the same -L. Goodman
23 Murken, George - H. Wischmann
24 Murch, Charles G.-R. S. Roberts..
23 Nutting, Frederick J.-H. B. New hall Co
24 O'Malley, Edmund C.-W. Berger.
18 Pickford, Edward .G.-G. H. Gard
23 Porter, George $\quad$ H.-Manuf'g. Co
23 Perry, Edward W.-H. Ferd
23 Pierrepont, Henry E., Jr., and John Jay-E. Tynan, ad,
Reimuller, George P .-S. S. . Weaver
19 Stoeckel, Gus-F. B. Thurbe
21 Nnyder, James-D. Muller
21 Smith, Heman S.-H. J. Lea
$2 \leq$ Stehr, Otto-O. Hackradt.
22 Schridt, Charles-O. Hackradt.
18 Tilyou, Peter A L. Michel
18 Tilyou, Peter A.-E. R. Goodrich.
22 The Long Island R. R. Co.-B. McNamara.
22 Townsend, Benjamin C., as exr. Elizabeth A. Helme-American
22 Van Horn, Jacob-S. J. Talmage.
21 Wilkinson, Ellen H.-W. Coombs.
21 Whittaker, William H.-H. Har beek.................................

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## Pope. (1884) E. and Jerome J.-T. J

Quinn, John-G. W. Venable (1885)
$\ddagger$ Rogers, Richard-Rudolph Binder. (1885).:
Stix, Charles L. and Robert L.-Paul Salo-

Spero, Frank-Max Kamak. (1885)
Sheehy, Patrick-Fire Department. (1885).
Studer, Jacob H-CGe
Studer, Jacob H.-Geo. Blustein, exr. (1885) 115950
Sterne - same. (1885).... Tiffany \& Co.
Sweeny. ${ }^{(1885}$
Salem, Fred W-J. M. Carnochan. (1885)
SToch, Jacob L. and Joseph-Moses Toch
(1882).
$\ddagger$ Same- Same. (1882)
Thorpe, Philip. R. Sergeant. (1882)
Wittich, John H. -Pierre Noel. (1888)
Walsh, James-Dennis Harrington. (1883).
Same Thos. Cunningham. (1881).
Whitehead, Robert-Fire Department. (1885) 118 a

* Vacated by order of Court. + Secured on Appeal
\# Released. $\$$ Reversed. I Satisfied by Es
Disclarged by going through bankruptcy.


## KINGS COUNTY.

September 19 to 25-inclusive.
Elkins, George B - E. Du Bois. (1883)......
Gove, Walter
S.-Fulton Municipal Gas
$\$ 3,01305$
Light Co, Brooklyn. (1885)
Harriott, James C.-Brooklyn City Railroad.
Kerr, James-Mary V. W. Mills. (1884).
Kenna, Peter, and John Murphy-J. S.
tel. (1885.) (Execution)...... S. Spet
Robbins, Thomas H.-O. S. Ackley. (1885).
Robbins. Thomas H.-J. Burns. (1885)....
Smith, Mathew and James F.-Mary V. W Timmes, Eva-A. Schmitt.
Walker, Adam-W. B. Maben, (1882).........
Waters, Joseph, and James W. Collier,
impld,-W. Tumbridge. (1878)........
Wessels, Edward J.-E. Ross et al. (1884).
Wessels, Edward
Mills. (1884).
884)..

## MECHANICS' LIENS.

The Mechanics' Lien Law, with full Marginal Notes and complete Index has been published in pamphlet form by The Record and Guide. Copies can be obtained at the office of publication, No. 191 Broadway, price 25 cents. This valuable work should be in the hands of every man interested in building or in the sale of building material.

## NEW YORK CITY.

Sept.
19 Fourteenth st, Nos. 106 and 108 E.. s s, abt 200 e thh av, 50 x abt 100 . Paul Gautert agt Huber, lessee. One Hundred and Fiftieth st, is, near the
Western Boulevard, 50x100. Samuel J. Joyce agt John Rooney, contractor, and
 Charles E. Garrison agt Thomas Kearney, owner, and Alexander McNally, con-
tractor......................................
21 Eighth av, w s, 75.8 s 94 th st, 50 oxioo. Criris-
tian Kunzmann agt Sarah Benson. owner, and Henry Foos, contractor. ..... owner,
21 Fifty-ffith st. Nos. 532 to 540 w.,. s s, 225 e 11 th av, 125 ft front. Plowden Stevens agt
Charles H. Bliss, contractor, and Jacob Madison av, No. 2091 (new number 2003), e B, bet 127 th and $128 t h$ sts. Edward Kenny agt Joseph Kahn, owner, and Gustav L.
and Abraham L. Cohn, contractors.......

22 One Hundred and Seventh
from 4th to Lexington av, $400 \times 100,11$. Jo-
seph Coar agt The New Collisseum Co.
and M. H. Muxlow...............

81668
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vens agt P. B. McIntyre, contractor, andWatson \& Co., owners.
Liberty st, Nos. 18 and 20, s ss, 83 w William st, $35 \times 50$. Stephen Price agt William D,
Peck, contractor, and Alfred A. Peck,
st. Nicholas av, in w cor 157 th st, 50 x 100 Abraham Steers agt A. R. Eckard, con-
22 Seventh av, w s, extdg from 141 st to 142 d sts, $\times 100 \mathrm{ft}$ on streets. Abraham Steers
agt John Bell, contractor and debtor, and Malvina Hammerstein, owner............ Ninety-third st, No. $387 \mathrm{E} ., \mathrm{n}$ s, 150 w 1st av,
25 x i00. John Reck agt Piesbach \& Strachan, owners, and Wm. F. Rohr, contrac-
 24 Same property. Same agt same................
23 Third av ne cor 101 st st, 100 x 100 . Patrick H. Slattery agt Michael Duffy, contractor 24 East Broadway, No. 202, n s. James Caith-
uess agt Isaac Gondstein, owner, and Har24 Same property. Jas. R. O'Neill agt same. 24 Madison av, s e cor 105th st, $99.11 \times 80$. Pat rick Noonan agt Albert A. McCool, re 24 One Hundred and Sixth st, No. 27 W., $n$ s 150 from 9 th av. Butler \& Constant agt ler, contractors............................... E., s s, 135 e Lexington av, 73x 62 . Chester
L. Williams agt Wm. H. Martin, owner, Jos. Hart, lessee and W. Gifford, awener 24 Sixth av, 8 w cor 133d st, $100 \times 100$. Thomas M. Shanahan agt H. Josephine Wilson, owner, and J. George Scheel, contractor..
Sixtieth st, No. $509 \mathrm{~W} .$, n 8 , bet 1oth and Sixtieth st, No. $509 \mathrm{~W} ., \mathrm{n} 8$, bet 10th and
11th avs. Chester L. Williams agt George Healing. contractor, and $H$. Ruhl, owner. Thirtieth st, Nos. 43,-443 W., n s, 425 w 9 th av, $100 \times 100$. Evans \& Bancker agt Wm.
Rankin and Peter N. Ramsey, owners and contractors
Gramercy Park, No. 40 and 148 East 21 st st,
being Gramercy Park, s ecor 21st st. Mur dough \& Duffell agt Eliza O'Meara, Mur er, Pat. McGuckin, sub-contractor, and J. F. Reilly, contractor..

## KINGS COUNTY.

Sept.
21 Gates av, s e cor Franklin av, 74.10x76. Thomas slater agt Henry Keale, Jr..owner,
and J. B. Alexander and Thos. Welwood.
21 Same property. Eli Simis agt same........ Nos. 9 and 46 Wallabout Market. Wm.
Hazard's Son \& Co. agt Anna M. Ander-
18 Eighth st, $n$ s, 420.9 e $3 d$ av, $50 \times 100$. John Kolle agt Mary A. and Peter Donlon
18 Same property. Murray \& McDonald agt
18 (arlton av, w s. 257.4 n Atlantic av, 29.10x 100. Nicholas Meyer agt James L. Dough-

18 Sumpter st, n s, 170 w Rockaway av, $53 \times 100$.
A. Graf \& Co. agt Charles H. Dyett, own-
er, and C. Monds

19 Hudson av, w s, 50.8 s Concord st. Charles owner and agt Ja

3d av, $50 x 100$. Murray
Eighth st, n s, 420.9 e 3 dav av, 50x100. Murray
\& McDonald agt Mary and Peter Donlon
 Andrew P. Blixt agt Jas. L. Dougherty,
owner, and Nich. Meyer. $13 . \ldots \ldots . . . . .$.

22 Prospect av, sw cor 6th av, $160.4 \times 100$. Otto
 Philip Sullivan agt Ella Ellis, owner, and
18 Marion st, Nos. $380-390$, s e cor Hopkinson av, $100 x-$ George H. Hersey \& Co. agt
Theresa E. Guthy and Elizabeth Palmer,
owners, and J. B. Lung........................... enth $\mathrm{st}, \mathrm{s}$ s, 95.9 w th av, 83.4 x 100
more \& McCrea agt Robert Little
19 Gwinett st, nw s, 245 n e Marcy av, $60 \times 100$. Marx, and Hugo E. and Emma M. Wary slager, owners and contractors $\ldots . . . .$. 21 Ewen st. No. 59, n w cor Seigel
$25 \times 100$. Daniel Kreuder agt Frank Mann
21 Eighth st, n e s, 172.10 s e 6th av, $50 \times 100$.
23 Decatur st, s s, 125 w Lewis av. $85 \times 100$. Murray \& McDonald agt George W. Spear, owner and contractor.......
Gates av, s e cor Franklin av, 746 .........
 Thatford \& Ackerman agt Mr. and Mrs.
Martin T. Raynor and E. F. Smith........
24 Sump er st, n s, 20 w Stone av 100 x 100

## satisfied mechanics' liens.

Sept. Hundred and Twenty-sixth st, $n \mathrm{~s}, 71 \mathrm{w}$ Lexington av Wm. N. Beers ast Mr. 23 One Hundred and Fourth st, Nos. 238 and $230 \mathrm{E} .$, s s s, 310 e 3 d av, 50 ft front. Patrick
Hogan agt Henry Bornkamp. (Sept. 7 ,
23 Same property. Same agt same. (Aug. 27,Childs agt H. Josephine Wilson. (Sept.
$24 \begin{aligned} & \text { One Hundred and Twenty-third st, s s, } \\ & \text { extdg from 8, }\end{aligned}$ 8th av to St. Nicholas av. ifth av, No. N54, ws. Heuvelman \& Co. (June 30 , M85)
24 Eighteenth st, No. 40 W., s s. Chas, J. Per- 1,02800
 ard Powder Co. agt Fred. Correll and
Francis MeCabe. (Sept. 10, 1885)................ $21 *$ Madison av, ws s, 25.5 s 65 th st, 68 front. M. Benner agt Synagogue Bnia Jeshurun and
R. Guastivino. (Sept. 3. 1885) R. Guastivino 21*Seventeenth st, Nos. 442 and 444. W. s s, 100 Thomas McLaughlin. (Sept. 12, 1885)..
1*Same property. Hugh Byrne agt same 21*Same property. Hugh Byrne agt same.
$21 *$ Same property. Wm. Tenney agt same. 21*Same property. Thos. Donnelly agt same
21*Same property. 25 Fourth av, se cor 113 th st. John Askey agt Wm. Henderson and John B. Smith. 25 Same property. Henry Chenowith agt
same. (Mar. 2, 1885)......................... 25 One Hundred and Seventh st, Nos. 100 to $116 \mathrm{E} ., \mathrm{s}$ e cor 4 th av, $230 \times 100.11$. Alice
Fransmann agt Wm. F. McEntee. (Sept. Fransma
$24,1885)$

KINGS COUNTY.
September 19 to 25 -inclusive.
Macon st, s s , 280 w Throop av, 42x80. Pipe \& Hocking agt Simon B. Hershey, E. J.
Granger and J. H. White. (Mar. 19, 1885). Macon st, Nos. 226 and 228. Thos. Keenan agt cord st, $37.7 \times 89 \times 37.1 \times 83$. witman \& Read B. Draper. Dougherty, Henry S. and Wm. enty-third st, No. 214, s s, 225 w 5 th av, 25 x
10..2. Francis Meehan agt Asel J. Oster-
gren J. Sorenson. gren J. Sorenson. (Sept. 21,1885 ). .......... H. Hill agt Wiley J. Canfield and Howes

## BUILDINGS PROJECTED

The first name is that of the owner; ar't stands
for architect, m'n for mason and b'r for builder
Copies of the New Building Law, with Marginal Notes, a full Index, and Engravings illustrating the Heights and Thicknesses of Walls, edited by W. J. Fryer, Jr., are for sale at the office of The Record and Guide. Price, 75 cents.

## NEW YORK CITY.

## SOUTH OF 14 TH Street.

Catharine st, Nos. 45 and 451/2, five-story brick tenement, $27.2 \times 65.5$, rear 27.5, tin roof; cost,
$\$ 18,000 ;$ Joseph Glass, 221 Madison st; ar't, William Graul. Plan 1392.
Ludlow st, No. 5, five-story brick tenem't, 25.5 x 73 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 16,000$; ow'r and b'r, Patrick $H$ McManus, 110 East 91 st st. Plan 1385.

Mulberry st, No. 180, five-story brick tenem't $25 \times 54$, tin roof; cost, abt $\$ 12,000$; Patrick J. Carroll, 128 East 122d st. Plan 1397 .
12 th st, No. 644, e s, on rear, two-story brick
stable, $16.8 \times 30$ tin roof: cost, $\$ 1,200$. mann, Sr., 626 East 12th st; ar't, Wm. Graul Plan 1403.

Mulberry st, Nos. 244 and 246, one five-story and basement brick tenem't, 38.10x39.1, metal roof; cost, $\$ 13,000 ;$ Mrs. Anna C. Keane, 113 East ${ }_{1404}^{34 t h}$ st; ar't, J. B. Snook; b'r, not selected. Plan 1404.

## between 14 th and 59 th sts.

17th st, Nos. 410 and 412 W., two five-story brick tenem'ts, 25x77, tin roofs; cost. each, A. B. Ogden \& Son. Plan 1399.

17 th st, No. 429 W ., three-story brick blacksmith shop and tenem't, $25 \times 55$ on first floor and 45 above, tin roof; cost, $\$ 6,000 ;$ Mrs. Emily Fuller,
360 West 17th st; ar't, M. H. Roullier. Plan 1394.

48th st, No. 348 W ., five-story brick tenem't, 25 x84, rear 21, tin roof; cost, $\$ 22,000 ; W \mathrm{~m}$. Ran-
kin, 253 West 51 st; ar't, Geo. Keister; built by day's work. Plan 1401.

48th st, No. 350 W., five-story brick tenem't, 25 x84, rear 21, tin roof; cost, \$22,000; Edward D. Bertine, 328' West 47th st; ar't, Geo. Keister; built by day's work. Plan 1402 .

1 st av, n w cor 46 th st, one-story brick store, 12 x15, tin roof; cost, $\$ 500$; Andrew Icken, 193 6th av, Brooklyn: ar't, Rudolph Norak; b'r, Ber-
nard Plumb. Plan 1391. between 59th and 125th streets, hast of 5th avenue.
101st st, $\mathrm{ns}{ }^{\prime}, 300 \mathrm{w}$ 1st av, four five-story brick tenem'ts, $25 x 60$, gravel roofing; cost, each, $810,-$
000 : Mary M. Gurnee, 79 Macon st, Brooklyn; b'r, Albert Wilkinson. Plan 1395.
between 59th and 125 th streets, west of 8th avenue.
63 d st, n s, 100 w 9 th av, ten three-story and four-story brick dwell'gs, six $16.8 \times 50$ and four tin roofs; cost, $\$ 18,000$ and $\$ 20,000$ each; A. A. Hughes, 2063 th av; ar't, W. B. Tuthill. Alan

74th st, n e cor 11th av, nineteen three-story brick dwell'gs, 20x52, tin roofs; cost, each, $\$ 14,500$; Wm. E. D. Stokes, 37 Madison av, and Jacob Lawson, No. 48 Whitehall st; ar't and b'r, W. J. Merritt. Plan 1389
79th st, s s, 150 w 9 th av, seven four-story and 54 and 56 , and extensions, tin, slate and fire-proofing materials for roofs; cost, each, abt $\$ 30,000$; Samuel Colcord, 400 West 79th st; ar't, H. L. Harris; built by day's work. Plan 1400.

Riverside Drive, e s, 550 n 112 d st, on rear of lot, two-story brick stable, $50 \times 22$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 10,000 ;$ Robert G. Gr
Kastner. Plan 1384.
Kastner. Plan 1384.
10th av, w s, 40 s 9 10 av, s, 40 s 99 th st, two-story brick dwell R. Clark 90th st het 10th av and Boulevard, C. J. Perry. Plan 1386

NORTH OF 125 TH street.
Lawrence st, sw cor old Broadway, two-story brick tenem't with stores, 25.1x104, tin roof; cost, \$12,500; Thomas Hueston, 129th st, cor Boulevard: ar't, R. S. Townsend; b'rs, Outwater \& Felter. Plan 1398.
146th st, n s, 225 w 11th av, three-story and basement brick dwell'g for three families, $20 \times 40$, tin roof; cost, 82,$500 ;$ John Brown, 146th st, west
of 11th av; ar't, Alfred Smith; br, not selected. Plan 1393 .

## 23D AND 24TH WARDS

Forest av, No. 810, one-story frame stable, 24x 30 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 200$; Carl A. Simon, on premisee; b'rs, J. Preiser and Simon. Plan 1396. Monroe av, es, 225 n Columbiast, two two-story frame dwell'gs, $20 \times 28$, tin roofs; cost, each,
$\$ 1,500$; Thomas A. Camphell and John Owens; $\$ 1,500$; Thomas A. Campbell and John Owens br, A. Donohoe. Plan absio. frame factory, $14 \times 111 \times 36 x-$; cost. abt $\$ 450$; H. E. Honchin, Washington av and 169th st; b'r, not selected. Plan 1390.
164th st, s s, 90 w Washington av, four two-story frame dwell'gs, $15 \times 40$, tin roofs; cost, each, $\$ 3,500$; ow'r and b'r, Louis Falk, 777 East 165th st; ar’t Charles Churchill ; m'n, James McGarity.
ment, $21 \times 30$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 2,500$; John Germanman, 208 West 6 th st, arts son, 328 West 26th st; ar'ts, schmidt \& Garvin;
b'r, not selected. Plan 1405. b'r, not selected. Plan 1405.
Mott av, n e cor 151st st, one-story frame office, McCord, 322 East 150th st. Plan 1406 .
Kingsbridge road, es, abt 400 north of the
bridge (Spuyten Duyvil), two two-story frame dwell'gs, $14.9 \times 22$, tin roofs; cost, each, $\$ 800$; Pat tony Imhoff; m'ns, Sage \& Wilking. Plan 1407.

## KINGS COUNTY.

Plan 1378-Chauncey st, ns, 175 w Ralph av, one two-story frame (brick filled) dwell'g, 25x36, tin two-story frame (brick filled) dwellg, 205 , 1 inc-
roof; cost, $\$ 1,800$; Magdalene Balzey, 105 Macdougal st; ar't, E. Schraupf; b'r, J. Heerlein and C. Benz.

1379-Wallabout st, s s. 200 w Marcy av, one one-story frame stable and car shed, 150 and 100 x 200 , paper roof; cost, $\$ 3,000$; ow'r and b'r, B. R. $1380-27$ th st, s s 273 e 3 d av, three two-story frame dwell'gs, $17.4 \times 30$, tin roof, paper lining; cost, each, $\$ 4,500$; J. T. Smith-\& Co., 27252 d st ar't, S. B. Bogert; b'rs, H. J. and W. S. Skinner 1381 -Luquer st, n s, 80 w Henry st, one three-
story brick tenem't, 20 x 88 tin roof, wooden corstory brick tenem't, 20x 88 , tin roof, wooden cornice; cost, 83,000 ; ow'r, ar't and m'n, R. E. Top ping, 369 Franklin av; c'r, H. S. Hawkes.
$1382-$ Central av, s e cor Melrose st, two twostory frame stables and shop, 10 x 25 , tin roof; cost $\$ 250$; Leonard Eppig, 60 Central av; ar't, Th Engelhardt; b'r, J. Wagner, Jr.
1383-Floyd st, No. 249, one two-story frame stable, 25 x 15 , gravel roof; cost, $\$ 200$; Mr. Bates, on premises; ar't, Th. Engelhardt; b'rs, H. Eich \& Bro.
1384-Nostrand av, e s, 150 n Atlantic av, one three-story brick flat, 25 and $20.4 \times 60$, tin roof Irving pl; ar't, W. M. Coots; ; b'r, D. H. Fowler. Irving pl; ar't, W. M. Coots; br, D. H. Fowler. three-story brick stores and tenem'ts, $25 \times 55$. tin roofs, wooden cornices; cost, each, 87,000 ; L P. McGarry, 583 Monroe st; ar't, J. McGarry. 1386-Meeker av, No. 135, n s, 85.7 w Monitor st, one three-story fiame (brick filled) dwell'g, 25
x 55 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 4,500$ : ow'r and b'r, Henry Bindrim, 133 Meeker av; ar't, Th. Engelhardt. $138^{\prime}$-3d av, n w cor 13 th st, one three-story frame store and dwellg, 20 x 50 , and extension 20 x 46; tin roof: cost, $\$ 4,000$; Ed. J. Sherlock, 585 Fulton st; ar't, C. F. Eisenach; b'r, not selected. 1388-Stuyvesant av, w s, extends from Putnam av to Madison st, ten three-story and basement and two-story and basement brown stone dwell'gs, $20 x 40$, mansard tin roofs, wooden cornices; cost, each, $\$ 5,000$; Kate M. McCormick, 372 South $2 d$ st; ar't, A. Spence; b'r, R. Ferguson.
1389-Park av, No 662 s
shop, 20x12 a, No. $60, \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}$, $8300 \cdot \mathrm{M}$ D frame premises $1390-$ McKiben st Neiler; br, G. Loeffler. frame (brick fill st, No. $17, \mathrm{n}$ s, one three-story $\$ 4,000 ; \mathrm{Mr}$. Korad Schmidd, on premises; ar't, H Vollweiler; b'r, J. Rueger.
1391-Harrison st, ns, 250 e river front, one onestory brick office, $11.4 \times 20$, gravel roof; cost, $\$ 400$ ar't, C. F. Eisenach; br, not selected.
17 dwell'g, $22 \times 45$, and extension $14 \times 14$, tin roof dwellg, 22x45, and extension, $14 \times 14$, Gleason, 316' South 5th st: 'c'r, R. B. Ferguson.
1393-Sumpter st, n s, 25 w Howard av, one two-story frame (brick filled) store and dwell'g, $16 x 50$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 4,500$; Mr. Hale, on premises; ar'ts and c'rs, Ames \& Waldron; m'n, E. Sutterlin.
1394-Johnson av, Nos. 260 and 262, s s, 143 e Bushwick av, one two-story frame shop, $50 \times 36$, gravel root, cost, $\$ 1,20,0, \mathrm{~F}$ and br, Christ. Keppel, 260 Johnson av; ar't, Th. Engelhardt; vio

1395-Myrtle av, Nos. 1264-1272, s w cor Cedar st, three three-story frame stores and tenem'ts b'r, Fred'k Herr, 782 Broadway; ar't, Th. Engelhardt.
-Gerry st, Nos. 77 and 79, two three-story brick factory and tenem'ts, $25 \times 30$, tin roofs, brick cornices: cost, each, 8,50 1397-Palmetto st, s s, 250 e Kickerbocker av, one one-and-a-half-story frame dwell'g, 25x35, tin roof; cost, $\$ 600$; Chas. Schaefer, 134 Metropoli-
tan av ; ar't, L. Hetzett; b'rs, Chr. Roser and A. Wust.
1398-Decatur st, n s, 250 e Reid av, three twostory and basement brown stone dwell'gs, 16.8x 45, tin roofs, wooden cornices; cost. 84,500 ; Eli-
zabeth Phelan, 362 Hart st; ar't, T. F. Thomas; b'r. J. Phelan.
$1399-\mathrm{Myrtle}$ av, n s, 91.6 e Ryerson st, one onestory brick store, 8.6 x 36 , gravel roof; cost, $\$ 200$; ow'r and ar't, Seth L. Keeney.
1400 -President st, n s, 225 e 8th av, eleven three-story and basement 1 Wrick dwell'gs, $21 \times 48$, metal roofs, wooden cornices; cost, each, ${ }^{\text {w }}$ 'r and ar't, $W \mathrm{~m}$. Flanagan, 46 Berkeley pl; b'r W Fir't, Wm. Flanagan, Bry
1401 -Fort Greene pl, Nos. 174 and 176, one fourstory brick dwell'g, 41 and 28x75, gravel roof, brick cornice; cost, $\$ 20,000 ;$ Geo. H. Hammond, Manhattan Market; ar
1402-Utica av, No. 69, rear, one one-story frame stable, $13 \times 25$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 75$; Paul Schirmann, on premises.
1403-Vanderbilt av, e s, 107 n Lafayette av, one two-story brick carriage house, $21 \times 53$, tin roof, iron cornice; cost, $\$ 4,000$ : Mrs. Rose Howe, 330 Clinton av; ar'ts and b'rs, Mills \& Bush.
1404-Stagg st, n s, 325 w W aterbury st, one three-story lenemer, 148 to 152 Eushwick av; ar't, R. Schaeffler; b'rs, M. Metzen and J. C. Hesse.

1405-Gates av, No. 446, s s, 225 w Marcy av, one four-story brick store and flats, 20x64, tin Vrooman, 444 Gates av; ar't, J. F. Vrooman; m'n, not selected; c'r, F. C. Vrooman.
1406-Harrison st, n s, 130 e river front, one two-story stable, $30 \times 50$, gravel roof; cost, 81,000 Greacen \& Howland, Columbia st and Baltic st ar't, C. F. Eisenach; br, not selected.
1407-Willoughby ar, n s, 50 w Sumner av, two three story brick dwell'gs, 20x43.4, and extension $\$ 17,000 ;$ A. Loughi, Vernon av, near Sumner av

1408-Hull st, n s, 100 e Hopkinson av, five three-story frame (brick filled) tenem'ts, 19.3x45, tin roofs; cost, each, $\$ 3,500$; Daniel Lauer, 78 McDou vault and chimney, brick and iron beams and arches; cost, $\$ 4,000 ;$ Jas. S. Duffy, Sackett and Hoyt sts; ar't, T. F. Houghton.
1410-Frost st, No. 148, s s. 72 w Graham av, one three-story frame tenem't, $28 \times 40$ tin roof cost, $\$ 3,600 ;$ A. J. Cooke, of Howell, Orange Co. N. Y. ; ar'ts and c'rs, Sammis \& Bedford; m'ns, Doyle \& Brazill.
1411-Ainslie st, No. 104, n s, 100 e Union av, one three-story frame tenem't, 21.6 and $23.6 \times 35$,
tin roof-cost, $\$ 2.500 ;$ P. H. Seubert, Ainsliest; tin roof; cost, $\$ 2.500 ;$ P. H. Seubert, Ainslie st 1412-George st, Nos. 117 and 119, n s, 150 Hamburg av, two three-story frame tenem'ts, 25x
55, tin roof; cost, each, $\$ 4,200 ; \mathrm{Wm}$. Wolf, 55 , tin roof; cost, each, $\$ 4,200 ;$ Wm. Wolf,
Broadway and Fayette st; ar't, Th. Engelhardt b'r, Joseph Wagner, Jr.
1413-De Kalb av, n s, 105.4 e Myrtle av, one one-and-a-half story frame stable, 10x 14 , tin roof cost, \$175; George Henricki, 1299 Myrtle av; b'r F. Jung.

1414 Varet st, Nos. 13 and $15, \mathrm{n}$ s, 165 w Ewen st, one four-story brick dwell'g, $28 \times 60$, tin roof iron cornice: cost, $\$ 8,000$; James S. Schneider, Rauth and D. Kreuder
1415-Beaver st. No. 38, e s, 368 s Flushing av one two-story and basement frame dwell'g, $23 \times 40$ tin roof; cost, $\$ 4,00$; ow'r and b'r, Samue Strauss, 493 Bushwick av; ar't, Th Engelhardt. table-Cook st, No. 16, one two-story frame on premises'; ar't, H.Vollweiler: b'r, J. Hoeffer.
1417-Ellery st, n s, 270 e Nostrand av, one two story and basement (brick filled) dwell'g, 20x35 tin roof; cost, $\$ 2,400 ;$ R. H. Mathewson, on Son.
1418 -Nostrand av, No. 72 , one two-story frame stable, 25 x 60 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 1,500 ; \mathrm{R}$. Dunlap \& stable, 2sxb0, tin roof; costrand av, cor Ellery st; b'r, R. B. Ferguson.
1419-8th st, s s, 250 e 5th av, four two-story and basement brick dwell'gs, 18.9×40, tin roofs, tin and wooden cornices; cost, each, $\$ 4,000$ Chas, Long, 2997 th av; b'r, J. F. Wood.
$1420-8 t h$ st, n s, 200 w 8th av, six two-story and basement brick dwell'gs, 17×45, tin roofs, tin and wooden cor
same as last
1421-Hamburgh st, e s, 50 s Prospect st, one three-story frame (brick filled) t-nem't, 25x $\quad$, tin
roof; cost, $\$ 4,200$; ow'r and ar't, James Connolly 125 Ainslie st: b'rs, J. Rueger and J. Dreher.
1422-Stockholm st, No. 137, n s, 225 e Myrtle av, one one-story frame stable, $24 \times 12$, gravel roof
cost, $8100 ;$ F cost, $\$ 100$; F. Witt, on premises
1423-Butler st, s s, 26J e Clason av, one onestory brick dwell'g, 20x 24 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 500$ Coots; b'rs, R. Ryan and D. Guinan.

1434-Varet st, s s, 100 w Bogart st, one two-
tory frame dwell'g, 25 x 28 , tin roof; cost. $\$ 1,900$; story frame dwell'g, 25x'28, tin roof; cost. $\$ 1,900$;
ow'r and ar't, Mrs. M. Buchholz, 181 Ten Eyck st; br, J. Rueger.
$1425-H u d s o n ~ a v, ~ N o . ~ 473, ~ o n e ~ f i v e-s t o r y ~ b r i c k ~$ storage, $25 \times 98.6$, tin roof, brick cornice; cost, $\$ 8,900 ;$ Wm. H. 'Bolton, 471 Hudson
F. Eisenach; b'rs, Morris \& Selover.
$1426-2 \mathrm{~d}$ pl, n s, 25.6 e Henry st, six three-story and basement brown stone dwell'gs, $16.6 \times 46$, mansard, slate and gravel roofs, brick cornices; cost, each, $\$ 4,500 ;$ Mrs. M. V. Phillips, 251 W ashington ar't, G. L. Morse; br, J. Jody.
1427-Hamburg av, w s, 50 n Stockholm st; one two-story frame dwell'g, $25 \times 28$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 1,900 ;$ ow'r and
b ' $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{J}$ Rueger.

1428-Madiso
three-story and st, s s, 350 e Patchen av, six and fonr-story dwell'gs, $168 \times 42$, tin roofs, wooden cornices: cost, each, $\$ 4,500$; A. S. Walsh; ar't and b'r, T, Miller.

## ALTERATIONS NEW YERK CITY.

Flan 1842-Melrose av, n e cor 156th st, two story
frame extension, 12.6 x 25.6 , tin roof, cost, ${ }^{\text {\& }}$. 600 ; Frank Denninge
ar't. A. Pfeiffer.
1843 -Courtlandt av, $\mathrm{s} w$ cor 148 th st, one-story 1843-Courtlandt av, s w cor 148th st, one-story
frame extension, $12.3 \times 12.3$. tin roof; cost, $\$ 300$; frame extension, $12.3 x 12.3$. tin roof; cost,
Charles Schledorn, on premises; ar't, A. Pfeiffer.

1844-W ater st, No. 237, one-story brick extension, $17 \times 25$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 550$; Richard Chard, Brooklyn; b'r, C. Vitfa
$1845-3 \mathrm{~d}$ av, No. 848, internal alterations and new chimneys built; cost, $\$ 1,000$; C. Heinrich, on premises.

1846-125th st, No. 59 E ., internal alterations; cost $\$ 25$; Edward F. Corey, 30 East 129th st: b'r,
J. W. B. Robinson. J. W. B. Robinson. 1847 -3d av, No. 124, internal alterations; cost, $\$ 200$; lessee,
$W$. Heardon.
1848-Carmine st, No. 25, extension raised two 1848-Carmine st, No. 25 , extension raised two
stories, tin roof; cost, $\$ 600$; Louis Demmler, 10 LeRoy st: ar't, E. W. Greis.

1849-57th st, No. 237 E., new wall for extension; cost, 8170 ; The Hebrew Sheltering Guar-

1850 - Washington st, Nos. 568 and 570 , repair damage by fire; cost, š00; W. G. Langdon, 719 5th ave b'r, W. A. Hankinson.
1851-1st av, No. 948, new store front; cost, S400; Rasmus Christense
1852-109th st, No. 202 E., new first story front, iron columns and beams furnished; cost, $\$ 500$; Murtha.
1853-6th av, No. 602, new store front, iron beams furnished, wall of extension rebuilt and two iron skylights put in; cost, $\$ 1,600$; agent, J. R. Wond; b'rs, Drummond \& Son.

1854-Av A, No. 117, one-story brick extension, 18.10x 30 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 2,000$; Henry Vollmar, Staten Island.
1855-46th st, No. 556 W., two-story brick extension, 9.6x15, tin roof; cost, F; Mrs. Emma
Flynn, on premises; ar't, J. M. Forster; brs, Devlin \& Stuart.
1856 - Leonard st, Nos. 74 and 76, openings made in walls in each story: cost,
lessees, Thomas Arhelis, 122 Pierrepont st, Brooklyn, and others; ar't, S. A. Warner.
1857-15th st, Nos. 319-323 W., building on rear raised one story; cost, $\$ 2,500$; Gilliam Seely, 323 West 15 th st; ar't, J. Sexton.
1858-6th av, ne cor 108 th st, light-hole for ventilating cellar; cost, $\$ 50$; E. P. Steers, 4th av
cor 125 th st; b'r, J. Askey. or 125 th st; b'r, J. Askey.
1859-Sedgwick av, e s,
1859-Sedgwick av, e s, 100 n High Bridge, onestory frame extension, $90 \times 30$, taken down and
rebuilt; cost, abt $\$ 6 C 0$; John Karl, High Bridge. rebuilt; cost, abt $\$ 600$; John Karl, High Bridge. $1860-3 \mathrm{~d}$ st, No. 59 E., new chimney built, also internal alterations and repairs, new galvanized
cornice and lintels on front. cornice and lintels on front.
and strengthened as foundation for water tank; cost, abt $\$ 100 \cdot \mathrm{C}$. S. Fischer, 152 West 28 th st; cost, abt $\$ 100$; C. S. Fischer, 152
b'rs, Harkness Fire Extinguisher Co.
$1862=.26$ th st, s s, 420 e Western Boulevard, two-story brick extension on front, 19x36; cost, $\$ 1,500$; Mary A. O'Brien, 126th st, bet 10th
11th avs: ar't, T. E. Thomson; b'r, W. Paul.
1863-Eldridge st, No. 167, attic raised to full story, new galvanized iron cornice, and window sills and lintels; cost, $\$ 1,600$;
ser, on premises; ar't, F. Ebeling.
$1864-71 \mathrm{st}$ st, No. 525 W., one-story brick extension, $16.8 \times 6$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 175$; Mary W. Lent, on premises; br, J. H. Steinmetz.

1865-16?d st, No. 703 E., new foundations, raising building 5 feet; cost, 8150 ; Michael O'Hara, on premises: brr, S. Wright.
1866-163d st, No. 690 E., raised 5 feet, cellar walls built; cost, $\$ 200$; Hugh McShane, on premises; br, S. Wright.
1867-Cliff st, se eor Frankfort st, \ault under sidewalk, also iron columns and pine girders to replace wall in basement; cost, $\$ 8,000 ;$ Joseph Hecht, 44 East 68th st: ar'ts, Schwarzmann \& Buchman. 1868 - 2ith st, Nos. 35 and 37 E., two one-story brick extonsions, 27 and $23 x 48.9$ and 24 and 38.9 , tin roofs, internal alterations and new foundations for rear wall; cost, - John Stephenson Co., 27 th st, bet Madison and 4th avs; ar't, M. C.
Merritt. Merritt.
1869-Hunts Point road, No. 1601, one-story frame extension, $\begin{aligned} & \text { and br, J. H. Hawes, on premises. }\end{aligned}$

1870-12th st, No. 644 E., front and rear alterations, iron beams furnished; cost, $\$ 600$; Chas. romann, Sr., 6?6 East 12th st; ar't, W. Graul.
1871-5th av, e s, 50th to 51 st st, stone spire on St. Patrick's Cathedral; cost, 8190,000 ; Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Madison av, cor 51st st; ar't, James Renwick; b'rs, Geo. Mann \& Co., Bal-
timore, Md. timore, Md
1872 - th av, No. 3, extension raised one story; cost, \$700; ow'r and ar't, B. F. Dawson, on prem1873 -Lexington and J. B. Hamilton.
1873-Lexington av, No. 32, internal alteration; cost, \$1,600: Oscar D. Munn, 14 East 22d st; b'r, F. Burckett.

1084-1st av, No. 334, new show windows: cost $\$ 100 ;$ J. R. Candler, 235 East 33d st; b'r, J. Brettschneider.

185-2d av. No. 1056, internal and front alterPhilip Bernsteinders furuished; cost, abt $\$ 1,200$ Philip Bernstein, on premises; ar't, C. Sidney; b'r, P. Roberts.
$1876-123 \mathrm{~d}$ st, No. 126 E., roof on boiler room; cost, $\$ 250 ;$ M. \& A. Schneider, 127 East 123d st; 187\%-W ashington
chimney built; cost, J. A Reinson, premises: b'rs, Hanna \& Son.
1878-Charles st, No. 120, three-story brick extension, $8.4 \times 26.4 \times 21.6 \mathrm{x}-$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 3.000$; J. W. Dimick, 31 Madison av; ar't, J. H. White-
nack. 189 -73d st, No. 227 E., internal alteration and new cellar opening in front; cost, $\$ 600$; Fred. Hofmann, 118 East 74th st; ar't, J. Brandt. 1880-Bowery, No. 377, new store front: cost, $\$ 500$; Deborah A. Bailey, 424 East 84th st; lessee, W. E. Wenigmann; ar'ts, J. Boekel \& Son; b'r, H. Vogel.

## KINGS COUNTY.

Plan 868-Jefferson st, No. 129, new store front; cost, $\$ 200$ - ow'r and ar't, John Hartmann, on premises; b'rs, W. Boyer and J. Rueger
809-Fuiton st. No. 126, interior alterations Walsh. Mrs. Bambusch, on premises; bri, W 870-9th st, No. 104, raised 5 feet, brick wall cost, $\$ 200 ;$ W. Devoy, on premises; ar't, O. Mc-D71-Varet st, No. 244, new store front; cost, 8215; ow'r and ar't, H. Sievert, on premises; b'r, J. Rueger.
brick-Ash st, s s, 81 w Oakland av, two-story ow'r and b'r, Church \& Co., 36 Ash st; ar't, M R. Wood.

873-Pierrepont st, No. 101, new mansard in front: cost, 8400 : John J. Spowers, J., on premises; b'rs, J. Thatcher and F. Raymond.
874 -Washington st, e s, abt 125 n Myrtle av, strengthen the truss; cost, $\$ 300$; Demas Barnes; ar'ts and b'rs, M. A. and H. Case
875-Floyd st, No. 249, raised 6 feet, new walls beneath; cost, $\$ 1,500 ; \mathrm{M}$. Bates, on premises; ar't, Th. Engelhardt; b'rs, Ulrich \& Bros.
876-Fulton st, No. 1836, nne-story frame extension, $20 \times 35$, tin roof, cost, 8350 ; Charles Zerrener, on premises; b'rs, C. Horn and J. Pirrung
877-Myrtle av, No. 523, foundation under front cost, $\$ 100$; ow'r and ar't, B. Andrews, 227 Ber keley pl; b'r, M. Spellman,
8i8-Hamilton av, se eor Centre st, straighten up and strengthen building; cost, $\$ 550$; Edward Lake, 229 Hamilton av; b'r, C. M. White.
879 -Van Buren st, ss, 90 w Stuy vesant av, one-
story brick extension $20 \times 34$ tin story brick extension, $20 \times 34$, tin roof ; cost, $\$ 400$ ow r and c'r, Wm. Godfrey; m'u, W. M. Gibson. 880-Flushing av, s w cor Franklin av, one-story brick extension, $27 \times 23$, tin roof; new store fronts cost, $\$ 2,000$; George Malcom, 225 Franklin av ar't, I. D. Reynolds; b'r, R. Payne.
sion, $14 \times 10$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 110$; frame exten sion, $14 \times 10$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 100 ; \mathrm{M}$. Luft, on premises.
sion, 15 Ainslie st, No. 287, one-story brick exten sion, 15813 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 100 ; \mathrm{M}$. Friesing, on premises; b'rs, C. Buchheit and M. Metzen. ment brick extension $8.6 \times 16$ tin rof : 0 st ment brick extension, $8.0 x 16$, th mor, cost, $\$ 450$ Henry Dusenbury, 259 South 3d st; a
Scholl; b'rs, J. Jones and W. Donaldson.
881-Middagh st, No. 27, flat tin roof, front windows altered; cost, $\$ 700 ;$ W. L. Cook, 46 Sand st; b'r, W. Laurd.
S85-Moffatt st, n s, 150 w Knickerbocker av, raised 2.6, brick wall beneath, two-story front and one-story rear extension, 5.6 and $14 \times 23$ and 9.6 . tin roof, new doors and windows; cost, $\$ 750 ;$ Mr. John Morrow, $1 \cup 79$ De Kalb av; ar't, E. Dennis; b'r, F. Bertram.
sion - Devoe st, No. 268, two-story brick exten sion, $18.5 \times 26$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 800$; Juliana Schrei 88--Court st, s e cor Degraw st, new store front and interior alterations; cost, $\$ 1,000 ; \mathbf{J}$. Calvert, Court st and 2 d pl; br, G. R. Truman
885-Boerum st, n e cor Humboldt st, rear foundation wall; cost, $\$ 150 ;$ ow'r and b'r, W. B. A. Jurgens, on premises; ar't, Th. Engelhardt. 889-Johnson av, No. 260, interior alterations,
rear wall studded and boarded over; cost, $\$ 100$; rear wall studded and boarded over; cost, $\$ 100$;
Christ. Keppler, 360 Johnson av; ar't, Th. EngelChrist. Keppler, 360 Joh
hardt; b'r. not selected.

890 - Noble st, No. 100 , two-story and basement frame extension, $14 \times 18$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 1,250 ;$ Mrs. Stephen L. Merchant, Astoria, L. I.; ar't, M. Randel; brs, J. B. Woodruff and S. F. Bartlett. roof new roof, new weather boards and windows; cost, ${ }^{8850 ;}$ P. J. Dooley, 36 Flint st; b'r, W. Josiah 892-South 4th st, No. 334, two-story brick extension, $9 \times 15$, tin roof; cost, $\$ 200 ; G$. W. Ihrig, S12 South 4th st; br, M. Donken.
ow'r, ar't and m'n, Daniel Storms, on premises; c'r, J. Mahon.
$894-$ Hope st. No. 23, flat tin roof; cost, $\$ 600$; William S. Gillmore, 227 Division av; b'rs, M. Smith and Gillmore \& Trevor.
$12{ }^{895-D e g r a w ~ s t, ~ n ~ s, ~} 350 \mathrm{w}$ Nostrand av, raised 12 feet, brick story beneath, also one-story brick extension 20x11, tin roof; cost, 8500 ; James Pattigan, 943 Douglass st; ar't, W.'McCracken; b'r, J. Duncan.
iron and glass: cost, $\$ 1,000 ;$ John Harrigan, 454 Warren st; ar't, I. D. Reynolds.
897-Wallabout st, No. 309, raised 3 feet, brick wall beneath; cost. $\$ 300$; Jos. Bulfermuller, on premises; ar't, H. Vollweiler; b'r, J. Fuchs cost 3300 . Charles Sehwartz on promises; cost, ${ }^{\text {§300 }}$; Charles Schwartz, on prem
and c'r, T. C. Pbillips; m'n, not selected.
899 -Scholes st, No. 46, store doorway and interior alterations; cost, $\$ 750$; Achaz Manz on terior alterations; cost, lisd; A'raz Manz, premises; ar't, Th. Engelhardt; br, J. Frisse. sion, 18 and $20 \times 5.6$ and 4.6 , tin roof; cost, $\$ 500$; William Wahler, on premises; ar't, H. Vollweiler; b'rs, H. Ochs \& Son.
901 - 34 th st, No. 219 , raised 8 feet, frame story . McDonald
902-Grove st, No, 143, raised 10 ft , frame story beneath; cost, $\$ 400$; ow'r and m'n, Thos. Mahar, 143 Grove st; ar't and c'r, T. C. Phillips.
903 -Livingston st, No. 61, flat roof, front, brick front removed and new brown stone front and interior alterations; cost, $\$ 10,000 ;$ H. Strohm, 266 Atlantic av: ar't,
904-Floyd st, No. 249, one-story brick extension, $15.6 \times 10$; cost, $\$ 100$; M. Bates, on premises ar't, Th. Engelbardt; b'rs, Eich \& Bro.
$905-$ Cook st, No. 16 , opening in walls front and rear for wagon way; cost, $\$ 400 ;$ Mr. Schneider, on premises; ar't, H. Vollweiler; b'r, J. Hoepfer.
906 -Bridge st, No. 198, front alteration; cost,
$\$ 250$ - John Muller, 21 Nain \$250; John Muller, 11 Main st; b'r, W. Walsh.
$907-5$ th av, No. 654 , two-story brick extension,
$17.4 \times 20$, tin roof, wooden cornice; cost, $8800 ;$ Mrs. H . Hamlin, on premises ; birs, J. Crouch and Spencer Bros.
908-Myrtle av, Nos. 197 and 199, new store front in No. 199, and interior alterations; cost, $\$ 1,000$; Robert J. McMananny, on premises; ar't,
R. C. Dwight; m'n, not selected; c'rs, F. \& J. R. C. Dwight; mon, not selected; crs,
Widman; iron work, Cheney $\&$ Hewlett.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## BISINESS FAILURES.

Schedule of assets and liabilities filed for the week ending September 25:

Nominal Real
Brooke \& Co., E. B
Donohoe. Ed. J. .

Lowrey, T H...
Marx, Kossuth \&

| bilities. | Nomina |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$18,823. | \$19.89 |
| 8,014 | 3,2? |
| 2,956 | 3,5 |
| - $\begin{array}{r}4,323 \\ 11,0 \% \sim\end{array}$ | 12,1 |
| 623,946 | 559,7 |
| 12,701 | 15 |

S1 Bischoff, Wigand G., and Edward F. Mulry (firm of Bischoff \& Mulry, grocers, 3 d av and 120th st), to
James H. Shiels: preferences, $\$ 2,200$. James H. sime
21 Cochrane, John K . (grocer, 652 9th nv), to Henry
21 Hoole, Josie W., and Edward S.Tucker (firm of Hoole \& Co., tailors, 116 West 23d st), to Henry L. Armstrong; preferences, $\$ 1,237$.
McClave, Stephen P. (412 West 47 th
22 Siecke, Charles A., and Jacob Hammel (firm of Siecke \& Co.), to David Neumark; preferences,
Van Winkle, Daniel (bookseller and publisher. 88 Chambers st)
ences, 82,200 .

## KINGS COUNTY.

September general Assionments.
25 Ross, Sarah R., to Albert Howe.

PROCEEDIVGS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN AFFECTING REAL ESTATE.

* Under the different headings indicates that a resolution has been introduced and referred to the appro-
priate committee. + Indicates that the resolution has priassed and has been sent to that the resolution has $\ddagger$ Passed over the Mayor's veto.

New York, September 18, 1835.
161st st, from east curb North 3d av to Gerard av. $\dagger$
CURB AND GUTTER STONES SET.
Forest av, bet w line Westchester av to sline Home st. $\dagger$ flagging.
Forest av, w line Westchester av to s line Home st. $\dagger$ Mains.
Depew pl, from 42d to 45th st; gas,*
Hotfman st, from Pelham av
Holfman st, from Pelham av to College st. I Croton. College st, from Hoffman st to Arthur st.
Sith st, both sides, from Sth av to Grand Boulevard;
90th st. from 8th to 9th av; gas.*
106 th st , from 9 th to 10 th av; gas. +
16 th st, from New av abt 100 ft ; Croton. +
$14^{\circ} \mathrm{th}$ st, from 8 th av to 9 th av; water $t$
14 nth st, from 8 th av to 9 th av; wate
149 th st, from 8 th to 9 th av; gas. $\dagger$
149th st, from 8 th to 9 th av; gas. +
154 th st, from 8th to 9 th av; gas. +
157th st, from 10th av to Boulevard; gas.
175th st, bet Kingsbridge road and 10th av ; gas.t
gas. $t$
exington av, from 95 th to 97 th st; gas.*

Marcher av, from Anderson av to Aqueduct av; water. av, from 104th to 125th st; Croton.t
Prospect av, ©rom Waverly av to Gray st; water. +
Railroad av, west, from East 162 d st to Webster gas.t
6th av, es, from 140 th to 141 st st.
Croton. +

## APPROVED PAPERS.

Resolutions passed by the Board of Aldermen callng for the following improvements have been signe ${ }^{\circ}$ *Indicates that the Mayor neither approved nor on
jected thereto, therefore the same became adopted. flagging.
4th av, es, from $116 t h$ to 120 th $\mathrm{st}, 8 \mathrm{ft}$ wide, where not
already done.
65th st, bet 1 (th and 11th avs; gas
76th st, from 9 th to 10th av; gas.
78 th st, from Boulevard to 10 th av; gas
IMPORTANT TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS. BOARD OF ASSESSORS

$$
\left.\begin{array}{r}
\text { No. 111/2 CITY Hall, } \\
\text { New York, Sept. 23, 1885, }
\end{array}\right\}
$$

Notice is given to the owner or owners of all houses and lots affected thereby, that the following assessment has been completed and of the Board of Assessors for examination by all parties interested, who must present their objections from date of notice:

## SEWERS

No. 1. Sewers in West street, between Spring and West Eleventh streets, with connections to present sewers, and alterations and improvements to existing

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground situated as No. 1. Commencing on the south side of Spring street, at the Hudson River; thence easterly along Sullivan street to West Houston street; thence easterly along West Houston street to the Bowery; thence northerly along the Bowery and Fourth avenue to Sixteenth street; thence westerly along Sixteenth street to Seventh avenue; thence southerly along erly along Wext Twelfth street to Hudson River; thence southerly to the place of beginning.
The above described list will be transmitted as provided by law to the Board of Revision and Correction of Assessments for

## ADVERTISED LEGAL SALES

REferees' Sales to be held at the real estate
EXCHANGE and auction room (Limited), 59 to 65 LIBERTY STREET, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE STATED.
157 th st, n s, 100 w Elton av, $100 \times 100$, by sheriff at City Hall, at 11 o'clock. (Sale under execution).. 49th st, s s, 10 e 10th av, $75 \times 99.11$, two-story fram
building, by J. I. Wells. (Amt due $\$ 4,750$ )..... 32 d st, No. $113, \mathrm{n}$ s. 134 w 6th av, $16 \times 63 \times 16.5 \times 66.10$, three-story brick dwell'g, by R. V. Harnett. Partition sale)
3 d av, n e cor 168 th st, 176 x abt 180
 mort. 830,000$).$.
sth st, No. $60, \mathrm{~s}$
three-story stone 131.5 e Madison av, $15 \times 102.2$,

four-story brick flat, by J. F. B. Sinyth. (Amt due $\$ 8,463$ ).
Riverside av or drive, n e cor 81 st st, $103.2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{x} 102.2$ x 103 on 81st st, one-story fran
Harnett. (Amt due $\$ 43,838$ )
100 th st, s s, 100 e Boulevard, runs east 123.1 to cen tre line Old Bloomingdale road, $x$ south 55 west $121.3 \times$ north 51 to beginning, with $1 /$ of st
lying in front of above, vacant, by R. V. Harnett. lying in front of
(Amt due $\$ 6,581$ )
58 th st, No. 142, s s, 403 w 6th av, 20x100.5, four (Amt due $\$ 8,316$ ).
Bowery, No. 277, e s, 1910 s Houston st, $22.2 x 75.2$

92 d , s s, $100 \mathrm{w} 3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{av}, 75 \times 100.8$, three-story frame building and two-story brick rear building, by 1 . J. Phillips. (Amt due $\$ 8,871$ )

Barclay st, No. 3, n s, $25 \times 7$,
building, by E. F. Raymond.

## KINGS COUNTY.

Carroll st, No. 445, ne s, 201 se Nevins st, $20 \times 100$ two-story frame house, by Cole \& Murphy, at North 7th st, southerly cor North 2 d st, $106 \times 38 \mathrm{x}$ $33 \times 106$, by C. J. Fox, at 45 Broadway, E. D...... Carroll st, $\mathrm{s} \mathrm{s}, 142.9 \mathrm{w} 7$ th av, 7 lota, each
seven three-story bro n stone dwell'gs 6th av, w s, 60 n Prospect pl late Warren st, zox 105.5, three-story brick dwell'g.
7 th av, s w cor Carroll st, $30.7 \times 11$

7 th av, s w cor Carroll st, $30.7 \times 111^{2} 20.4 \times 110.6$
by T. A. Kerrigan, at 35 Willoughby st
Dean st, n s, 57 w Frankliu av, 2 wxil 10 , two-story
frame tenem't with frame stable on rear, by T A. Kerrigan, at 35 Willoughby st. (Partition sale)

LIS PENDENS, KINGS COUNTY
 $200 \times$ southwest $40 \times$ southeast 200 to Caton pl ,
x northeast 51.1 ; also plot 225 s w of s w x northeast 51.1 ; also plot 225 s w of s w
cor of Poplar st and Waveriy pl, and 200 n w Caton pl, runs nort hwest about 70 x southwest 40 x southeast 71.1 x northeast 40; also Caton $\mathrm{pl}, \mathrm{n}$ s, 270.1 w Poplar st, $79.2 \times 146$ to Ocean Parkway, Ex 99.9x204.6; also Franklin av, se eor Bowne st, Grifflu agt Thomas Shaughnessy and Mary J. his $23 \mathrm{~d} s \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{n} \theta, 88 \mathrm{w} 4$ th av, $22 \times 100,2$. Walter N. De-
graw agt Asa
att' $\mathbf{y}, \mathrm{R}$. P. Lee
ulton, st, 11 weo................................... west 85 . north in e Pierrepont st, runs north east $7.8 \times$ southeast $79 . \%$ to Fulton st $\times$ southwest 26.10. Evelina M. Harris, exr. and trustee W. Maden, agt Charles Maden et al.: action for con-
struction of will: att'y D H. Olmstead. struction of will; att'y, D. H. Olmstead ........
23 d st, n s, 110 w 4th av, $25 \times 100$. Walter N. Degrauw, as admr. Ann E. Degrauw, agt Ass C.
Pierce and Mary W. his wife; att'y, R. P. Lee... Ryerson st, es, sion n Myrtle av, 20 x 100 . Samuel
Van W. Fleet agt Minnie C. Lvnch, individ. and as admrx. W. Lynch et al; att'y, C. E. Mills... Lafayette av, n s, 60 e Franklin av, 20x80. Ge mania Life Ins. Co. agt Andrew J. Decker; att'ys,
Shipman, Barlow \& Co. 3d st, es, 60 s North 7th st, 20x 65. James w. Magrath agt Mary Campbell; att'y, C. L. Lyon....
Van Brunt st, $n$ e cor Irving st, runs north 180 x east abt 60 x south abt 100 x east abt 80 x south abt 80 to Irving st. $x$ west 140 . Charles B. Car-
man agt Frederick Marx et al.; att'ys, Sacket. \& mana
Lang...... 40 Albany av, $20 x 100$. Butler
Ward agt, S sarles L. Rice et al.; att'ys, Alexander \& Gree
De Kalb $a v$
De Kalb av, n s. 275 e Central av, $25 \times 96.2 \times 25.9$ x ca J. Bowley, individ. and admrx.; att'ys. S. M Lafayette av, S S. 100 w Reid av, $30 \times 100$. Williamsburgh Savings Bank agt Teresa Coogan et al.; att'ys. S. M. \& D. E. Meeker
Frost st, s s, 300 w Kingsland av, $25 \times 100$. Williams-
burgh Savings Bank agt Michael McDermott; burgh Savings Bank agt Michael McDermott;
att'ys S. M. \& D. E. Meeker............................

## RECORDED LEASES.

## NEW YORE

Per Year.
Broad st, No. 91. Horatio Gomez, trustee, to 1886 .
$1886 \ldots$ axter st, No. 61/3, store and back room. Har
ris and Abraham Cohen to Antonio Mor rello; 3 years, from May 1, $1885 \ldots . . . .$.
Broadway e s, 77.10 s 5 sth st, $2 \ldots .10 \times 80.3 \times 20 x$
86.8 . James H. Brush, Greenwich, Conn, to Silas C. Judd; 9 11-12 years, from June $1,1885 \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. taxes, assessmts. an
Essex st, No. 83 , south store and part of cellar. Julius Sanders to Protas Gunz; 43/ years, Forsyth st. No. 109. D. Moss and M. Goldstein t, Henry Orange; $2 \%$ years, from Sept. 1 , orsyth st, No, 138. Edward G. Tinker to Charles Rullmann; 5 years, from May 1 Grand st, No. 288, n w cor Eldridge st, store and house. Leo Pinner, exr. S. Pinner, to
D. M. Brown; 5 years, from May 1, 1885 (privilege of 3 years more). Wi...................
1st St, No. 1 , ser; 2 years, from May $1,1885$.
L.
4th st, No. 86 , cor $2 d$ av. Henry and Adolph Jentes to Max Heni; 17-12 years, with priv ilege of 2 years extension, from Oct 1, 188 13 th st, No. 319 , store and basement. Michael 13 days, from Sept. 17, 1885 ............... William Kuriz to Cornelius S. Conklin an Charles H. Capen, of Capen \& Conklin 411-12 years, from June 1, 1885, 1886 and then 27 th st, No. $33 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{B}$. B. Merrill to Mary E. Mc 35 th st, No. 313 E. Michael Burke, agent, to Mary Seagrue; 3 years, from May 1, 1885.
1331 st, Iate Southern Boulevard s 133d st, late Southern Boulevard, $s$ s. 140 wLin coln ar, $20 \times 80$. Green Wright to Thomas
A. Mitchell; 7 years, from May $1,1884 \ldots .$. ist av, Nos. $501-511$, inclusive, excepting part used by Koehler to Lehmaier, Schwartz Co.; 2 years, from May 1, 1884, with steam d av, No. 1382, n e cor 7 ist st, store and front cellar. August N. Kiep to John D. Ficken Same property. Assign lease. John D. Ficken th av, Nos. 212 and 214, and Nos. 1134 and 1136 Broadway. Virginia C. Montgomery trustee of Romanzo W. Montgomery and Warwick E. and Frank Mon gomery to
Rosa, Lorenzo C., Charles D. and Josephine C. Delmonico; extension of $t$ or 5 years, from May 1, 188 h av, $\mathbf{n}$ w eor 38 th st, store, front basement Frank A. Petry; 5 years, from Oct. 1 1885 av, No. 748, s e cor 51 ist st, store. Timke 0th av, No. 748, se cor 51st st, store. Timke
H: Klinker to Arp and Henry Lane; 5 years, from May 1, 1885
and first floor. Mary Carroll to Thomas J. McGuire; 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1885. Harlem River, bet Lexington and 4th avs, twotssoc. to August L. Martin; 1 year, from Assoc. to August L. Martin; 1 year, from

## NEW JERSEY

Note.-The arrangement of the Conveyances, Mort gages and Judgments in these lists is as follows: the farst name in the Conveyances is the Grantor; in
Mortgages, the Mortgagor; in Judgments, the JudgMortgages,

## ESSEX COUNTY.

## CONVEXANCES.

Ayers, M M-M T Rache, Alpine st
Adams, Wm, by exr-S M Delano, W Orange. . Brooks, S B-EJ Brooks, Arlington av, E Orange
Brooks, E J-S B Brooks, Arlington av, E Orange
Breintnall Estate-J Durning, Nelson pl, n s, 275 e Sedney pl, 50x69.............................

 Carter, W B , et al-M. Carlin, Colden st
Curran, John-O McCabe, Mott st

Crane, T T. et al-S Meeker, Montclair Clare, John-S S R Silberstein, Prince st Cull, J M-J J Lowden, Tichenor st.... Diwney, Jhn-W Welch, Van Buren st .....
Dickerson, Orrin, by exr, Tanger, Newark.
Doremus, E O-M A Searing, Summer av Doremus, EO $O M$ M Searing, Sunmer Newark..... 20
900
 Day, E A-S A Kehoe, Parker st.................
Edgecombe, E W-A Thomson, Hallock st.... First Presbyterian Colored Cong-J Binkert Feist, Moses-E Waiter, Beilevilie av.............. 1,50 Graham, Robert - Wm. Holz, Belleville av....... 17,900 Gibson, W C-M R Reeve, S Orange
Hay, E A-IH TRylor, Holmes st, Beilieville....... 1,900 Hurd, H P, Jr-E P Kinsey, Garside st... Hayes, Caroline-A Jussell, Crawford st
Hartman, John-M Ehrle, Crane st, s s, 166 e Hamitop, EP City of Orange, Orange ........ 6,71 Same $\frac{\text { T Nevins, Reynolds terrace, Orange. }}{}$ 6,719
Kinsey, Z T-H P Hurd, Jr, Garside st......... 1,800 Klennert, John-L Hilpert, 2 tracts S Orange av w Belleville, $40 \times 125$....... ................... 2,50 Lovatt, Sarah-P Jury, Bank st, s s, 72 w Richmond, 20x100 Lyon, M N -C C Dawkins, Bloomfield ........ Mahoney, Jeremiah, et al-J Mahoney, White st. Moore, G'D G, trustee-C Gish, Belleville av..... Morgan, SA, by exr-A Ougheltree, 3d av, us,
250 e Summer av, $25 \times 125 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ Morneburg, John-W: Corper, wainut st, s s, 150 3,500 Nevins, Thomas-E W Williams, Reynolds ter6,719
900 Newton, San'l-J R Anderson, Magazine st........
O'Connell. Mary-T Montgomery, Tichenor st... Reeve, C H-W C Gison, S Orange. Scheerer Wm-P Dries, Belmont av Tichenor, L S, by exr-J Coyne, Evergreen pl, E Orange,
Tucker, B Wvan O M Flag, Milburn................... Tucker,
sts................................................ Van Loan, Eugene-H C Post, Franklin. .i.....
Ward, M S-I C Anderson, Woodland av, Bloomfoodruft, G D-E H Shelton, Grove st, EOrange 4,100 Weingarth, Charles-P Rauck, ittleton ar....... Wilkinson, George, recvr-J S Healy, Clinton av, Walter, Emma-M Walter, Broad st. mORTGAGES.
 Alden. M, Patrick-C M Decker, Cambridge st, 3.000
E Orange.... $\begin{array}{r}150 \\ \text { Bennett, E H-A Sillett, Pulaski st, E Orange } \\ 3,000\end{array}$ Coppinger, Patrick-J S Harrington, Newark.... $\quad 400$
Cadmus, James-J Perry, Litleton av..........
3,716 Same-Prudential Insurance Co, S 6 th st $\ldots$ 1,50 Conger, Theodore-Howard Savings Institution,
Roseville av...............................000 Elin, Elias-P W Roder, Tichenor st Ehre, Mathias-J Hartman, Crane st... Elverson, Emma-G Elverson, Garside st
Fallon, Michael-W H Areson, Montelai Fallon, Michael-W H Areson, Montclair........
Fountain, Joseph - Fireman's Insurance Co, Fountain,
Chestnut st... ............................... Gisch, Christian-Merchants Ins Co, Ogden st.. 1,
Same-G D G Moore, Belleville ave. Hackett, Michael-W E Cooper, Thomas st....... 250
Hoch Paul-M E Albey, Bay st Montclair. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Hoch, Paul-M E Albey, Bay st, Montelair........ } & 1,100 \\ \text { Hall, W H-Howard Sav Inst, Main st, Orange.. } 4,000\end{array}$ Same-G Deuman, Park av, E Orange....... 1,400
Hanley, Catharine-G P Kingsley, E Day st,
 Jury, Pauline-S Lovatt, Bank st. Jackes, Elizabeth-C Feigeuspan, Holland st.... 3,000 Maddock, F R-M C Heath, 14th av, 2 morts 1,800
 2,400
800
8 Mackin, Sarah-A Flintoft, s 18 th st. Meeker. Sam 'l-D Lawrence, Montclair Sandford, M J-R D Whitfield, Main st, Belleville Stevens, James-M D Freeman, Morris av........
Selzer, $\in$ M-Fireman's Ins Co, Walnut st...... 1 , Seymour, Mary-D MI Lyons, Nursery st....... 1.500
Shetion, E H-G D Woodruft. Grove st, E Orange 1,600 Stewart, JB-ME Stewart, Webster pl, Orange 2,000
Scharfenberg, Wm-T T Crane, Bloomfield av
 Vogel, Barbara-M Moret, Livingston $\leqslant$ t, Jo......
Wakefield, Joseph-Prudential Ins Co, JohnsG..
 West, Robert-J Mock, Garside st $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . .$.
Wenz, Chas-P Greissing, Quitman st.......... 1,6 chattel mortgages.
Edwards, Harrietta, 112 Mechanic-J Hague furniture
Grover, W S
11
Warrenture... Peter, 3i9 Bank-B J Quinn, butcher fixtures, \&c. ........................................... Mann, E M, E Orange-P Todd, horses, wagons. 185
McCarty, John, E Orange-E M Colie, horse wagon, \&c $\quad$........................... 121 McCluer, $G$ W, 97 Lafayette- C w Clayton, piano and furni ure...
Muray. M H, 166 Market P Hauck. saloon.... Price, W H, 35 Market-H A Price, horse, wagon
Teschke, Carl, 333 Elm st-C Feigenspan, saloon Teschke, Carl, 33 Elm st-C Feigenspan, saloon
Weiss, Hugo, 217 Bank-C Feigenspan, saloon Wescott, George, 159 Market-A Mead, carriage


## JUDGMENTS.

Frantzel, H H, exr-Old Ladies' Home
Johnson, Wm-L Johnsun
McEIvenny, David-W H W
McElvenny, David-W H Wacker
Mierson, C F and N H Dodd-L \& A L De Graff

Same-Mary King et al $\ldots$ al.
Shompson, O S Orange Nat Bank

121
125 125
, 000
434 434
200
130
7.5 460

HUDSON COUNTY.
onveyanoes.
Andrews, Hattie H-H Kiernan, Bayonne Bradley, E P-J Braden, Bayonne. ... Ho... Bridges, Serena L-J F Garrity, Harrison Broderick, Lawrence-H Gremaway, J Cit Bross, Josephine-Wilhelmina Winter, J City Carpenter, R L-E Vreeland, Bayonne Cavagnaro, Angelo-F Cuneo, J City Clark, C G-T Duffy, J City.
Clark, C G-J Crolly. J City
Same-R O'Brien, J City
Same- JFay, J City
Cowles, E S, and L J Jomergue-Blanche Dommergue, J City
Cuneo, Francesco Angelo Cavagnaro, J City Day, Edward, and Mary Fagan-Annie Te
Driscoll, Richard-J Bauer, J City
Dunn, J'F-A S Green, J City
Emmerich, Louis - H Nefer, Guttenberg
Flannagan; Margaret-Right Rev M M Wigger,
Gautier, J H-J T Keogh, Bayonne
Gautier, T P , et al, by sheriff-The Provident Institution for Savings, J City
Hadden, Margaret, Edward and Martha, by Harper, W H-Lera Van Vorst, Union Heritage, G W-C Warek, J City .......... Howell, G P-H Bennett, J City
Humphreys, solon-M Keating, Bayonne Jenkus, fancis-The Mayor and Aldermen of Johnson, Caroline w-The Inhabitants of Kear ney Township et al, Kearney ......
Konert, Minna-P Konert, W Hoboken
Konert, Paul-M Konert, W Hoboken.. Larz, Frederick-C F Fisher, J City Matthews, Mary E-F J Matthews, J City Matthiessen, Franz O-R Moller, et al, J City gensen, ${ }_{\text {Niese }}$ and ${ }_{\mathrm{W}}^{\mathrm{W}} \mathrm{R}$ Elmenhorst-The J City

$$
\text { Storage Co. J City.... } 1 \text { and ail the stock of second }
$$

Mcliveen, George - 1 and aill the stock
Same-same, J City
Morseles, T F, Jr-Harriet S Dudley, J City. heirs of Thomas Walsh-M Hanrahan, North

Nuss, Charles, Jr-H Walker, Guttenberg
Pairson, Margaret, widow of $G$ W-W Pairson Pester, Adolph-P Eirish, Hob
Pote, $G$ G-P Story, Bayonne
Pote, Q G-P Story, Bayonne
Prentice, Matilda A-Harriet S Dudiey, J City Reid, Jane-J Reid, Secaucus.
Rice, S M-Elizabeth E Darnstaedt, J City.
Roem, Adolph-F C Hausen, Union
Schlenker, Catharine-C Newman, North Bergen schoonmaker,
ship of Union
Schumm, Gottlieb and Christian, and Catharine Sipp, Christopher-J N Edwards, J City
Sipp, George same, J City...............
steinbrenner, Sophie-G Haupt, Guttenberg
Stringham, $J$ R
The Fifth Ward Savings Bank of J City-Ann
The Howard Savings Inst-Johanna Phelan,
The Warrison......... Presbyterian Church
Tise, SH, Jane R Dempsey, Sarah E Wasson,
Van Saun, J D-R S Wyatt, J City
Vreeland, Catharine W, et al, by sherif- The Vreeland, Anna E, et al, by sheriff- same Vreeland, JV B, et al, by sherifif-same, J City Winfield, Almeda-Ellen McDevitt, Bayonne. MORTGAGES.
Blank, Harriet-G H Lary, 5 years.... Bowles, Winifred-The People's Building \& Loan
Assoc, Harrison, installs...ille Building and Loan Assoc, Bayonne, installs. ...
Same-E $P$ Bradley, Bayonne,
Same-E EP Bradley, Bayonne, 1 year.
Cunnitr, Ann M-J F Woodmancy, 1 year
Dey, FR R The Franklin Savings Inst of Newar
Dommergue, Bianche $\mathrm{L}-\underset{\mathrm{A}}{ }$ Heyer, 3 years.
Doran, C J-M J Currie, 3 years. .
Folsom, Pr S-C Skillman, Bayonne, 2 morts,
Garett. David - The Provident Institution for Savings in City. 1 year
Greenaway, Henry-L Broderick, 7 years.
Same- same, 2 years
Gerlach, Pauline-J G Pickenbach, Hoboken, 3 Haupt, Catharine-L Emmerich, Guttenberg,
Hussa, Henrietta - The Phoenix Loan and Jewell, UC C J P Jewell
Jones. Mary-The Hudson Mutual Building and Loan Assoc, W Hoboken, installs. $\dddot{3}$........
Kappler, Josephine-B McKenny, N Bergen, 3
Kuneke, Charlotte- $F$ W Beekman, 3 years
Kuneke, Charlotte-Gautier, 2 morts, each $\$ 500,3$ Killoy, Lydia-The Phoenix Loan and Building Lauby, Magdalena-The Greenville Building and ek, 1 dolph-
Luck, Adoph-The A Fuller, 3 years. Loan Assoc, installs
McCoy, James-C Keegan, guard, Uuion, 5 yrs. McIntyre, Peter-J E Danielson, N Bergen, 3 yrs
Menzel, E R -The Paulus Hook Building and Mills, T D-The Bergen Mutual Building and Miller Willisoc No 2 , installs
Miller, William-A Steenken, zears
Mitchell, Elizabeth-Exr of $J$ Tonnele, 5 years Same-J J Van Wagener, 3 years

Murray, Ann-The Hoboken Bank for Savings in Jersey City, Hoboken, 2 years.......
Pairson, William-J E Andrus, 5 years Perry, Julia-Catharine Barkhorn, Kearney, 1 Bchneider, Henrietta D-S B Dod, trustee, Wee hawken, 3 years Strathman, Amalia-A Holthaussen, Union, Stringham, Winifred - The Bayonne Mutual Building and Loan Assoc, Bayonne, installs.
Ufer, Herman-L Emmerich, Guttenberg, 5 yrs.. Vain, B H
Van, Sau
Walter, Walter, William-M J Currie, 3 years. ...........
Winter, Wilhelmina and John-Josephine Bros


## chattel mortgages.

Bannon, J F, Bayonne-C Feigenspan, sa'oon. Bermeli, William-A Meyer, horse, wagon, \&c. Butler, Richard, Bayonne-C Schlisenget et al, Carey, Thomas and Elizabeth-G Vreeland, Chambers, William-D O'Farrell, furniture. Flintoff, Louisa-Hoos \& Schul2, furniture Flintoff, Louisa-Hoos \& Schul, furniture
Friedemann, Albert, Hoboken-Rubsam \& man, saloon..
Fuller, Elizabeth $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{J}$
J
Folsom, C S, Bayonne-C Skillman, cows, horses, Same- S Folsom, cows, horses, harness, Gilson, Harold-H Sell, horse, wagon, \&c. Same-Mary Burns, furniture.
Harington, Sarah A-Hoos \& Schulz, furniture. Heitmuller, Georze, Hoboken-Annie Bruns Phillips, J J-The James Cunningham, Son \& Co, Potetti, Natahe, West Hoboken-Hoos \& Schulz, Saunders, Henrietta F-Hoos \& Schulz, furni Seitz, Charles-w Peter, saloon.
Shaw, James, Harrison-P Hauck, saloon........ ${ }^{130}$
Thomas, Eliza J, Hoboken-M N Wolft, furniture bills of sale.
Forquer, John, Bayonne-J L Williams, horses,
Hess, Nelson-F Payne, horses, stage, piano, \&c.
Kidd, J S-G Thompson, grocery store fixtures.. Judgments.
Broeser, William-E Eisine
Clark, J J-C \& E Deiterich.
De Mott, EP-C H Delmater
De Mott, EP-C H Delmate
Harman, Mary-S Moos
Heitmann, George-W Hicks, N W-G. J Weber.
Marshall, W A-F B White..........
Tomlin, P J, exr of Mary A-B Crane
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Our flgures are based upon cargo or wholesale valumade for the natural additions on jobbing and retail parcels.
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Up Rivers
Haverstraw
Hollow Fire Clay Brick




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Croton and Croton P'ts-Brown ₹ M. $\$ 1000 @ 1300$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Croton } \\ \text { Crotom } & \text { do } \\ \text { do } & \text { do-Dark....... } & 1100 \\ \text { do-Red........ } & 1100 & 00 \\ @ 14 & 00 \\ @ 1400\end{array}$ Wilmington .................... Philadelphia, alongside pier Trenton,
Baltimore, on pier. Baltimore, moulded Yard prices 50c. per $\mathbf{~}$ added, $\$ 2$ per M. for Hard and $\$ 3$ per M. for North River front Brick. For delivery add 85 on Philadelphia, Trenton, and $\$ 5$ on Baltimore.

FIRE BRICK


#### Abstract

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 Roman........ Keene's coars.
$\$ 2500 @_{2500}^{030} 00$

$\begin{array}{ll}2700 & @_{35}^{35} \\ 30 \\ 37 & 00 \\ 37 & 00 \\ @ 45 & 00\end{array}$

| 3700 |
| :--- |
| 90 |
| 90 |
| 80 |
| 00 |
| $@ 850500$ |
| 085 |
| 00 |

The following special quotations are furnished agents of the brands, and they, not we, are responsible for the accuracy of the figures given
Portland Burham.
Lafarge. ... B. White \& Bro
Pr.rtland "Star "German.
Portland, Saylor's American
Portland, Saylor's American
Portland, Dyckerhoff
Portland, Gibbs \& Co

A. KLABER,

Steam Marble Works,
256,258 \& 260 E. 57 th Street,
At 2d Ave, Elevated R. R. Station. NEW YORK

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 Venetian Blind, Rolls from above o below as easily as an
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COST HOUSES," Cost HouskS, ", a large quarto pamphlet, showing also
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[^2]:    500

[^3]:    $\qquad$

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